Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

County of Imperial, California



County Auditor-Controller

County of Imperial Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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County Administration Center

940 Main Street, Suite 108 El Centro, California 92243 Telephone: 442-265-1299 Fax: 442-265-1296



AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

July 19, 2024

Citizens of the County of Imperial Honorable Board of Supervisors 940 Main Street El Centro, CA 92243

To the Citizens of the County of Imperial and Honorable Board Members:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the County of Imperial, California (the "County") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is submitted herewith in accordance with Section 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds and account groups, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a full understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

The County is also required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the County's organizational chart and a list of principal County officials. The financial section includes the Basic Financial Statements, as well as the Independent Auditor's Report on the financial statements and schedules.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The County of Imperial, located in Southern California, on the Mexican border, was established by an act of the State Legislature on August 7, 1907, forming the County from the eastern part of San Diego County. The County is a general law county divided in to five supervisorial districts on the basis of registered population. The County encompasses an area of over 4,597 square miles and includes 7 incorporated cities. The County ranks as one of the top ten agricultural counties in California. It is ranked 31 of 58 counties in terms of population.

The County provides a wide range of services to its residents including law enforcement, medical and health services, education, senior citizen assistance, roads, library services, judicial institutions including support services, airport service, cultural and environmental services, parks and a variety of public assistance programs. Special districts and County service areas provide services to remote geographical areas and communities. These services include fire protection, parks, flood control, water, sewer, street lighting and roads.

The accompanying Basic Financial Statements include all organizations, functions and activities of the County for which the County Board of Supervisors is financially accountable. Also included are numerous self-governed school and special districts for which the County acts as depository. The financial reporting for these entities, which are governed and act independently of the County of Imperial, is limited to reporting, as Custodial Funds, the total amount of cash and investments and other assets collected for, disbursed by, and held for, these entities.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The County's internal accounting control system exists to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss or unauthorized disposition and to provide reliable records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The County's internal audit staff actively participates in evaluating and upgrading the internal accounting control system.

As a recipient of Federal and State financial assistance, the County also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to public assistance programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal audit staff.

The County uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for its Governmental Funds. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance operations of the year. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred except for interest on long-term obligations, which is recognized when payment is due. The accrual basis of accounting is used for all Proprietary Funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and become measurable and expenses are recorded when they are incurred.

The objective of budgetary control is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the County's Board of Supervisors. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, the County Service Areas Debt Service Funds and certain Capital Project Funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained at the expenditure object level. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control; purchase orders and contracts are reviewed and a determination is made that valid and sufficient appropriations exist for payment for ordered goods and services. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at that time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures.

<u>General Government Functions</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all activities of a general nature including administration, legislation, public protection, health and welfare, parks and recreation.

Proprietary Operations - Proprietary Funds are used to account for internal service and enterprise activities.

Internal Service Funds include the County's motor vehicle fleet, central duplicating and various insurance loss reserves. The intent is for these functions to operate on a cost recovery basis and provide funds for the replacement of assets. Operating deficits will be recovered through increased charges in subsequent years.

Enterprise Funds consist chiefly of Imperial Airport, The State Transit Program, Landfill Closure/Post closure fund and Sanitation fund. These are funded by user charges; deficiencies as a result of operations should be recovered through increased charges in subsequent years.

<u>Fiduciary Operations</u> - The County maintains a significant number of funds to carry out its fiduciary responsibilities. These include funds for school districts, autonomous special districts and taxes.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

State statutes require an annual audit by a Certified Public Accountant. The firm of Eide Bailly LLP has audited the County's financial statements. In addition to meeting the requirements of State law, the audit was also designed to comply with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The independent auditor's report on the financial statement is included in these financial statements.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I wish to express my appreciation to the entire Auditor/Controller staff, the County departments which participated and our independent auditors, Eide Bailly LLP, for their assistance in the report preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

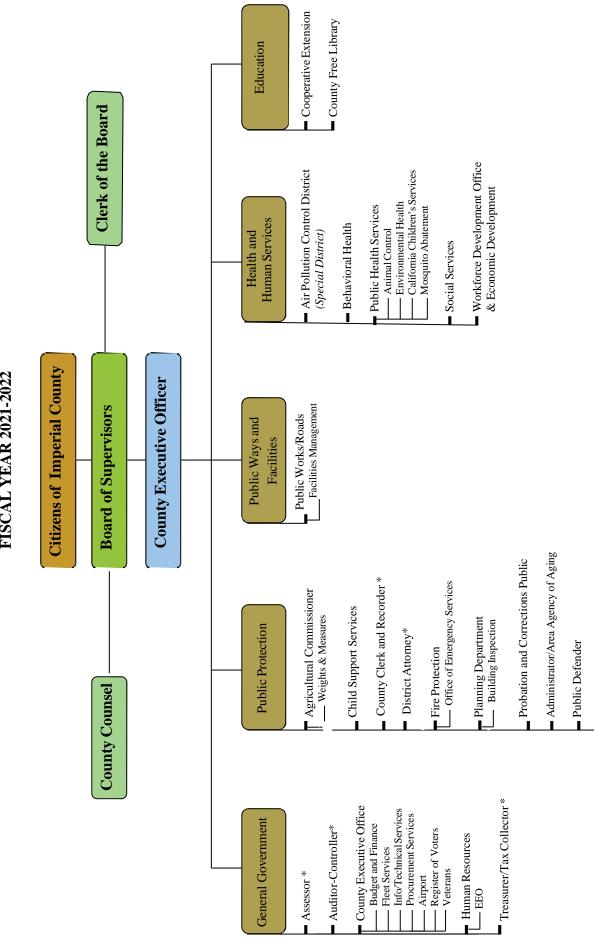
Karina B Alvarez, CPA Auditor-Controller

COUNTY OF IMPERIAL

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART







Sheriff Coroner *

Directory of Public Officials

(as of 5/6/24)

Elected Officials

Supervisor 1st District Supervisor 2nd District Supervisor 3rd District Supervisor 4th District Supervisor 5th District Judge, Superior Court Dept. 1 Judge, Superior Court Dept. 2 Judge, Superior Court Dept. 3 Judge, Superior Court Dept. 4 Judge, Superior Court Dept. 5 Judge, Superior Court Dept. 7 Judge, Superior Court Dept. 8 Judge, Superior Court Dept. 9 Judge, Superior Court Brawley Judge, Superior Court Brawley Commissioner Referee, Traffic Judge, Juvenile Court Assessor Auditor-Controller Clerk-Recorder **District Attorney** Sheriff-Coroner Treasurer-Tax Collector

Jesus E. Escobar Luis A. Plancarte Michael W. Kelley Ryan E. Kelley John Hawk Poli Flores Jr. Christopher J. Plourd Marco D. Nunez Michael Domenzain Eran M. Bermudez Jeffery B. Jones William D. Quan **Brooks Anderholt** William D. Lehman Monica Lepe-Negrete Kris Becker Martin Gonzalez William D. Lehman Robert Menvielle Karina B. Alvarez Chuck Storev George Marquez Federico Miramontes Suzanne C. Bermudez

General Government General Government Public Protection Public Protection General Government

Appointed Officials

Agricultural Commissioner Air Pollution Control Officer **Behavioral Health Child Support Services** Clerk of the Board **County Executive Officer Cooperative Extension County Counsel** County Free Library Court Executive Officer/Jury Commissioner Fire Protection/Emergency Services Health Services/Animal Control/EHS/EMS Human Resources and Risk Management Workforce & Economic Development Planning/ Building Probation/Receiving Home/Juvenile Hall Public Administrator Public Defender Public Works/ Parks **Registrar of Voters** Social Services/ Receiving Home BJMKH

Jolene Dessert Belen Leon-Lopez Leticia Plancarte-Garcia Liza Barraza Blanca Acosta Miguel Figueroa Dr. Oli G. Bachie Eric R. Havens Mary Jane Guerrero Maria Rhinehart Chief Lantzer Janette Angulo Rodolfo Aguayo Priscilla Lopez Jim Minnick Dan Prince Sarah M. Enz Benjamin Salorio John Gay Linsey Dale Paula Llanas

Public Protection **Public Protection** Health and Sanitation Public Assistance General Government General Government Education General Government Education Public Protection Public Protection Health and Sanitation General Government **Public Assistance** Public Protection **Public Protection Public Protection** Public Protection **Public Ways/Facilities** General Government Public Assistance

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Imperial, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Imperial, California (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Children and Families First Commission (Commission), or the financial statements of the Imperial County Employees' Retirement System Pension Trust Fund (Pension Trust) which collectively represent the following percentages of assets, net position/fund balance, and revenues of the following opinion unit as of June 30, 2022:

		Net Position/	
Opinion Unit	Assets	Fund Balance	Revenues
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	51.92%	56.72%	2.38%
Discretely Presented Component Unit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Commission and Pension Trust, are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Imperial, California Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, *Leases* during the year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Correction of Error

As discussed in Note 17, the County has restated its beginning net position/fund balance of the government-wide governmental activities and the governmental funds, in order to correct the previously reported financial statements as of the year ended June 30, 2021. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Imperial, California Page 3

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedules of Contributions – Pension, Schedules of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and Schedule of Contributions – OPEB, Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Non-major Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Non-Major Fund Financial Statements and Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Imperial, California Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 19, 2024, on our consideration of County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Pur Group, UP

Santa Ana, California July 19, 2024

County of Imperial Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the County of Imperial (the "County") provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole. Users of these financial statements should read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's basic financial statements following this section to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County at the close of the 2021-2022 fiscal year by \$131.7 million (*Net Position*). Of this amount \$174.7 million (*Restricted Net Position*) is restricted for the County's ongoing obligations with external restrictions. The County reported an Unrestricted Net Position (deficit) of \$452.6 million at June 30, 2022.
- The County's net position increased by \$37.1 million during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$33.4 million. Business-type activities net position increased by \$3.7 million.
- As of June 30, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported total ending fund balances of \$181.1 million, an increase of \$9.2 million or 5.4% in comparison with the prior year. See further discussion in Financial Analysis of the County's Funds on pages 10-11.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. These statements are organized so that readers can understand the County as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements; 2) Fund financial statements; and 3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event takes place regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, some revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash inflows and outflows in future fiscal years.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities distinguishes between activities that are primarily financed with taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and those that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business-type activities). The County's governmental activities include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation and public assistance and special district. The business-type activities of the County include the operation of the Imperial Airport, Landfill Closure and Sanitation cost and other County Service Areas (CSAs).

Component units are included in our basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the County or provide services entirely to the County. An example of the County's blended component unit is the Imperial County Employees' Retirement System (ICERS). The Children and Families First Commission (the Commission) is reported as a discretely presented component unit, because there is some financial accountability by the Commission to the County Board.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 18-21 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the County as a whole. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity designated to report information about groupings of related accounts, which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions, or limitations. All of the County's funds are divided into three broad categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are similar in nature to the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be use in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements and available resources.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. This will allow readers to get a better understanding of the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports five major individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each of the major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements located in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules*.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 25-32 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds are reported in two ways: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are reported as functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the Imperial Airport, Landfills, Sanitation and other County Service Areas (CSAs) operations. Internal service funds are used to account for costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses the following internal service funds: Garage, Centralized Mail, Flood Control, Communications Services, Liability Insurance, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Unemployment Insurance, Health and Dental/Vision Benefits, Medical Malpractice, Auto Liability, Information Systems Case Management Systems and a Clearing /Revolving Fund. Because such functions predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Imperial Airport, and Sanitation. These funds are considered major funds of the County. All other enterprise funds have been combined into a single aggregated column for presentation. Internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 33-39 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the county government. Although these funds are presented in the fund set of statements, they do not appear in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 41-44 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements are presented on pages 45-103 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$131.7 million at the close of the current fiscal year.

The County's net position net investment in capital assets of \$134.9 million reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, structures and improvements, infrastructure, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's restricted net position of \$186.1 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The major portion of the restricted net position is constrained for debt repayment and landfill closure costs. The County's unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$452.6 million represents the remaining balance.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The following table reflects the Summary of Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 with comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Prior year numbers have not been adjusted for restatement.

Statement of Net Position

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

(in thousands of dollars)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Assets:								
Current assets and other assets	\$ 431,531	\$ 387,295	\$ (12,299)	\$ (13,103)	\$ 419,232	\$ 374,192		
Capital assets	161,278	127,561	9,149	7,519	170,427	135,080		
Total assets	592,809	514,856	(3,150)	(5,584)	589,659	509,272		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Related to pension/OPEB	116,954	156,751	408	515	117,362	157,266		
Total deferred outflows								
ofresources	116,954	156,751	408	515	117,362	157,266		
Liabilities								
Current and other liabilities	189,229	122,456	81	104	189,310	122,560		
Non-current liabilities	421,139	562,146	35,623	57,816	456,762	619,962		
Total liabilities	610,368	684,602	35,704	57,920	646,072	742,522		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Related to leases	80	-	496	-	576	-		
Related to pension/OPEB	191,338	96,046	685	315	192,023	96,361		
Total deferred inflows								
ofresources	191,418	96,046	1,181	315	192,599	96,361		
Net Position (Deficit):								
Net investment in capital assets	125,730	125,860	9,149	7,519	134,879	133,379		
Restricted	174,670	182,517	11,398	-	186,068	182,517		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(392,423)	(417,418)	(60,174)	(70,823)	(452,597)	(488,241)		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (92,023)	\$ (109,041)	\$ (39,627)	\$ (63,304)	\$ (131,650)	\$ (172,345)		

Total assets increased by \$80.4 million or 15.8%, from \$509.2 million at June 30, 2021 to \$589.7 million at June 30, 2022. Total deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$39.9 million or 25.4%, from \$157.3 million at June 30, 2021 to \$117.4 million at June 30, 2022, primarily as a result of changes in the actuarially determined measurements for County's Pension and OPEB plans.

Total liabilities decreased by \$96.4 million or 13.0%, from \$742.5 million at June 30, 2021 to \$646.1 million at June 30, 2022, primarily as a result a decrease in the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. Total deferred inflows of resources increased by \$96.2 million or 99.9%, from \$96.4 million at June 30, 2021 to \$192.6 million at June 30, 2022, primarily as a result of changes in the actuarially determined measurements for County's Pension and OPEB plans.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The following table reflects the Summary of Activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 with comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Prior year numbers have not been adjusted for restatement.

Statement of Activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

(in thousands of dollars)

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 67,213	\$ 52,549	\$ 5,536	\$ 2,729	\$ 72,749	\$ 55,278	
Operating contributions and grants	301,479	304,588	23	-	301,502	304,588	
Capital grants and contributions	18,776	12,473	-	-	18,776	12,473	
Total program revenues	387,468	369,610	5,559	2,729	393,027	372,339	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	27,610	26,359	-	-	27,610	26,359	
Property tax in-lieu	23,937	23,338	-	-	23,937	23,338	
Sales tax	6,669	18,227	-	-	6,669	18,227	
Franchise tax	318	258	-	-	318	258	
Federal in-lieu taxes	3,355	3,215	-	-	3,355	3,215	
Investment income (loss)	(5,455)	1,921	642	319	(4,813)	2,240	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(1,045)	574	-	-	(1,045)	574	
Other revenue	4,639	6,597	-	86	4,639	6,683	
Total general revenues	60,028	80,489	642	405	60,670	80,894	
Total revenues	447,496	450,099	6,201	3,134	453,697	453,233	
Expenses:							
General government	45,552	56,866	-	-	45,552	56,866	
Public protection	105,236	109,068	-	-	105,236	109,068	
Health and sanitation	90,542	49,367	-	-	90,542	49,367	
Public assistace	151,884	196,620	-	-	151,884	196,620	
Special districts	294	583	-	-	294	583	
Public ways and facilities	17,495	17,991	-	-	17,495	17,991	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,322	1,629	-	-	2,322	1,629	
Sanitation	-	-	1,784	23,228	1,784	23,228	
Airports	-	-	1,491	1,079	1,491	1,079	
County transit administrative program	-	-		15	-	15	
Total expenses	413,325	432,124	3,275	24,322	416,600	456,446	
Changes in net position before transfers	34,171	17,975	2,926	(21,188)	37,097	(3,213)	
Transfers	(818)	(3,000)	818	3,000	-	-	
Change in net position	33,353	14,975	3,744	(18,188)	37,097	(3,213)	
Net position (deficit), beginning, as restated	(125,376)	(124,016)	(43,371)	(45,116)	(168,747)	(169,132)	
Net position (deficit), ending	\$ (92,023)	\$ (109,041)	\$ (39,627)	\$ (63,304)	\$ (131,650)	\$ (172,345)	

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$33.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2022. Key elements of this decrease include:

- Total revenue for the County's governmental activities decreased by \$2.6 million or 0.6%.
- The County's long-term debt decreased by \$8.6 million or 13.4%.
- As an arm of the state government, operating grants and contributions serve multiple programs, representing 67.4% of the County's total revenue for governmental activities; and are tied to mandated services such as public assistance, health, and mental health. These revenue sources decreased by \$3.1 million or 1.0% over the prior year primarily due to decreased funding related to state mandated programs.
- Taxes and investment earnings that are generated locally provide the Board of Supervisors (Board) with most of its discretionary spending power. Property taxes and property tax in-lieu increased \$1.8 million or 3.7% due to property tax shift required by State to the school districts and increase in assessed property values throughout the County.
- Total expenses for governmental activities decreased by \$18.8 million or 4.4% which included decreases in several major functions. The most significant decrease was in general government by \$11.3 million or 19.9%. There were offsetting changes in the public assistance function and health and sanitation function due to reclassification of certain functional expenses between the two functions. The decrease in expenses for two functions combined was \$3.6 million or 1.4% for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities' net position decreased by \$5.5 million or 130.4%. The main reason for this is a decrease in sanitation expense in the amount of \$5.5 million or 92.32%, from \$43.4 million at June 30, 2021, as restated, to \$37.8 million at June 30, 2022.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2022, The County's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$181.1 million, an increase of \$9.2 million or 5.22% in comparison with the prior year. The components of the total fund balance are as follows (for more information see Note 15 – Fund Balance Classification):

• *Nonspendable Fund Balance*, \$27.5 million, are amounts that are not spendable in form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact and are made up of prepaid items and inventories.

County of Imperial Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- *Restricted Fund Balance*, \$165.6 million, consist of amounts with constraints put on their use by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation. Examples of restrictions on those funds consist of program funds of \$20.8 million, public benefit fees of \$18.0 million, public health and environmental health funds of \$17.9 million, local health authority funds of \$13.1 million, measure D-LTA road funds of \$12.8 million, medical/CMSP of \$11.2 million, road maintenance-rehabilitation of \$16.4 million, and various other restricted funds less than \$7.0 million.
- *Committed Fund Balance*, \$4.4 million consists of amounts for specific purposes determined by the County Board of Supervisors relating to the County's general reserves.
- Assigned Fund Balance, \$4.3 million, represents amounts that have been set aside and are intended to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed, and consists of \$4.3 million set aside for the endowment operating fund, encumbrances, and revenue stabilization reserve.
- Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit), \$20.8 million, represents the available balance to meet the County's current and future needs. The deficit is expected to be eliminated by future grant revenues, intergovernmental and charges for services.

The County's management may also designate unassigned fund balance to a particular function, project, or activity; however, designated fund balance is available for appropriations at any time.

Governmental Fund revenues decreased \$5.9 million or 1.3%, from \$451.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2021 to \$445.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2022. The largest decrease in revenues was in taxes, which decreased by \$10.6 million or 23.5% primarily reclassification of certain State apportionments for public safety from tax revenues to intergovernmental revenue (\$13.7 million). Governmental Fund expenditures increased \$9.9 million or 2.3%, from \$426.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2021 to \$436.8 million for the year ended June 30, 2022. The largest increase occurred in Health and Sanitation, which increased 94.88%.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund provides similar information to the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The net position (deficit) of the enterprise funds decreased by \$3.8 million or 8.6%, from \$43.4 million at June 30, 2021 to \$39.6 million at June 30, 2022, primarily due to an increase in operating revenues of \$2.7 million or 49.5%. In addition, a prior year adjustment of \$19.9 million was required to correct improperly accrued landfill corrective action costs liability.

The net position of the internal service funds increased by \$5.7 million or 33.5%, from \$16.9 million at June 30, 2021 to \$22.6 million at June 30, 2022 as a result of the revenues from providing services to other County funds exceeding the costs to provide the services.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in a \$3.8 million increase in appropriations that is briefly summarized as follows:

- \$2.0 million increase in the County's general government appropriations was the result of an increase in legislative and administration, as well as personnel costs.
- \$2.7 million decrease in the County's public protection appropriations was the result of a decrease in judicial, detention and correction, and other protection costs.
- \$4.5 million increase in the County's capital outlay appropriations was the result of an increase in the costs of the County's capital projects.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2022, the County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$170.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). The investments in capital assets are comprised of land, infrastructure, structures and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress.

	F	lisca	l Year En	ded	June 30					
		(in	thousands	ofdo	llars)					
	 Governmen	ntal A	ctivities	В	usiness-t	ype A	Activities]	[otal	
	 2022		2021		2022		2021	 2022		2021
Non-depreciable assets:										
Land	\$ 4,610	\$	4,611	\$	685	\$	685	\$ 5,295	\$	5,296
Construction in progress	 25,941		23,112		-		-	 25,941		23,112
Total	 30,551		27,723		685		685	 31,236		28,408
Depreciable assets, net:										
Infrastructure	27,636		30,958		-		-	27,636		30,958
Structures and improvements	64,795		66,675		8,330		6,623	73,125		73,298
Vehicles	2,070		2,071		-		-	2,070		2,071
Furniture and equipment	 7,261		6,860		134		211	 7,395		7,071
Total depreciable assets, net	 101,762		106,564		8,464		6,834	110,226		113,398
Lease assets, net	 28,965		35,137		-		-	 28,965		35,137
Total capital assets	\$ 161,278	\$	169,424	\$	9,149	\$	7,519	\$ 170,427	\$	176,943

Captial Assets Fiscal Year Ended June 30

The major capital events during the current fiscal year include the following:

• A variety of construction and rehabilitation projects started during the current fiscal year: road paving projects and several others remodeling projects.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$55.2 million. This amount is comprised of finance purchase agreements (\$1.2 million), pension obligation bonds (\$19.7 million), certificates of participation (\$5.2 million), and lease liability (\$29.1 million).

Long-Term Debt

				2018 101		• • • •						
		F	lisca	d Year En	de d	June 30						
			(i	n thousands	ofdo	ollars)						
	(Governmer	ital A	Activities	B	Business-ty	pe A	Activities]	Fotal	
												2021
Long-Term Debt:												
Finance purchase agreements	\$	1,234	\$	1,701	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,234	\$	1,701
2002 Pension Funding Bonds		19,695		21,325		-		-		19,695		21,325
2010 Certificates of Participation		5,195		5,655		-		-		5,195		5,655
Lease liability		29,119		35,137		-		-		29,119		35,137
Total long-term debt	\$	55,243	\$	63,818	\$	-	\$		\$	55,243	\$	63,818

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County currently faces a less than favorable economic environment. Due to the County being heavily dependent on agriculture, it experiences chronically high unemployment, which puts pressure on the County to provide social and medical services.

The County's general revenues, sometimes referred to as discretionary revenues, continue to experience little to no growth. At the same time, the portion of the County's budget that rely on these revenues continue to experience increased costs due to cost of living and medical insurance increases.

The State's budget cuts for local governments remain the major determining factors in determining the County's budget for fiscal year 2022-23 and beyond, as the County is again required to contribute property tax revenues to the State budget in 2022-23. The State has historically reduced city and county revenues in order to help balance their own budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Karina B Alvarez, CPA, Imperial County Auditor-Controller, 940 Main Street, Suite 108, El Centro, California, 92243, (442) 265-1299 or visit the website at www.co.imperial.ca.us.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

County of Imperial Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

			Primary	y Government			Comp	onent Unit
ASSETS		vernmental		iness-Type ctivities		Total	Fam	ldren and ilies First nmission
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	349,018	\$	1.099	\$	350,117	\$	5,655
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ		Φ	11,398	Ψ	11,398	Ψ	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		7,247		-		7,247		-
Deposits with others		619		-		619		-
Accounts receivable, net		25,409		-		25,409		241
Interest receivable		4,702		28		4,730		13
Taxes receivable		666		-		666		-
Lease receivable - due within one year		40		104		144		-
Inventories and prepaid items		3,082		-		3,082		-
Internal balances		25,327		(25,327)		-		-
Total current assets		416,110		(12,698)		403,412		5,909
Noncurrent assets:								
Lease receivable - due in more than one year		10		399		409		-
Loans receivable		15,411		-		15,411		-
Capital assets:								
Non-depreciable/amortizable		30,551		685		31,236		-
Depreciable/amortizable, net		130,727		8,464		139,191		-
Total capital assets, net		161,278		9,149		170,427		-
Total noncurrent assets		176,699		9,548		186,247		-
Total assets		592,809		(3,150)		589,659		5,909
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Related to OPEB		27,889		100		27,989		-
Related to pensions		89,065		308	_	89,373		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		116,954		408		117,362		-

County of Imperial Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		Primary Government		Component Unit
Claims liability - due in more than one year Total OPEB liability Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to leases	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Children and Families First Commission
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	15,098	23	15,121	4
Accrued payroll	8,619	31	8,650	29
Deposits payable	3,672	-	3,672	-
Interest payable	445	-	445	-
Unearned revenue	142,188	-	142,188	-
· · · ·	1,993	4	1,997	33
	10,316	-	10,316	-
	-	23	23	-
Claims liability - due within one year	6,898	-	6,898	
Total current liabilities	189,229	81	189,310	66
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	15,061	30	15,091	-
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	44,927	-	44,927	-
Accrued closure/postclosure - due in more than one year	-	33,788	33,788	-
Claims liability - due in more than one year	32,758	-	32,758	-
Total OPEB liability	303,004	1,562	304,566	-
Net pension liability	25,389	243	25,632	
Total noncurrent liabilities	421,139	35,623	456,762	
Total liabilities	610,368	35,704	646,072	66
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to leases	80	496	576	-
Related to OPEB	58,110	208	58,318	-
Related to pensions	133,228	477	133,705	
Total deferred inflows of resources	191,418	1,181	192,599	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	125,730	9,149	134,879	-
Restricted	174,670	11,398	186,068	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(392,423)	(60,174)	(452,597)	5,843
Total net position	\$ (92,023)	\$ (39,627)	\$ (131,650)	\$ 5,843

County of Imperial Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

						Program	Revent	ues		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Total
Primary government:		_								
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	45,552	\$	34,006	\$	29,297	\$	-	\$	63,303
Public protection		105,236		7,162		25,206		-		32,368
Health and sanitation		90,542		12,305		91,297		-		103,602
Public assistace		151,884		10,932		151,426		-		162,358
Special districts		294		991		-		-		991
Public ways and facilities		17,495		1,817		4,253		18,776		24,846
Interest and fiscal charges		2,322		-		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		413,325		67,213		301,479		18,776		387,468
Business-type activities:										
Sanitation		1,784		3,846		-		-		3,846
Imperal airport		1,491		1,685		23		-		1,708
Holtville airport		-		5		-		-		5
Total business-type activities		3,275		5,536		23		-		5,559
Total primary government	\$	416,600	\$	72,749	\$	301,502	\$	18,776	\$	393,027
Component unit:										
Children and Families First Commission	\$	2,016	\$	-	\$	2,201	\$	-	\$	2,201
Total component unit	\$	2,016	\$	-	\$	2,201	\$	-	\$	2,201

County of Imperial Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Net (Expense) Revenue			
	and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit Children and Families First Commission
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 17,751	\$ -	\$ 17,751	\$ -
Public protection	(72,868)	-	(72,868)	-
Health and sanitation	13,060	-	13,060	-
Public assistace	10,474	-	10,474	-
Special districts	697	-	697	-
Public ways and facilities	7,351	-	7,351	-
Interest and fiscal charges	(2,322)		(2,322)	-
Total governmental activities	(25,857)		(25,857)	
Business-type activities:				
Sanitation	-	2,062	2,062	-
Imperal airport	-	217	217	-
Holtville airport		5	5	-
Total business-type activities	-	2,284	2,284	
Total primary government	(25,857)	2,284	(23,573)	
Component unit:				
Children and Families First Commission	-	-		185
Total component unit				185
General Revenues and Transfers:				
General revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property tax	27,610	-	27,610	-
Property tax in-lieu	23,937	-	23,937	-
Sales tax	6,669	-	6,669	-
Franchise tax	318	-	318	-
Federal in-lieu taxes	3,355	-	3,355	
Total taxes	61,889	-	61,889	-
Other revenue	4,639	-	4,639	-
Investment income (loss)	(5,455)	642	(4,813)	39
Loss on sale of capital assets	(1,045)	-	(1,045)	6
Transfers	(818)	818		-
Total general revenues and transfers	59,210	1,460	60,670	45
Change in net position	33,353	3,744	37,097	230
Net Position (Deficit):				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	(125,376)	(43,371)	(168,747)	5,613
End of year	\$ (92,023)	\$ (39,627)	\$ (131,650)	\$ 5,843

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Governmental Funds Financial Statements

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes activities such as general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, and education.

Behavioral Health Proposition #63 Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to provide the ability to monitor State allocation funds, separate and apart from other funding sources. The Behavioral Health Proposition #63 revenues are restricted for mental health services.

1911 Realignment Special Revenue Fund - Realignment is the shifting of responsibility and funding for a number of public services from the state to local government. Revenues are derived from percentages of state sales tax and vehicle license fees.

Social Services Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to provide separate fund accountability for the Social Services department. Social Services assists with Imperial Valley Continuum of Care, Aging and Disability Services, Transitional Services, and Children and Family Services. The Social Services Fund accounts for federal and state grant revenues that are restricted for specific services.

American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund - This fund was established to account for the American Rescue Plan Act grant.

Behavioral Health Services Special Revenue Fund - This contains the community Mental Health portion of the County's total Mental Health program. Various community programs are funded within this budget including inpatient, outpatient, partial day, diagnostic evaluations, children services, aftercare, conservatorship services, continuing care, community client contact, mental health promotion, and social service. Following is a list of the programs and services provided: Administration, Community Services, Continuing Care Program, 24-Hour Care, Outpatient Care, Day-Care Treatment, Aftercare/Conservatorship, and Children's Service.

County of Imperial Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

				Major	Funds			
		General Fund	Prop	havorial Health osition #63 Fund	Rea	1911 alignment Fund	Social Services Fund	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	15,506	\$	23,104	\$	35,961	\$	964
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		7,247		-		-		-
Deposits with others		-		-		-		-
Receivables:								
Accounts, net		2,692		-		-		6
Interest		158		5		-		7
Loans		-		-		-		-
Taxes		544		-		-		-
Lease		50		-		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		288		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		25,325		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	51,810	\$	23,109	\$	35,961	\$	977
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,147	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,226
Accrued payroll		3,381		-		-		1,519
Interest payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		10,998		23,109		35,961		-
Total liabilities		15,526		23,109		35,961		2,745
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue		1,367		-		-		-
Related to leases		80		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,447		-		-		_
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		24,712		-		-		-
Restricted		1,371		-		-		-
Committed		4,448		-		-		-
Assigned		4,306		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)								(1,768)
Total fund balances		34,837		-		-		(1,768)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	¢	51.010	¢	22 100	¢	25.071	¢	077
resources, and fund balances	\$	51,810	\$	23,109	\$	35,961	\$	977

County of Imperial Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Major	Funds				
	american Rescue Plan Act Fund		ehavorial Health Services Fund	on-major vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 22,656	\$	-	\$ 205,684	\$	303,875
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-		-	-		7,247
Deposits with others	-		-	619		619
Receivables:						
Accounts, net	-		5,080	17,631		25,409
Interest	24		6	4,358		4,558
Loans	-		-	15,411		15,411
Taxes	-		-	122		666
Lease	-		-	-		50
Inventories and prepaid items Advances to other funds	-		41	2,723		3,052 25,325
Total assets	\$ 22,680	\$	5,127	\$ 246,548	\$	386,212
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	1,004	\$ 6,040	\$	9,417
Accrued payroll	-		1,118	2,476		8,494
Interest payable	-		-	29		29
Due to other funds	-		1,373	26,664		28,037
Advances from other funds	-		-	-		-
Deposits payable	-		-	3,672		3,672
Unearned revenues	 22,680		-	 49,440		142,188
Total liabilities	 22,680		3,495	 88,321		191,837
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	-		-	11,846		13,213
Related to leases	-		-	-		80
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -		-	 11,846		13,293
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	-		41	2,723		27,476
Restricted	-		1,591	162,648		165,610
Committed	-		-	-		4,448
Assigned	-		-	-		4,306
Unassigned (deficit)	 -		-	 (18,990)		(20,758)
Total fund balances	 -		1,632	146,381		181,082
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 22,680	\$	5,127	\$ 246,548	\$	386,212

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County of Imperial Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

June 30, 2022 (in thousands)		
Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	181,082
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:		
Unavailable revenues reported on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.		13,213
Capital Assets used in the governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		161,278
Less: capital assets reported in Internal Service Funds		(1,075)
Total capital assets		160,203
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Compensated absences - due within one year		(1,993)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		(15,061)
Long-term debt - due within one year		(10,316)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		(44,927)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		
Compensated absences - due within one year		19
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		143
Long-term debt - due within one year		70
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		162
Total long-term liabilities		(71,903)
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(414)
Aggregate net pension liability and total OPEB liability used in the governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		<i></i>
Total OPEB liability Net pension liability Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		(303,004) (25,389)
Total OPEB liability Net pension liability		4,457 394
Total OPEB/pension liability		(323,542)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are not available for current period and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		27,889
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		89,065
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		(102)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		(403)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(1,242)
Total deferred outflows of resources		115,309
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are not available for current period and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(58,110) (133,228)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:		(155,220)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		840
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,925
Total deferred inflows of resources		(188,573)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet management, risk management, information		
technology, and building maintenance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are		
included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		22,602
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$	(92,023)
	¥	(22,023)

See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

County of Imperial Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

			Ν	Aajor Fu	ınds			
			Behavorial	5				
		General Fund	Health Proposition #6 Fund	63	1911 Realignment Fund		Social Services Fund	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	29,296	\$	- 9		\$	-	
Licenses, permits and fees		1,357		-	-		-	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		5,239		-	-		-	
Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental		(851) 53,590		-	-		(63) 102,092	
Charges for current services		24,213		-	-		102,092	
Other revenue		1,640		_	_		37	
Total revenues		114,484			-	- <u> </u>	102,221	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		24,933		-	-		-	
Public protection		72,831		-	-		-	
Health and sanitation		-		-	-		-	
Public assistace		4,141		-	-		112,646	
Special districts		-		-	-		-	
Public ways and facilities		-		-	-		-	
Capital outlay		3,530		-	-		-	
Debt service:								
Principal		1,415		-	-		486	
Interest and fiscal charges		72			-		20	
Total expenditures		106,922			-		113,152	
REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		7,562			-		(10,931)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Inception of lease liability		1,775		-	-		-	
Transfers in		-		-	-		9,098	
Transfers out		(9,766)	-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,991)			-		9,098	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(429)		-	-		(1,833)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		35,266		-	-		65	
End of year	\$	34,837	\$	- 3	- 5	\$	(1,768)	

County of Imperial Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Maior	Funds			
	American	Behavorial			
	Rescue	Health	Non-major	Total	
	Plan Act	Services	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,982	\$ 34,278	
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	3,287	4,644	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	513	5,752	
Investment income (loss)	(581)	91	(1,279)	(2,683)	
Intergovernmental	6,338	46,848	133,052	341,920	
Charges for current services	-	3,608	29,044	57,020	
Other revenue	-	26	2,563	4,266	
Total revenues	5,757	50,573	172,162	445,197	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	5,860	-	4,482	35,275	
Public protection	-	-	37,806	110,637	
Health and sanitation	-	43,309	52,525	95,834	
Public assistace	-	-	39,097	155,884	
Special districts Public ways and facilities	-	-	438 17,303	438 17,303	
Capital outlay	-	83	5,419	9,032	
Debt service:	-	85	5,419	9,052	
Principal	-	1,593	6,914	10,408	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	121	1,690	1,903	
Total expenditures	5,860	45,106	165,674	436,714	
	i		<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(103)	5,467	6,488	8,483	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(103)	5,407	0,400	0,403	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Inception of lease liability	-	-	-	1,775	
Transfers in	-	-	3,144	12,242	
Transfers out			(3,514)	(13,280)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(370)	737	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(103)	5,467	6,118	9,220	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	103	(3,835)	140,263	171,862	
End of year	\$ -	\$ 1,632	\$ 146,381	\$ 181,082	

County of Imperial Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 9,220
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expenses. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period (net of \$318 added in internal service funds) (\$1,006 of the governmental fund capital outlay balance were for repairs and maintenance expenditures).	9,032
Depreciation and amortization expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation and amortization expense, net of internal service funds of \$625, was not reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds.	(15,767)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) decreased net position (net of \$8 in net capital asset retirements in internal service funds).	(1,096)
Issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance increased long- term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Lease liability	(1,775)
Repayment of long-term liabilities was an expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal payment of long-term debt	10,408
Interest expense on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. This amount represented the changes in accrued interest from prior year.	(414)
Compensated absences expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, net of \$62 in internal service funds.	2,935
Revenues in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	5,031
Certain pension expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in pension related deferred outflows of resources, net of \$531 in internal service funds	(33,330)
Changes in net pension liabilities, net of \$2,329 in internal service funds Changes in pension related deferred inflows of resources, net of \$1,547 in internal service funds	158,882 (105,470)
Certain OPEB expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Changes in OPEB related deferred outflows of resources, net of \$85 in internal service funds Changes in total OPEB liabilities, net of \$230 in internal service funds Changes in OPEB related deferred inflows of resources, net of \$167 in internal service funds	(5,851) (15,680) 11,558
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, facilities maintenance, and technology to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 5,670
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 33,353

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements

Sanitaton Fund - This fund is used to account for the cost of the Solid Waste Disposal Program including operation, acquisition, source reduction recycling program, and closure/post-closure requirements. Revenues consist of user fees. Additionally, the Sanitation Fund accounts for funds pursuant to State Law requiring funds to cover the estimated cost of solid waste closure and post-closure activities. Each County operated site must have a plan to specifically address the physical requirements, as closure becomes necessary and the post- closure ongoing monitoring requirements.

Internal Service Funds - These funds are used to provide goods and services by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

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County of Imperial Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Major Funds	Non-major		Governmental Activities Internal
ASSETS	Sanitation	Funds	Total	Service Funds
Current assets: Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 154 11,398	\$ 945 -	\$ 1,099 11,398	\$ 45,143
Accounts, net Interest Lease receivable - due within one year Due from other funds	26	2 104	28 104	144
Inventories and prepaid items	-			30
Total current assets Noncurrent assets: Lease receivable - due in more than one year	11,578	1,051	<u> 12,629</u> 399	73,356
Capital assets: Non-depreciable/amortizable Depreciable/amortizable, net	134	685 8,330	685 8,464	23 1,052
Total capital assets, net	134	9,015	9,149	1,075
Total noncurrent assets	134	9,414	9,548	1,075
Total assets	11,712	10,465	22,177	74,431
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB Related to pensions	72 223	28 85	100 308	403 1,242
Total deferred outflow of resources	295	113	408	1,645
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Interest payable Deposits payable Unearned revenue	13 22	10 9 2 -	23 31 2	5,681 125 2
Advances to other funds - due within one year Compensated absences - due within one year Long-term debt - due in more than one year Accrued closure/postclosure - due within one year Claims payable - due within one year	901 3 23	- 1 - -	901 4 23	19 70
Total current liabilities	962	22	984	12,795
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances to other funds - due in more than one year Compensated absences - due in more than one year Long-term debt - due in more than one year Accrued closure/postclosure - due in more than one year	24,424 25 33,788	5	24,424 30 33,788	143 162
Claims payable - due in more than one year Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	1,189 208	373	1,562 243	32,758 4,457 394
Total noncurrent liabilities	59,634	413	60,047	37,914
Total liabilities	60,596	435	61,031	50,709
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to leases Related to OPEB	150	496 58	496 208	840
Related to pensions	345	132	477	1,925
Total deferred inflows of resources	495	686	1,181	2,765
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for landfill closure costs	134 11,398	9,015	9,149 11,398	1,075
Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position	(60,616) \$ (49,084)	<u> </u>	(60,174) \$ (39.627)	<u>21,527</u> \$ 22,602
See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	35	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<i>u</i> <u>42,002</u>

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County of Imperial Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		jor Funds		n-major		Total	A I	ernmental ctivities nternal vice Funds
	58	anitation	I	Funds		Total	Serv	fice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Sales and charges for services	\$	2,151	\$	811	\$	2,962	\$	63,493
Other operating revenue		1,695		879		2,574		-
Total operating revenues		3,846		1,690		5,536		63,493
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and benefits		704		168		872		2,641
Services and supplies		1,002		613		1,615		53,136
Depreciation and amortization		78		710		788		625
Total operating expenses		1,784		1,491		3,275		56,402
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,062		199		2,261		7,091
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Investment income		633		9		642		(1,687)
Interest expense		-		-		-		(5)
Intergovernmental revenue		-		23		23		-
Gain(loss) on disposal of property		-		-		-		51
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		633		32		665		(1,641)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL								
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		2,695		231		2,926		5,450
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS								
Transfers in		-		1,539		1,539		1,479
Transfers out		(721)		-		(721)		(1,259)
Total capital contributions and transfers		(721)		1,539		818		220
Changes in net position		1,974		1,770		3,744		5,670
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		(51,058)		7,687		(43,371)		16,932
End of year	\$	(49,084)	\$	9,457	\$	(39,627)	\$	22,602

County of Imperial Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Major Fur		Non-major Funds		Total	A I	ernmental ctivities nternal ice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Cash received from customers	\$	2,151	\$ 804	\$	2,955	\$	63,494
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		2,730)	(633		(3,363)	÷	(59,046)
Cash payments to employees for services		(749)	(181)	(930)		(2,794)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		367	869		1,236		1,654
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Operating grants		-	23		23		-
Borrowing from other funds	1	1,247	-		11,247		(2,342)
Repayment to other funds		-	-		-		(1,329)
Transfers from other funds		-	1,539		1,539		1,479
Transfers to other funds		(721)		-	(721)		(1,259)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	1	0,526	1,562		12,088		(3,451)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Acquisition of capital assets		(1)	(2,417)	(2,418)		(319)
Proceeds from the sale of assets		-	-		-		58
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-	-		-		97
Principal payment of long-term debt Interest paid on debt		-	-		-		(41) (3)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1)	(2,417)	(2,418)		(208)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Interest from investments		629	9		638		(1,689)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		629	9		638		(1,689)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1	1,521	23		11,544		(3,694)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:							
Beginning of year		31	922		953		48,837
End of year	\$ 1	1,552	\$ 945	\$	12,497	\$	45,143
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:							
Cash and cash investments	\$	154	\$ 945	\$	1,099	\$	45,143
Restricted cash and investments	1	1,398			11,398		-
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u> 1	1,552	\$ 945	\$	12,497	\$	45,143

(Continued)

County of Imperial Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 or Funds	Non-major Funds	Total	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,062	\$ 199	\$ 2,261	\$	7,091
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net					
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation	78	710	788		625
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and					
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:					
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-		1
Lease receivable	-	102	102		-
Inventories and prepaid items	-	-	-		-
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	12	(1)	11		85
Deferred outflows - pension related	84	12	96		531
Accounts payable	(33)	(20)	(53)		(5,846)
Accrued payroll	(2)	5	3		12
Compensated absences	(19)	1	(18)		(62)
Accrued closure/postclosure	(1,695)	-	(1,695)		-
Claims payable	-	-	-		(64)
Net OPEB liability	41	16	57		230
Net pension liability	(417)	(160)	(577)		(2,329)
Deferred inflows - lease related	-	(109)	(109)		-
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(24)	3	(21)		(167)
Deferred inflows - pension related	280	 111	391		1,547
Total adjustments	 (1,695)	 670	(1,025)		(5,437)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 367	\$ 869	\$ 1,236	\$	1,654

(Concluded)

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Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements

Custodial funds - These funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds. This includes various Community Facilities Districts and Assessments Districts.

Private Purpose Funds - These funds account for resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments (i.e. unclaimed property/escheat property). This includes the Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund.

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County of Imperial Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Pension rust Fund	OPEB 1st Fund	vestment rust Fund	e-Purpose ist Fund	0	Custodial Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 6,294	\$ 1,517	\$ 568,334	\$ 2,534	\$	69,307
Deposits with others	-	-	-	2,505		-
Contribution receivable	2,084	-	-	-		-
Accounts receivable	4,137	-	65	-		70
Interest receivable	556	-	1,573	6		200
Investments at fair value:						
Fixed income	252,086	-	-	-		-
Domestic equalities	324,955	-	-	-		-
International equalities	174,699	-	-	-		-
Private credit and equity	145,342	-	-	-		-
Real estate	 127,680	 -	 -	 -		-
Total investments at fair value	 1,024,762	-	 -	-		-
Capital assets, net	 1,029	 -	 -	 -		-
Total assets	 1,038,862	 1,517	 569,972	 5,045		69,577
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	2,479	-	16,920	-		2,241
Deposits payable	-	-	53	-		- 2,211
Total liabilities	 2,479	 -	16,973	 -		2,241
NET POSITION						
Held for:						
Pension	1,036,383	-	-	-		-
OPEB benefits		1,517	-	-		-
Pool participants	-	-	552,999	-		-
Individuals, organizations, and other) ?			
governments	 -	 -	 -	 5,045		67,336
Total net position	\$ 1,036,383	\$ 1,517	\$ 552,999	\$ 5,045	\$	67,336

County of Imperial Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	ension st Fund	OPEB Trust Fund		-	nvestment Frust Fund	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:								
Employer contributions	\$ 33,723	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Plan member contributions	16,455		-		-	-		-
Contributions to investment pool	-		-		1,609,833	-		44,285
Contributions to private purpose trust	-		-		-	1,115		-
Investment income (loss)	(83,832)		(308)		(17,394)	(57)	(2,043)
Other additions	 3		-		2,951			182,917
Total additions	 (33,651)		(308)		1,595,390	1,058		225,159
DEDUCTIONS:								
Benefits paid to participants or beneficaries	53,738		-		-	-		-
Distributions from investment pool	-		-		1,492,006	-		-
Distributions from private purpose trust	-		-		-	230		-
Administrative expenses	2,866		-		2,365	-		-
Payments to other governments	-		-		-	-		217,289
Other expenses	 150		-		-			
Total deductions	 56,754		-		1,494,371	230		217,289
Change in net position	(90,405)		(308)		101,019	828		7,870
NET POSITION:								
Beginning of year	 1,126,788		1,825		451,980	4,217	_	59,466
End of year	\$ 1,036,383	\$	1,517	\$	552,999	\$ 5,045	\$	67,336

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the County of Imperial, California (the "County") have been prepared in conformity with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards in the United States. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County is a legal subdivision of the State of California charged with governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through a five-member Board of Supervisors (the "Board") which, as the governing body of the County, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. The County provides various services on a countywide basis including law and justice, education, detention, social, health, fire protection, road construction, road maintenance, transportation, park and recreation facilities, elections and records, communications, planning, zoning, and tax collection.

Blended Component Units

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, the County, and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. While each of these component units is legally separate from the County, the County is financially accountable for these entities. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the County's Board acting as, or appointing, the governing board for each of the component units and its ability to impose its will. Because of their relationship with the County and the nature of their operations, component units are, in substance, part of the County's operations and, accordingly, the activities of these component units are combined, or blended, with the activities of the County for purposes of reporting in the accompanying basic financial statements. The discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

In conformity with U.S. GAAP, the financial statements of ten component units have been included and combined with financial data of the County. Nine component units have an integral relationship with and serve as an extension of the County. Using the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, management has determined that each entity is presented as a blended component unit due to the composition of each governing board and the control of the day-to-day activities through the budget process. One component unit is presented discretely. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

For financial reporting purposes, the County's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon actions taken by the County's Board. The financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained by writing to the County of Imperial, Controller's Office, 940 Main Street, El Centro, California 92243.

County of Imperial Employees' Retirement System. The County of Imperial Employees' Retirement System (ICERS) was established to provide retirement benefits to employees of the county and other member agencies. ICERS provides a majority of its services for the benefit of the County and is reported as a pension trust fund in the basic financial statements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority. The County of Imperial Board of Supervisors, pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 12301.6, established the In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority (IHSS). IHSS provides screening, training and referral of in-home supportive service providers and assists eligible individuals, who are unable to care for themselves at home, in finding qualified persons to assist them. Its board members are the same as the county Board of Supervisors and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit. The activities of the IHSS are included in a special revenue fund which is reported as part of the nonmajor governmental funds.

Special Districts and Service Areas. The County has 7 agencies referred to as county special districts and service areas. Each is established by the county for the purpose of providing specific services in a defined geographic area. Their board members are the same as the county Board of Supervisors and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component units. The 7 agencies and the special revenue fund in which each is included are: Air Pollution Control District; Country Club Sewer Maintenance District; Niland County Sanitation District; Niland Fire Protection District; Niland Service Area; Gateway Service Area; Imperial Center Lighting Maintenance District. These special revenue funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The **Children and Families First Commission (Commission)** was established in March 1999 under the authority of the California Children and Families First Act of 1998 and sections 130100, et seq. of the Health and Safety Code. The Commission accounts for receipts and disbursements of California Children and First Families Trust Fund allocations and appropriations to the Commission. The Commission is a discretely presented component unit as the County Board appointed all members of the Commission and is able to impose its will because it can remove appointed members at will. The Commission issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Commission at 1225 Main Street, Suite B, El Centro, California 92243.

Presentation of Financial Information Related to County Fiduciary Responsibilities

The basic financial statements also include an Investment Trust fund to account for cash and investments held by the County Treasurer for numerous self-governed school and special districts. The financial reporting for these governmental entities, which are independent of the County, is limited to the total amount of cash and investments and other assets. School and special district boards that are separately elected and that are independent of the County Board administer activities of the school districts and special districts. The County Auditor-Controller makes disbursements upon the request of the responsible self-governed special district officers. The Board has no effective authority to govern, manage, approve budgets, assume financial accountability, establish revenue limits, or appropriate surplus funds available in these entities. Therefore, these entities are fiscally independent of the County. The operations of these entities have been excluded from the basic financial statements since each entity conducts its own day-to-day operations and is controlled by its own governing board.

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, excluding fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County, and between the County and its discretely presented component unit. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities that rely, to a significant extent, on fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Expenses by function have been adjusted for any internal service profit/loss existing at fiscal year-end. Program revenues include (1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. *Operating* expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as *nonoperating* expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes activities such as general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, and education.

Behavioral Health Proposition #63 - This fund is used to provide the ability to monitor State allocation funds, separate and apart from other funding sources. The Behavioral Health Proposition#63 revenues are restricted for mental health services.

Realignment Funds - Realignment is the shifting of responsibility and funding for a number of public services from the state to local government. Revenues are derived from percentages of state sales tax and vehicle license fees.

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Social Services Fund - This fund is used to provide separate fund accountability for the Social Services department. Social Services assists with Imperial Valley Continuum of Care, Aging and Disability Services, Transitional Services, and Children and Family Services. The Social Services Fund accounts for federal and state grant revenues that are restricted for specific services.

American Rescue Plan Act - This fund is used to account for the American Rescue Plan Act grant.

Behavioral Health Services - The Behavioral Health Services Fund contains the community Mental Health portion of the County's total Mental Health program. Various community programs are funded within this budget including inpatient, outpatient, partial day, diagnostic evaluations, children services, aftercare, conservatorship services, continuing care, community client contact, mental health promotion, and social service. Following is list of the programs and services provided: Administration, Community Services, Continuing Care Program, 24-Hour Care, Outpatient Care, Day-Care Treatment, Aftercare/Conservatorship, and Children's Service.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Sanitation Fund – This fund is used to account for the County's activities related to drainage operations. The Sanitation Fund reflects the cost of the Solid Waste Disposal Program including operation, acquisition, source reduction recycling program, and closure/post-closure requirements. Revenues consist of user fees. Additionally, the Sanitation Fund accounts for funds pursuant to State Law requiring funds to cover the estimated cost of solid waste closure and post-closure activities. Each County operated site must have a plan to specifically address the physical requirements, as closure becomes necessary and the post-closure ongoing monitoring requirements.

Internal service funds account for the County's Risk Management accounts for self-insurance programs – workers' compensation, liability, unemployment, employee health/dental/vision benefits, medical malpractice, auto, case management and information systems on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal service funds are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements, the changes in net position at the end of the fiscal year, as presented in the statement of activities, were allocated to the functions of both the governmental and business-type activities, to reflect the entire activity for the year. Since the predominant users of the internal services are the County's governmental activities, the asset and liability balances of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column at the government-wide level.

The County of Imperial Employees' Retirement System fund accounts for the assets, contributions, and benefit payments of ICERS. The County's pension trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

The OPEB Trust fund accounts for the assets, contributions, and benefit payments of the County's OPEB Trust. The County's OPEB trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

The Investment trust fund accounts for the external portion of the County Treasurer's investment pool held in trust, as defined by GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. External investment pool participants include entities legally separate from the County, such as school and special districts governed by local boards, regional boards, and authorities. This fund accounts for assets, primarily cash and investments, held or invested by the County Treasurer and the related County liability to disburse these monies on demand to the related external entities. The County's investment trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

The Private-purpose trust fund account for resources held and administered by the County in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments based on trust arrangements. The fund accounts for the resources held and administered by the County in a fiduciary capacity for the Public Guardian and the Public Administrator. The County's private-purpose trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

The Custodial funds account for assets held by the County in a custodial capacity. The funds reported as custodial funds are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds or investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. These include funds held for transportation projects, unportioned property taxes and other custodial funds.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants, and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within 60 days after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available. If revenues are expected to be received later than 60 days following the end of the fiscal year, then a receivable is recorded along with deferred inflows of resources. Once the grant reimbursement is received, revenue and cash are recorded, and the receivable and deferred inflows of resources are eliminated. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as other financing sources.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash is considered to be cash on hand, cash in bank and imprest cash. All short-term investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and at the day of purchase, they have an original maturity of three months or less. The County has stated required investments at fair value in the accompanying financial statements using the fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP.

The County Pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). California Government Code statutes and the County Board of Supervisors set forth the various investment policies that the County Treasurer must follow.

Public schools districts, cemetery districts, fire protection districts and other special districts within the County are required by legal provisions to participate in the County's investment pool. The deposits held for these districts are included in the Investment Trust Fund.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents, include amounts on deposit in the County pool and any short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

Statutes authorize the County to invest its surplus cash in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, corporate bonds, rated P-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or A-1 by Moody's Investor Services, bankers acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund. Gains and losses are recognized based upon the specific identification method. All pooled investments are reported at fair value.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for deposits and investment risks in the following areas:

- Interest rate risk
- Credit risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial credit risk
 - Concentration of credit risk
- Foreign currency risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

Levels of inputs are as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

D. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in the General and Other Governmental Funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used.

E. Leases

Lessee

The County has a policy to recognize a lease liability and a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the governmentwide financial statements. The County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$25,000 or more.

E. Leases (Continued)

Lessee (Continued)

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and modified by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service. Lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the County has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure any lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported as right to use along with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

Lessor

The County is a lessor for leases of special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

E. Leases (Continued)

Lessor (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, including infrastructure, are recorded at historical cost if purchased. Contributed fixed assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets, which consist of certain improvements including roads, bridges, pavements in progress, and right of way. The County defines capital assets as assets with initial, individual costs of more than \$8 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets, including assets acquired under capital leases, are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of fixed assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	40
Equipment	5-15
Office furniture	5
Vehicles	3-5
Infrastructure	20-50
Leased asset	Contract terms

G. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The County recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the government wide, governmental fund, and proprietary fund statements.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The County has two items that are reported in this category on the government-wide and proprietary fund statements: 1) deferred outflows related to pensions; and 2) deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits (OPEB).

G. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow or resources (revenue or a credit to expense) until that time. The County has one item that is reported in this category on the governmental fund financial statements related to unavailable revenues, which are revenues not received within the period of availability and three items that are reported in this category on the government-wide and proprietary fund statements: 1) deferred inflows related to pensions; 2) deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits (OPEB); and 3) deferred inflows relating to leases.

H. Compensated Absences (Accrued Vacation, Sick Leave and Compensatory Time)

County policy states that unused vacation leave may be accumulated up to a specified maximum and is paid at the time of termination from County employment. Vacation leave may not be accumulated in excess of 30 days or 240 hours, except that employees and appointive officers who have completed 15 years of continuous service may accumulate 40 days, or 320 hours.

The County is not obligated to pay for unused sick leave if an employee terminates prior to retirement. However, under the 1937 Act County Employees' Retirement Law, if the employee with less than 10 years of service elects to leave their funds on deposit with the retirement system (deferred retirement), the accumulated sick leave hours will be applied toward their retirement service credit. Upon retirement, employees have the option of 1) being compensated for 15% of the employee's sick leave hours, or 2) applying all the employee's accumulated sick leave hours as retirement service credit.

The County accrues for compensated absences in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements for which they are liable to make a payment directly.

I. Pension Plans

In government wide financial statements, retirement plans (pensions) are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting.

In general, the County recognizes a net pension liability, which represents the County's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension reflected in the actuarial report provided by the County of Imperial Employees' Retirement System (ICERS). The net pension liability is measured as of the County's prior fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension liability are recorded, in the period incurred, as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change. The changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows or resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective pension plan and are recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources relating to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's pension plan with ICERS and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as it is reported by ICERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Pension Plans (Continued)

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Measurement period	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Projected earnings on pension investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred. Each subsequent year will incorporate an additional closed basis five-year period of recognition.

J. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan, the assets of which are held in an irrevocable trust, and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary (Note 15). For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The Enterprise Funds are used to liquidate the OPEB liability.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and fiduciary net position information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Measurement period	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

K. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

The County provides for closure and post-closure care costs over the life of the operating landfills as the permitted airspace of the landfill is used. Accordingly, the entire closure and post-closure care cost is recognized as an expense by the time the landfills are completely filled. The County also recognizes as expense closure and post-closure care costs for inactive landfills that have been closed under State and Federal regulations. The County, under State and Federal regulations, may be required to perform corrective action for contaminate releases at any of its active or inactive landfills. The County provides for remediation costs for landfills upon notification from the local water quality board that a specific landfill is considered to be in the evaluation monitoring phase. Upon notification, the County provides for these costs based on the most recent cost study information available.

L. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables, as appropriate. These transactions are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/advances from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the governmental fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are neither available for appropriation nor available as financial resources.

M. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Supervisors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

Assigned Fund Balance – amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. The Board of Supervisors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the resources that the County has available for use in providing services after its debt or other obligations are settled. These resources may not be readily available or spendable and consequently are classified into the following categories of net position in the government-wide financial statements.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – this amount is derived by subtracting the outstanding liabilities incurred by the County, including debt-related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, to buy or construct capital assets shown in the Statement of Net Position, net of depreciation and amortization.

Restricted Net Position – this category represents restrictions imposed on the use of the County's resources by parties outside of the government or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All of the County's net position restrictions are externally imposed by outside parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Examples of restricted net position include federal and state grants that are restricted by grant agreements for specific purposes and restricted cash set aside for debt service payments or landfill closure costs.

N. Net Position (Continued)

Unrestricted Net Position – these assets are resources of the County that can be used for any purpose though they may not necessarily be liquid. In addition, assets in a fund that exceed the amounts required to be restricted by external parties or enabling legislation are reported as unrestricted net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the County's policy is to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources that are needed.

O. Property Tax

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the Government Code and the Revenue and Taxation Code. Property is assessed by the County Assessor and State Board of Equalization at 100.0% of full cash or market value (with some exceptions) pursuant to Article XIIIA of the California State Constitution and statutory provisions. The total for fiscal year 2022-23 gross assessed valuation (for tax purposes) of the County was \$14.97 billion.

The property tax levy to support general operations of the various local government jurisdictions is limited to 1.0% of the full cash value of taxable property and distributed in accordance with statutory formulas. Amounts needed to finance the annual requirements of voter-approved debt (approved by the electorate prior to June 20, 1978) are excluded from this limitation and are calculated and levied each fiscal year. The rates are formally adopted by the Board.

The County is divided into tax rate areas, which are unique combinations of various jurisdictions servicing a specific geographic area. The rates levied within each tax rate area vary only in relation to levies assessed as a result of voter-approved indebtedness.

Property taxes are levied on both real and personal property and are recorded at the date of levy. Secured property taxes are levied on or before the first business day of September of each year. These taxes become a lien on real property on January 1 proceeding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Tax payments can be made in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and is delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and is delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes that are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30 are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, costs, and interest when paid. If the delinquent taxes are not paid at the end of five years, the property is sold at public auction and the proceeds are used to pay the delinquent amounts due and any excess is remitted, if claimed, to the taxpayer.

Supplemental tax liens are created when there is a change in ownership of property or upon completion of new construction. Tax bills for these new tax liens are issued throughout the fiscal year and contain various payments and delinquent dates but are generally due within one year. If the new tax liens are lower, the taxpayer receives a tax refund rather than a tax bill.

P. Use of Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions, in some cases when applicable, that affect the amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Q. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The requirements of the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable to the County, for the year ended June 30, 2022. The financial statements included herein apply the requirements and provisions of these statements, including necessary retroactive adjustments to financial statement classifications and presentations.

GASB Statement No. 87

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Implementation of this Statement had a significant effect on the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 89

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Application of this statement did not have a significant effect on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Application of this statement did not have a significant effect on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Application of this statement did not have a significant effect on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Q. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 97

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.* The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Application of this statement did not have a significant effect on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

R. Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementations

The County is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Application of this statement is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementations (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 96

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Application of this statement is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99

In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.* The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 102

In December 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. That objective is achieved by requiring governments to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. The statement also requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. Application of this statement is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Earlier application is encouraged.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The County maintains a Cash and Investment Pool (Pool) that is available for use by all funds. Interest earned on the investment pool is distributed to the participating funds using a formula based on the average daily balance of each fund.

Cash and investments are presented in the accompanying financial statements at June 30, 2022 as follows:

		Primary vernment	С	omponent Unit	vestment rust Fund	rivate-Purpose Trust Fund	(Custodial Funds	OPEB ust Fund	Pension rust Fund	Total
Cash and investments	\$	350,117	\$	5,655	\$ 568,334	\$ 2,534	\$	69,307	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 995,947
Restricted cash and investments		11,398		-	-	-		-	-	-	11,398
Cash and investments with fiscal agen	t	7,247		-	-	-		-	-	-	7,247
Cash and cash equivalents with others											
external to investment pool		-		-	-	-		-	-	6,294	6,294
Investments held with others											
external to investment pool		-		-	-	-		-	1,517	1,024,762	1,026,279
Deposits with others											
external to investment pool		619		-	-	2,505		-	 -	 -	3,124
Total cash and investments	\$	369,381	\$	5,655	\$ 568,334	\$ 5,039	\$	69,307	\$ 1,517	\$ 1,031,056	\$ 2,050,289

Total County cash and investments at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 82
Cash with financial institutions	34,388
Cash an cash equivalents held with	
others external to investment pool	 6,294
Total cash	 40,764
Investments:	
Investments held in investment pool	983,246
Investments with fiscal agents	7,247
Deposits with others external to investment pool	3,124
Investments held with others external to investment pool	 1,026,279
Total investments	 2,009,525
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,050,289

A. Investments

Pursuant to California Government Code Section 53635, the County Treasurer prepares investment policy guidelines which are approved by the Board of Supervisors annually. The objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity, public trust and return on investment. All investments are made in accordance with the California Government Code Section 53601 and the Treasurer's policy, which, in general, is more restrictive than State law. Certain special districts and all public school districts are required by legal provisions to deposit their funds with the County Treasurer.

The County is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment (LAIF) that is regulated by California government code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The County's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value based upon the County's prorate share of the amortized cost basis provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio, in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is not rated. Deposit and withdrawals in governmental investment pools, such as LAIF are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value.

B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the County's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the California Government Code and the County's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the County's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	M aximum M aturity	M aximum Specified % of Portfolio	M aximum Quality Requirements
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	n/a	n/a
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	n/a	n/a
State of California Obligations	5 years	n/a	n/a
State of California Local Agency Obligations	5 years	n/a	n/a
Bankers' Acceptances	180 day s	40%	n/a
Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	A-1, A
Commercial Paper Non Pooled	270 days	25%	n/a
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	n/a
Placement Service Deposits	5 years	n/a	n/a
Placement Service Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	n/a
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	n/a	n/a
Reverse Repurchase Agreements		20% combined	
and Securities Lending Agreements	92 days	of base value	n/a
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	n/a
Mutual Funds and Money Market Mutual Funds	5 years	20%	A rating
Collateralized Bank Deposit	5 years	n/a	Multiple
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	n/a
County Pooled Investment Funds	n/a	n/a	AA rating
Joint Powers Authority Pool	n/a	n/a	M ultip le
Local Agency Investment Fund	n/a	\$75M per account	n/a
Voluntary Investment Program Fund			
and Supranational Obligations	5 years	30%	AA rating

C. Risk Disclosure

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk and Concentrations of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to an issuer of an investment not fulfilling its obligation to the holder of the investment. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Treasurer mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high-quality investments.

The Treasurer's Investment Policy sets specific parameters by type of investment to be met at the time of purchase. U.S. Treasury and agency securities are considered to be of the best quality grade, as such there is no limitation on amounts invested in U.S. Treasury or agency securities per California Government Code.

C. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk and Concentrations of Credit Risk (Continued)

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution by investment type as a percentage of fair value at June 30, 2022:

		Credit Rating		% of
	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Portfolio
Treasurers Pooled Investment:				
Local Agency Investment Fund	Not Rated	Not Rated	Not Rated	7.50%
CAMP Pool	Not Rated	Not Rated	Not Rated	12.33%
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated	Not Rated	Not Rated	0.25%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	P-1	A-1	Not Rated	7.80%
U.S. Government Agencies	Aaa	AA+	AAA	43.96%
Union Bank Sweep	Not Rated	Not Rated	Not Rated	28.15%
				100%

Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, money market mutual funds and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of the total County investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	A	nount
Federal Home Loan Bank	U.S. Government Agencies	\$	90,556

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, some issuers do not seek a credit rating. For instance, the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) has not sought or received a credit rating. In these cases, the purchaser is solely responsible for performing their own due diligence before purchasing an investment or participating in an external investment pool. Certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or less are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and therefore, do not seek a credit rating.

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2022, for each investment-type as provided by Standard and Poor's investment rating system.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Treasurer mitigates this risk by making longer-term investments only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes and holding these securities to maturity. The Treasurer uses the weighted average maturity method to identify and manage interest rate risk. The weighted average maturity of the investments with the Treasury as of June 30, 2022 was 538 days.

C. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The following is a summary of investments held by the County as of June 30, 2022:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity Range	Interest Rate Range
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 73,047	On Demand	2.57%
CAMP Pool	120,000	On Demand	Varies
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	2,450	7/1/22 - 6/22/24	0.23% - 5.33%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	75,957	7/11/22 - 5/27/27	0.23% - 5.33%
U.S. Government Agencies	427,935	7/5/22 - 6/28/27	3.91% - 5.35%
Union Bank Sweep Account	273,975	On Demand	
Total county's pooled investments	 973,364		
Uncategorized Investments Held Outside County Pool:			
Tobacco Settlement	7,247		
Mutual Funds - OPEB	1,517		
Money Market	130		
Deferred Compensation	2,505		
ICERS Investments	1,024,762		
Total investments held outside county pool	1,036,161		
Total investments	 2,009,525		
Cash in Bank:			
Interest Bearing Accounts	34,388		
ICERS	 6,294		
Total cash in bank	 40,682		
Cash on Hand	 82		
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,050,289		

D. Condensed Financial Information

The County Treasurer does not issue separate financial statements. Condensed financial information for the Pool as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Equity of Internal Pool Participants	\$ 438,770
Equity of External Pool Participants	568,334
Total equity	\$ 1,007,104
Change in Net Position	
Net Position at July 1, 2021	\$ 854,636
Net Change in Net Position for Pool Participants	 152,468
Net position at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,007,104

E. Fair Market Value

The Pool categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets;
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active; and,
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The Pool has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

			Fair V	alue N	leasurements	Using	
Investments measured by fair value level:	Total	Active for Io As	l Prices in Markets lentical ssets evel 1)	0	gnificant Other bservable Inputs Level 2)	Unot I	nificant servable nputs evel 3)
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	\$ 75,957	\$	-	\$	75,957	\$	-
U.S. Government Agencies	 427,935		-		427,935		-
Total investments by fair value level	 503,892	\$	-	\$	503,892	\$	-
Investments measured based on uncategorized inputs Local Agency Investment Fund CAMP Pool Collateralized Certificates of Deposit Union Bank Sweep Total investments at amortized cost Total County's pooled investments	 73,047 120,000 2,450 273,975 469,472 973,364						
Uncategorized investments held outside County's pool Tobacco Settlement Mutual Funds - OPEB Money Market Deferred Compensation ICERS Investments Total uncategorized investments held outside County's pool Total investments	\$ 7,247 1,517 130 2,505 1,024,762 1,036,161 2,009,525						

F. ICERS Investment and Related Notes

Narratives and tables presented for investments managed by ICERS are taken directly from ICERS' financial statements deposit and investment risk disclosure and fair value measurement notes for the year ended June 30, 2022:

County Employees' Retirement Law of 1993 (CERL) vests the Board of Retirement with exclusive control over ICERS' investment portfolio. The Board of Retirement established an Investment Policy Statement in accordance with applicable local, State, and Federal laws. The Board of Retirement members exercise authority and control over the management of ICERS' assets (the Plan) by setting policy which the Investment Staff executes either internally, or through the use of external prudent experts. The Board of Retirement oversees and guides the Plan subject to the following basic fiduciary responsibilities:

F. ICERS Investment and Related Notes (Continued)

- Solely in the interest of, and for the exclusive purpose of, providing economic benefits to participants and their beneficiaries.
- With the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with these matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character with like objectives.
- Diversify the investments of the Plan so as to minimize the risk of loss and to maximize the rate of return, unless under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do so. Diversification is applicable to the deployment of the assets as a whole.

The Investment Policy Statement encompasses the following:

- Criteria for Selecting and Terminating Investment Managers
- Investment Objective and Guidelines by Asset Class
- Duties and Responsibilities of ICERS' Board of Retirement
- Duties and Responsibilities of Staff, Investment Managers, Custodian, and Investment Consultant
- Proxy Voting
- Statement of Objectives, Guidelines, and Procedures for each Investment Manager The Fixed Income Portfolio includes the following components:
 - U.S. Core Income This portion of the portfolio will provide exposure to the U.S. fixed income market (maturities greater than 1 year) including, but not limited to, Treasury and government agency bonds, corporate debt, mortgage bonds (including collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs)), Yankees, and asset-backed securities. The portfolio will be comprised predominantly of investment grade issues.
 - U.S. Core Plus Fixed Income This portfolio will provide exposure to the U.S. fixed income market (maturities greater than 1 year) including, but not limited to, Treasury and government agency bonds, corporate debt, mortgage bonds (including CMOs), Yankees, asset-backed securities, Eurodollar bonds, private placements, and emerging market bonds. The portfolio will be comprised of both investment grade and below-investment grade issues.

Credit Quality Ratings of Investments in Fixed Income Securities

The credit quality of investments in fixed income securities as rated by nationally recognized ratings organizations as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Quality Ratings	F	air Value
Aaa	\$	156,229
Aaa		7,473
Aaa		26,202
Baa		45,922
Ba		11,086
В		4,879
N/R*		295
Total	\$	252,086

F. ICERS Investment and Related Notes (Continued)

Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. ICERS seeks to maintain a diversified portfolio of fixed income instruments in order to obtain the highest total return for the fund at an acceptable level of risk within this asset class.

ICERS has adopted policies specific to each investment manager (asset class) to manage credit risk. In general, fixed income securities should be well diversified to avoid undue exposure to any single economic sector, industry, or individual security. In addition, the portfolio's average risk level, as measured by quality ratings of recognized rating services, is expected to approximate AA or its equivalent.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution's failure, ICERS would not be able to recover its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not insured or not collateralized. ICERS' deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk as its deposits are eligible for and covered by "pass-through insurance" in accordance with applicable law and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) rules and regulations. Additional insurance against loss and theft is provided through a Financial Institution Bond.

Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, ICERS would not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in ICERS' name, and held by the counterparty. ICERS' investment securities are not exposed to custodial credit risk because all securities are held by ICERS' custodial bank in ICERS' name. ICERS has investments in commingled funds that are not held by ICERS' custodial bank. However, investments in open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. ICERS has no general policy on custodial credit risk for deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2022, ICERS did not hold any investments in any one issuer that would represent five percent (5%) or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and pooled investments are excluded from this requirement.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of a fixed income portfolio to changes in interest rates. It is calculated as the weighted average time to receive a bond's coupon and principal payments. The longer the duration of a portfolio, the greater its price sensitivity to changes in interest rates.

ICERS does not have a general policy to manage interest rate risk. To manage interest rate risk, the modified adjusted duration of the Domestic Fixed Income Core and Core Plus Portfolios are restricted to +/- 25% of the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index's modified adjusted duration. Deviations from any of the stated guidelines require prior written authorization from ICERS.

As of June 30, 2022, ICERS' Core Fixed Income manager had an effective duration of 6.36 years, while ICERS' Core Plus Fixed Income manager had an effective duration of 6.70 years.

F. ICERS Investment and Related Notes (Continued)

Fixed Income Securities - Duration

As of June 30, 2022, ICERS had the following securities:

Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Duration (in years)
Asset Backed Securities	\$	14,401	3.83
Cash and Equivalents		13,466	0.00
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Secturities (CMBS)		4,184	1.03
CMO Corporate		2,065	0.03
Corporate and Other Credit		24,219	4.21
Government		32,259	11.98
Mortgage Backed-Agency		16,923	12.58
Sub-total		107,517	6.36
Core Plus Fixed Income*		98,435	6.70
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities*		46,134	6.89
Total	\$	252,086	

*Investments in Commingled Funds

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign Currency Risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. Although ICERS does not have a specific policy regarding foreign currency risk, ICERS seeks to mitigate this risk through its investment policy constraints. ICERS' international equity managers are permitted to invest in authorized countries. Forward currency contracts and currency futures (maturity ranging from at least 30 days and not to exceed one year for either instrument) are permitted for defensive currency hedging. Non-U.S. equity investments are targeted at 20% of the investment portfolio with a maximum investment of 34%.

Derivatives

The Board of Retirement's Investment Policy Statement and Manager Guidelines allow the use of derivatives by certain investment managers. Derivatives are financial instruments that derive their value, usefulness, and marketability from an underlying instrument which represents direct ownership of an asset or an obligation of an issuer whose payments are based on or "derived" from the performance of some agreed-upon benchmark. Managers are required to mark-to-market derivative positions daily. Substitution, risk control, and arbitrage are the only derivative strategies permitted: leverage is prohibited.

Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative. Gains and losses from derivatives are included in net investment income. The following types of derivatives are permitted: Futures contracts, forward currency contracts, and covered call options.

<u>Futures Contracts</u> - A futures contract represents an agreement to buy (long position) or sell (short position) an underlying asset at a specified future date for a specified price. Payment for the transaction is delayed until a future date, which is referred to as the settlement or expiration date. Futures contracts are standardized contracts traded on organized exchanges.

<u>Forward Currency Contracts</u> - A forward contract represents an agreement to buy or sell an underlying asset at a specified date in the future at a specified price. Payment for the transaction is delayed until the settlement or expiration date. A forward contract is a non-standardized contract that is tailored to each specific transaction. Forward currency contracts are used to control currency exposure and facilitate the settlement of international security purchase and sale transactions.

F. ICERS Investment and Related Notes (Continued)

Derivatives (Continued)

<u>Option Contracts</u> - An option contract is a type of derivative security in which a buyer (purchaser) has the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a specified amount of an underlying security at a fixed price by exercising the option before its expiration date. The seller (writer) has an obligation to buy or sell the underlying security if the buyer decided to exercise the option.

Fair values of derivatives contracts are obtained through ICERS' custodian bank, JP Morgan. JP Morgan uses an independent third-party pricing service for these price quotes. As of June 30, 2022, ICERS held no derivatives contracts.

International Investment Securities at Fair Value

ICERS' exposure to Foreign Currency Risk in U.S. dollars for equity and fixed income investments as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

		Fixed		
Currency Type	Equity	Income	Cash	Total
Australian Dollar	\$ 10,436	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,436
Brazilian Real	2,270	-	-	2,270
British Pound	21,793	-	-	21,793
Chilean Peso	118	-	-	118
Chinese RNB	12,985	-	-	12,985
Colombian Peso	177	-	-	177
Czech Republic Koruna	182	-	-	182
Danish Krone	3,571	-	-	3,571
Euro Currency Unit	42,801	-	-	42,801
Egyptian Pound	75	-	-	75
Hong Kong Dollar	5,536	-	-	5,536
Hungarian Forint	55	-	-	55
Indian Rupee	5,434	-	-	5,434
Indonesian Rupiah	1,153	-	-	1,153
Israeli Shekel	962	-	-	962
Japanese Yen	29,634	-	-	29,634
Kenyan Shilling	170	-	-	170
Malaysian Ringgit	467	-	-	467
Mexican Peso	1,875	-	-	1,875
New Zealand Dollar	264	-	-	264
Norwegian Krone	1,107	-	-	1,107
Panamanian Balboa	94	-	-	94
Philippine Peso	229	-	-	229
Polish Zloty	240	-	-	240
Qatari Riyal	130	-	-	130
Saudi Riyal	818	-	-	818
Singapore Dollar	1,937	-	-	1,937
South African Rand	1,306	-	-	1,306
South Korean Won	4,490	-	-	4,490
Swedish Krona	4,493	-	-	4,493
Swiss Franc	13,110	-	-	13,110
Taiwan Dollar	6,380	-	-	6,380
Thailand Baht	749	-	-	749
Turkish Lira	130	-	-	130
Emirati Dirham	195	-	-	195
Total securities subject to				
foreign currency risk	175,366		-	175,366
U.S. dollar (securities held				
by international managers)	1,377	-	-	1,377
Total international				
investment securities	\$ 176,743	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 176,743

F. ICERS Investment and Related Notes (Continued)

The following table represents the Fair Value Measurement of ICERS' investments as of June 30, 2022:

				Fair Va	Using	Jsing		
Investment Type		Total		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		ignificant observable Inputs Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value Level					`			
Debt Securities:								
Asset Backed Securities	\$	14,401	\$	-	\$	14,401	\$	-
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Secturities (CMBS)		4,184		-		4,184		-
CMO Corporate		2,065		-		2,065		-
Corporate and Other Credit		24,219		-		24,219		-
Mortgage Backed-Agency		16,923		-		16,923		-
Government		32,259		-		32,259		-
Short-Term and Equivalents		13,466		-		13,466		-
Total Debt Securities		107,517		-		107,517		-
Commingled Funds:								
Domestic Bond Funds		144,568		-		-		144,568
Domestic Equity Funds		324,955		-		-		324,955
International Equity Funds		174,699		-		24,073		150,626
Total Commingled Funds		644,222		-		24,073		620,149
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		751,739	\$	-	\$	48,146	\$	1,240,298
Investments measuredat the Net Asset Value (NAV)								
Real Estate Funds		127,681						
Private Equity Funds		145,342						
Total Investments Measured at NAV		273,023						
Total investments	\$	1,024,762						

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as of June 30, 2022, is presented on the following table:

	Fa	ir Value	_	ufunded mitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Real Estate Funds (1) Private Equity Funds (2)	\$	127,681 145,342	\$	2,304 78,308	Daily, Quarterly Not Eligible	30-90 days N/A
Total investments measured at NAV	\$	273,023	\$	80,612		

(1) Real Estate Funds. This type includes four real estate funds that invest primarily in U.S. commercial real estate (including multi-family, industrial, retail and office space). The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated.

(2) Private Equity/Credit Funds. This type includes eleven funds that invest primarily in buyout, partnerships, venture capital, and credit opportunities/debt funds. The fair value of these investments has been determined using a practical expedient based on the investments' NAV. It is expected that these investments will be held for the entire lives of the funds and will not be sold in the secondary market. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying assets are liquidated by the fund managers. Underlying assets of these funds are expected to be liquidated over the next one to 15 years, depending on the vintage year of each fund.

Note 3 – Receivables

Accounts, interest, loans, and lease receivable balances at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Governmental Activities:		eneral Fund	He Propos	worial alth ition #63 und	8 Reali	l911 ignment Fund	Se	ocial ervices Fund	F P	nerican Sescue an Act Fund	I S	havorial Health ervices Fund	Gove	on-major ernmental Funds	Se	ernal rvice unds	Gove	Fotal rnmental Funds
Accounts	\$	2,692	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6	\$	-	\$	5,080	\$	17,631	\$	-	\$	25,409
Interest		158		5		-		7		24		6		4,358		144		4,702
Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-		15,411		-		15,411
Lease		50		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		50
Total governmental																		
activities receivables	\$	3,444	\$	5	\$	-	\$	13	\$	24	\$	5,086	\$	37,522	\$	144	\$	46,238
Business-Type Activities:														nitation Fund	Ente	-major erprise unds	En	Fotal terprise Funds
Interest	_												\$	26	\$	2	\$	28
Lease														-		503		503
Total business-type activ	vities r	eceivable	es										\$	-	\$	503	\$	503

The Loans receivable balance and related interest receivable balance represents several types of home loans which include Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) Loans-Promissory Notes. These amounts represent low interest Rental Constructions Project loans to finance multi-family projects. The loan terms are 55 years with interest rates from 1% to 3%. The County's primary sources of funding for these loans come from funds granted by the HOME program.

Additional loans receivables represent Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME) projects. These amounts represent low or no interest mortgage notes and related accrued interest to finance multi-family, single family construction, rehabilitation projects, as well as homebuyer assistance programs for low-income families as part of the County's affordable housing programs. Loan terms range from 20 to 30 years with interest rates from 0% to 3%. The County's primary sources of funding for these loans come from grants from California Department of Housing and Community Development, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program and Federal HOME program.

Note 4 – Lease Receivable

A. Governmental Activities

A portion of the County's property is leased to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the County. The terms of the arrangements range from 1 to 30 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized \$80 in lease revenue and \$1 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Balance									Classification				
	July 1,	2021,					Ba	lance	Due	Within	Due i	n More	
<u>.</u>	as rest	ated	Add	itions	Del	etions	June	30, 2022	One	Year	Than O	ne Year	
Leases receivable	\$	89	\$	-	\$	(39)	\$	50	\$	40	\$	10	
Total	\$	89	\$	-	\$	(39)	\$	50	\$	40	\$	10	

Note 4 – Lease Receivable (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Prir	ncipal	Inte	erest	1	otal
2023	\$	40	\$	1	\$	41
2024		10		-		10
Total	\$	50	\$	1	\$	51

As of June 30, 2022, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	tization edule
2023	\$ 10
2024	10
2025	10
2026	10
2027	10
2028-2031	30
Total	\$ 80

B. Business-Type Activities

The portion of the County's property is leased to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the County. The terms of the arrangements range from 2 to 30 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized \$496 in lease revenue and \$8 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Balance								Classification				
	Jul	y 1, 2021,					Ba	lance	Due	within	Due i	n More
	as	restated	Add	itions	De	letions	June	30, 2022	On	e Year	Than (One Year
Leases receivable	\$	605	\$	-	\$	(102)	\$	503	\$	104	\$	399
Total	\$	605	\$	-	\$	(102)	\$	503	\$	104	\$	399

As of June 30, 2022, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending June 30,	Pri	ncipal	In	terest		Total
2023	\$	104	\$	7	\$	111
2024		52		6		58
2025		53		5		58
2026		55		4		59
2027		56		4		60
2028-2032		183		6	_	189
Total	\$	503	\$	32	\$	535

Note 4 – Lease Receivable (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	tization 1edule
2023	\$ 107
2024	55
2025	55
2026	54
2027	54
2028-2032	 171
Total	\$ 496

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A. Due To / From Other Funds

Amounts due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Due to
Due From	Internal Service Funds
Behavorial Health Services Fund	\$ 1,373
Sanitation Fund	-
Non-major Governmental Funds	26,664
Non-major Enterprise Funds	2
Total	\$ 28,039

During the course of normal operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds."

B. Long-Term Advances

General Fund Advance to the Sanitation Fund

On February 2, 2023, the County approved a resolution for the corrective action plan to rectify the secured solid waste land use deficit. The plan includes annual transfers of \$901 from the General Fund to the Sanitation Fund. The transfers will be used by the Sanitation Fund to repay an advance from the General Fund. The payments will be made annually in the amount of \$901 for 30 years or until the advance is paid in full. The advance will carry a 0.0% interest rate per year. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance of the agreement was \$25,325.

Note 5 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

B. Long-Term Advances (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the advance are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		In	terest	<u> </u>	Total
2023	\$	901	\$	-	\$	901
2024		901		-		901
2025		901		-		901
2026		901		-		901
2027		901		-		901
2028-2032		4,505		-		4,505
2033-2037		4,505		-		4,505
2038-2042		4,505		-		4,505
2043-2047		4,505		-		4,505
2038-2041		2,800		-		2,800
Total	\$	25,325	\$	-	\$	25,325

C. Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

				Trans	fer Out			
Transfers In	General Fund	Gove	n-major rnmental Funds		itation und	S	iternal ervice Funds	Total
Social Services Fund Non-major Governmental Funds Non-major Enterprise Funds	\$ 9,098 448 -	\$	- 1,975 1,539	\$	721	\$	-	\$ 9,098 3,144 1,539
Internal Service Funds	220		-		-		1,259	 1,479
	\$ 9,766	\$	3,514	\$	721	\$	1,259	\$ 15,260

The General Fund transferred \$9,098 to the Social Services Fund, \$448 to Non-major Governmental Funds to supplement the funds' operations, and \$220 to the Internal Service Funds to supplement the funds' operations and to accumulate loss reserves. The Non-major Governmental Funds transferred \$1,975 to the Non-major Governmental Funds and \$1,539 to the Non-major Enterprise Funds to transfer capital assets.

The Sanitation Fund transferred \$721 to the Non-major Governmental Funds to cover debt service. The Internal Services Funds transferred \$1,259 to the Internal Services Funds to accumulate loss reserves.

Note 6 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

The summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021, as restated	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,611	\$ -	\$ (1)	\$ -	\$ 4,610
Construction in progress	23,112	3,924	(1,095)	-	25,941
Total capital assets not being depreciated	27,723	3,924	(1,096)	-	30,551
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	125,129	-	-	-	125,129
Structures and improvements	119,445	341	-	-	119,786
Vehicles	15,595	943	(568)	65	16,035
Furniture and equipment	51,361	2,270	(3,957)	-	49,674
Total capital assets being depreciated	311,530	3,554	(4,525)	65	310,624
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(94,171)	(3,322)	-	-	(97,493)
Structures and improvements	(52,770)	(2,221)	-	-	(54,991)
Vehicles	(13,524)	(944)	568	(65)	(13,965)
Furniture and equipment	(44,501)	(1,861)	3,949	-	(42,413)
Total accumulated depreciation	(204,966)	(8,348)	4,517	(65)	(208,862)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	106,564	(4,794)	(8)		101,762
Lease assets, being amortized:					
Structures and improvements	34,424	-	-	-	34,424
Vehicles	147	97	-	-	244
Furniture and equipment	566	1,775			2,341
Total lease assets being amortized	35,137	1,872			37,009
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Structures and improvements	-	(7,594)	-	-	(7,594)
Vehicles	-	(46)	-	-	(46)
Furniture and equipment		(404)			(404)
Total accumulated amortization		(8,044)			(8,044)
Total lease assets being amortized, net	35,137	(6,172)			28,965
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 169,424	\$ (7,042)	\$ (1,104)	\$-	\$ 161,278

Note 6 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 12,264
Public protection	2,473
Health and sanitation	510
Public assistace	203
Public ways and facilities	317
Internal service funds	 625
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 16,392

B. Business-Type Activities

The summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance			Adjustments/	Balance
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	685		-		685
Total capital assets not being depreciated	685				685
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Structures and improvements	23,776	2,418	-	-	26,194
Vehicles	335	-	-	(49)	286
Furniture and equipment	2,931	-	-		2,931
Total capital assets being depreciated	27,042	2,418	-	(49)	29,411
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Structures and improvements	(17,154)	(710)	-	-	(17,864)
Vehicles	(335)	-	-	49	(286)
Furniture and equipment	(2,719)	(78)	-	-	(2,797)
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,208)	(788)	-	49	(20,947)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,834	1,630			8,464
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,519	\$ 1,630	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,149

Depreciation expense was charged to the funds of the business-type activities as follows:

Sanitation	\$ 78
Imperial Airport	 710
Total depreciation expense	\$ 788

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Balance										Classification			
	June 30, 2021,		June 30, 2021, Debt		Debt Balance			D	ue within	Due in More			
	as	restated	Issued			Retired		June 30, 2022		One Year		Than One Year	
Governmental Activities:													
2002 Pension Funding Bonds	\$	21,325	\$	-	\$	(1,630)	\$	19,695	\$	1,725	\$	17,970	
2010 Certificate of Participation		5,655		-		(460)		5,195		475		4,720	
Finance purchase agreements		1,701		-		(467)		1,234		305		929	
Lease liability		35,137		1,874		(7,892)		29,119		7,811		21,308	
Total	\$	63,818	\$	1,874	\$	(10,449)	\$	55,243	\$	10,316	\$	44,927	

2002 Pension Funding Bonds

On September 17, 2002, the County issued \$33,265 in direct placement of taxable pension funding bonds to fund the County's unfunded accrued actuarial liability due the County of Imperial Employees' Retirement System ("the System"). The payment of this liability will provide the System additional funds for investment. Principal is payable annually on August 15, commencing August 15, 2012.

The bonds have a stated interest rate from 4.71% to 5.71% and are payable over a period of 29 years maturing in 2031. Interest is payable on each August 15 and February 15, commencing February 15, 2003. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to their stated maturity date. The bonds contain a provision that, in the event of default, the outstanding principal balance and accrued interest are due and payable immediately. The bond's debt service to maturity is as follows:

The annual debt service requirements on these Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	I	Principal Interest			 Total
2023	\$	1,725	\$	1,074	\$ 2,799
2024		1,825		974	2,799
2025		1,930		867	2,797
2026		2,045		753	2,798
2027		2,165		633	2,798
2028-2031		10,005		1,184	11,189
Total	\$	19,695	\$	5,485	\$ 25,180

2010 Certificates of Participation

On March 1, 2010, the County issued its \$9,465 Certificates of Participation 2010 Series A, as a direct borrowing, for the Landfill Remediation and Closure Funding Program.

The proceeds of the County of Imperial Certificates of Participation, 2010 Series A (COPS) (Landfill Remediation and Closure Funding Program), together with other available funds of the County of Imperial, California, were used to finance a portion of the County's landfill closures and the construction and/or acquisition of certain improvements. The Certificates represent direct, undivided fractional interest in certain Lease Payments to be made by the County pursuant to a Lease Agreement, dated March 1, 2010, by and between the County of Imperial Facilities Corporation and the County.

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2010 Certificates of Participation (Continued)

Interest with respect to the COPS is payable on each February 15 and August 15, commencing August 15, 2010. The Certificates will be initially registered in the name of Code & Co., as nominee of the Depository Trust Company, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository of the Certificates. The Certificates are subject to prepayment prior to their stated maturity. The COP contains a provision, that in the event of default, the Trustee may terminate the lease agreement and hold the County liable for all lease payments on an annual basis. According to the lease agreement, lease payments may not be accelerated upon default. The COP payments are secured by net revenue of landfill user charges, fees and rates collected by the program. The General Fund is expected to liquidate the liability.

The annual debt service requirements on these Certificates of Participation are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	I	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	475	\$ 240	\$ 715
2024		500	219	719
2025		520	195	715
2026		545	171	716
2027		570	144	714
2028-2031		2,585	266	2,851
Total	\$	5,195	\$ 1,235	\$ 6,430

Finance Purchase Agreements

The County has entered into various finance purchase agreements for various equipment purchases. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The assets acquired under capital leases are classified as machinery, equipment and vehicles. The finance purchase agreements carry an annual interest rate of 5.00 percent with principal and interest payments due annually. The gross value of equipment acquired under finance purchase agreements at June 30, 2022, was \$2,985, with an accumulated amortization of \$1,178. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022, is \$1,234.

The annual debt service requirements of the finance purchase agreements are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	I	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$	305	\$ 42	\$	347	
2024		315	32		347	
2025		326	21		347	
2026		68	10		78	
2027		71	8		79	
2028-2029		149	 8		157	
Total	\$	1,234	\$ 121	\$	1,355	

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Lease Liability

The County has entered into leases for building space and equipment use. The terms of the agreements range from 5 to 6 years. The calculated interest rates varied based on the length of the lease ranging from 0.38 to 0.85 percent. As of June 30, 2022, the capitalized right-to-use assets related to leases were \$1,288,724 and the total lease liability was \$832,107, of which \$326,272 is reported as a current liability representing the amount due within the next fiscal year.

The annual debt service requirements of the lease liability are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$	7,811	\$ 355	\$ 8,166
2024		4,880	280	5,160
2025		4,812	212	5,024
2026		4,061	147	4,208
2027		3,291	94	3,385
2028-2030		4,264	64	4,328
Total	\$	29,119	\$ 1,152	\$ 30,271

Note 8 – Special Assessment Debt with No County Commitment

The County issued special tax and assessment bonds on behalf of property owners, pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, to finance the acquisition and construction of certain infrastructure improvements within the assessment districts and community facilities districts.

The County authorized the formation of the County of Imperial Community Facilities Districts No. 02-1, No. 06-1, and No. 98-1, acting through its eligible landowner voters, and the issuance of bonds under the public improvement act (Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982) of the State of California to finance eligible public facilities necessary to serve developing commercial, industrial, residential and/or mixed-use developments. The bonds are secured by annual special tax levies or liens placed on the property within the district. Special Assessment Districts in various parts of the County have issued debt to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within their boundaries. The County is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by these Districts, but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of this debt. Therefore, this debt is not included as debt of the County.

The outstanding balance of each of these issues as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Original Amount	utstanding Balance ne 30, 2022
Imperial County CFD No. 02-1 (2002 Special Tax Bonds Series)	\$ 2,486,600	\$ 145,675
Imperial County CFD No. 06-1 (2007 Special Tax Bonds Series)	2,105,000	1,651,000
Imperial County CFD No. 98-1 (1999 Special Tax Bonds Series)	8,360,000	4,860,000
Total	\$ 12,951,600	\$ 6,656,675

Note 9 – Compensated Absences

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

										1		
	Ba	alance				Balance				e within	Due	in More
	July	1, 2021	Additions		Additions Deletion		June 30, 2022		Or	ie Year	Than One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	20,051	\$	1,702	\$	(4,699)	\$	17,054	\$	1,993	\$	15,061

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability only when matured. The long-term portion of the governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

							 Classi	ification		
	 ance 1, 2021	Additions Deletions			etions	 ance 30, 2022	within e Year	Due in More Than One Year		
Compensated absences	\$ 52	\$	4	\$	(22)	\$ 34	\$ 4	\$	30	

Compensated absences in the business-type activities are obligations of the following funds:

Sanitation	\$ 28
Imperial Airport	 6
Total	\$ 34

Note 10 – Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

State Financial Assurance Mechanism regulations require landfill operations to set aside funds or provide alternative funding mechanisms to fund the closure and post-closure maintenance of landfills. The funding must be completed prior to the final date of closure. These regulations apply to solid waste landfills that have been or will be operated on or after January 1, 1988. Closure and post-closure care costs include, but are not limited to, such items as final cover, groundwater monitoring, well installations landfill gas monitoring systems. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each financial statement date. The ten landfills listed below (with their capacity used and estimated remaining lives) are those currently subject to State and federal regulations:

		Years
Landfill	Capacity Used	Remaining
Brawley	100%	Closed
Calexico	33%	73
Holtville	100%	Closed
Hot Spa	100%	Inactive
Niland	100%	Inactive
Octotillo	100%	Closed
Palo Verde	100%	Closed
Picacho	100%	Inactive
Salton City	3%	15
Worthington	100%	Inactive

Note 10 - Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs (Continued)

The annually inflated landfill closure and post-closure care estimates of \$11,608 and \$22,203 respectively for a total of \$33,811, are based upon the most recently submitted Closure/Post-Closure Maintenance Plan documents filed with the State and Federal permitting agencies. If, at some future date, these closure cost estimates are adjusted (due to changes in inflation, deflation, technology, regulations, etc.), the County is required to make corresponding changes in the amount of funds deposited for closure.

Balance Classification Balance July 1, 2021, Due within Due in More Increase Balance July 1, 2021 Restatement as restated (Decrease) June 30, 2022 **One Year** Than One Year Estimated Liability for: Closure Care Costs \$ \$ 14,739 \$ (3,131) \$ 11,608 \$ 11,608 \$ 14,739 _ \$ _ Postclosure Care Costs 20,767 20,767 1,436 22,203 23 22,180 Corrective Action Costs 19,933 (19,933)Total 55,439 \$ (19,933)\$ 35,506 \$ (1,695) \$ 33,811 \$ 23 \$ 33,788 \$

The estimated closure and post-closure activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 includes the following:

The County has pledged tipping fees and interest revenue to fund the post-closure maintenance costs as needed. Total revenue received in the current fiscal year was \$703 and post-closure expenses were \$0. Each landfill site's maintenance costs are budgeted annually following the Closure and Post-Closure Maintenance Plan as approved by the term for each landfill site funding requirements is thirty (30) years starting with the date of closure as certified by the State.

On January 17, 2019, the County agreed to a Stipulated Notice and Order Regarding Financial Assurances Compliance for Closure Costs negotiated with the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) that required certain actions to be taken by the County to address its deficiency in financial assurance coverage for closure costs. These actions included a one-time payment of \$1.3 million to the Final Closure Accounts of the Landfills, annual payments of \$750 thousand to the Final Closure Accounts, and additional annual reporting requirements. As of June 30, 2023, the County is in compliance with the Stipulated Notice and Order requiring annual contributions to finance closure costs. At the end of fiscal year 2023, restricted cash and investments of \$11,398 was held for this purpose.

In addition to the above, state regulations require that landfill closure and postclosure maintenance costs be fully funded at the time of closure, unless a landfill owner/operator can demonstrate financial responsibility towards these activities by using other approved financial assurance alternatives. A pledge of revenue is one of various alternatives allowed to fund estimated postclosure costs and corrective action costs. Under this alternative, the Board of Supervisors, on September 20, 2011, approved resolution 2011-XX, wherein the County entered into a pledge of revenue agreement with the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB). The pledged amount is a promise of existing funds rather than future revenues and may increase or decrease to match any adjustment to identified cost estimates that are mutually agreed to by the County and CalRecycle. The Salton City Landfill, which is managed by a third-party, is separately assured for the reasonably foreseeable correction action cost estimate. The financial assurance demonstration for these costs is met through a surety bond (financial guarantee) for corrective action. The County also maintains a Certificate of Liability Insurance to meet the financial assurance requirements over operating liability coverage.

Regulations governing solid waste management are promulgated by government agencies at the federal and state levels. These regulations address the design, construction, operation, maintenance, closure and postclosure maintenance of various types of facilities; acceptable and prohibited waste types; and inspection, permitting, environmental monitoring and solid waste recycling requirements. Regulations at both the state and federal levels could impose retroactive liability, particularly with respect to cleanup activities relating to any landfill site ever operated by the County, whether or not owned by the County. Thus, the County has potential liability with respect to every landfill ever owned, operated, contracted to be operated, or into which the County disposed waste. Compliance with these regulations may be costly, and, as more stringent standards are developed to protect the environment, these costs could increase.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has established self-insurance programs for liability, workers' compensation, unemployment, medical malpractice and auto liability.

The liability insurance has a self-insured retention per claim of \$200 with excess liability insurance of up to \$25,000 per occurrence being provided by independent carriers. Workers' compensation has a self-insured retention per claim of \$300. Unemployment claims are reimbursed to the State of California for claims paid on behalf of the County. The County has a self-insurance group health program for its employees. The health plan has self-insured retention per claim of \$150. The medical malpractice insurance has a self-insured retention per claim of \$200 with excess liability insurance of up to \$9,800 per occurrence being provided by independent carriers. Auto liability insurance has a self-insured retention per claim of \$200.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the internal service funds. Revenues are primarily provided by other County funds and are intended to cover self-insured claims liabilities, insurance premiums and operating expenses. County officials believe that the assets of the internal serves funds together with funds to be provided in the future, will provide adequate resources to meet the County's self-insured claim liabilities as they come true.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent pay-outs and other economic and social factors. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past year are as follows:

	Beg	inning of	 ent Year ims and		Ba	lance at			1	Due in
		cal Year iability	anges in imates	Claim yments	Fiscal Year End					
2022	\$	39,720	\$ 6,614	\$ (6,678)	\$	39,656	\$	6,898	\$	32,758
2021		37,681	4,747	(2,708)		39,720		6,909		32,811
2020		33,844	6,077	(2,240)		37,681		6,554		31,127

Note 12 – Pension Plans

A. Summary

	 ernmental Activities	ess-Type tivities	 Total
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Employer contributions made			
subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 30,292	\$ 105	\$ 30,397
Changes in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	461	2	463
Difference between expected and actual experience	4,587	16	4,603
Changes in assumptions	 53,725	 185	 53,910
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 89,065	\$ 308	\$ 89,373

A. Summary (Continued)

	Go	overnmental Activities	ess-Type tivities		Total
Net pension liability:					
Net pension liability	\$	25,389	\$ 243	\$	25,632
Net pension liability	\$	25,389	\$ 243	\$	25,632
Deferred inflows of Resources:					
Difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and proportionate	\$	113,245	\$ 405	\$	113,650
share of contributions		53	1		54
Differences between expected and actual experience		19,930	 71	_	20,001
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	133,228	\$ 477	\$	133,705
Pension Expense	\$	9,937	\$ 36	\$	9,973

B. General Information about Pension Plan

Plan Description

The County of Imperial Employees' Retirement System (ICERS) was established by the County of Imperial in 1951. ICERS is administered by the Board of Retirement and governed by the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (California Government Code Section 31450 et. seq.). ICERS is a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system whose main function is to provide service retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits to the Safety and General members employed by the County of Imperial. ICERS also provides retirement benefits to the employee members of the County of Imperial Courts, LAFCO, and ICTC.

The management of ICERS is vested with the County of Imperial Board of Retirement. The Board consists of nine members and two alternates. The County Treasurer is a member of the Board of Retirement by law. Four members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors, one of whom may be a County Supervisor. Two members are elected by the General membership; one member and one alternate are elected by the Safety membership; one member and one alternate are elected by the Board of Retirement serve terms of three years except for the County Treasurer whose term runs concurrent with her term as County Treasurer.

Summary of Plans and Eligible Participants

At June 30, 2021, the measurement date, of the most recent actuarial valuation, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active employees	2,236
Retired members or benficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,360
Inactive vested members	597
Total	4,193

B. General Information about Pension Plan (Continued)

Summary of Plans and Eligible Participants

The County of Imperial Retirement System (ICERS) issues an audited stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement at 1221 W. State Street, El Centro, California 92243.

Open for New Enrollment:

PEPRA General Tier 3 – General members hired on or after January 1, 2013 may continue in plan.

PEPRA Safety Tier 3 - (a) Law Enforcement, (b) fire suppression, and (c) certain probation officers hired on or after January 1, 2013 may continue in plan.

Closed to New Enrollment:

General Legacy – General members hired prior to January 1, 2013 may continue in plan.

Safety Legacy – (a) Law Enforcement, (b) fire suppression, and (c) certain probation officers hired prior to January 1, 2013 may continue in plan.

Benefits Provided

All regular full-time employees of the County of Imperial who work a minimum of 30 hours per week become members of ICERS effective on the first day of the first full pay period after employment. ICERS provides service retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits to eligible employees. The retirement benefit the member will receive is based upon age at retirement, final average compensation, years of retirement service credit and retirement plan and tier. There are separate retirement benefits for General and Safety member employees.

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA), took into effect on January 2013, in which changed the way retirement health benefits are applied, and placed compensation limits on members.

General member benefits are calculated pursuant to the provisions of Sections 31676.11 and 31676.14 for Regular and Regular plus Supplemental Benefits, respectively. The monthly allowance is equal to 1/60th of final compensation for Regular and Regular plus Supplemental Benefits, times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from either Section 31676.11 (Regular Benefit) or Section 31676.14 (Regular plus Supplemental Benefit). General member benefits for those who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, are calculated pursuant to the provision of the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act, Government Code Section 7522.20(a). The monthly allowance is equal to the final compensation multiplied by years of accrued retirement credit multiplied by the age factor from Section 7522.20(a).

Safety member benefits are calculated pursuant to the provisions of California Government Code Sections 31664 and 31664.1 for Regular and Regular plus Supplemental Benefits, respectively. The monthly allowance is equal to 1/50th (or 2%) of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from Section 31664 (Regular Benefit) or 3% of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from Section 31664.1 (Regular plus Supplemental Benefit). Safety member benefits for those first hired on or after January 1, 2013, are calculated pursuant to the provision of the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act, Government Code Section 7522.25(d). The monthly allowance is equal to the final compensation multiplied by years of accrued retirement credit multiplied by the age factor from Section 7522.25(d).

B. General Information about Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

For members with membership dates before January 1, 2013, the maximum monthly retirement allowance is 100% of final compensation. Final average compensation consists of the highest 12 consecutive months for a General or Safety member and the highest 36 consecutive months for a PEPRA General and PEPRA Safety member. ICERS provides an annual cost-of-living benefit to all retirees. The cost-of-living adjustment, based upon the Consumer Price Index for the Western Region, is capped at 2.0%. Employees terminating before rendering five years of service forfeit the right to receive benefits but may withdraw their contributions and accumulated interest. Employees terminating after five years of service may elect to leave accumulated deposits in the Plan and receive benefits at the time of normal retirement.

Death and Disability Benefits

Upon the death of an active employee, a death benefit, equal to the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest, plus 1/12th of the deceased's final year's salary, multiplied by the number of completed years of service, but limited to 1/2 annual salary, is paid to beneficiaries. Upon the death of a qualified member, the surviving spouse, as an option, may receive an annual allowance of 60 percent (60%) of the member's retirement allowance as of the date of death. The death of a member due to service-connected injury or disease entitles the decedent's surviving spouse or child under 18 years of age to receive an annual allowance equal to one-half the member's final compensation. In addition, the beneficiary of a retiree who dies after retirement while receiving an allowance from the Retirement System, is paid a death benefit of \$5.

An active employee becoming totally disabled as a result of a service-connected injury or disease is paid an annual allowance of the larger of 50 percent (50%) of the employee's compensation, or the normal retirement benefits accumulated by the member as of the date of disability. An active employee who is totally disabled because of a non-service connected disease or injury, receives all vested retirement benefits accumulated as of the date of the disability.

Contributions

The County's funding policy is to make periodic contributions to ICERS in amounts such that, when combined with employee contributions and investment income, will fully provide member benefits by the time they retire. Covered employees are required to contribute a percentage of their annual compensation to ICERS. Employer contributions are based on what is needed to properly fund the plans. Contributions to the pension plans from the County were \$30,397 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Actuarily recommended employer and employee contribution rates for active members for each plan are as follows:

	Employer	Employee		
	Contribution Rates	Contribution Rates		
General Legacy	23.57%	11.59%		
General Tier 3	19.07%	11.27%		
Safety Legacy	35.82%	26.56%		
Safety Tier 3	30.12%	23.09%		

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$25,632 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all Pension Plan participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 94.320%, which was decrease of 0.970% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of \$9,973. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits.

At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions made subsequent				
to measurement date	\$ 30,397	\$	-	
Difference between projected and actual				
earning on pension plan investments	-		(113,650)	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions	463		(54)	
Changes in assumptions	53,910		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	 4,603		(20,001)	
Total	\$ 89,373	\$	(133,705)	

\$30,397 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Deferred Outflow (Inflows) of Resour					
2023	\$	(8,938)				
2024		(8,939)				
2025		(6,732)				
2026		(4,162)				
2027		(3,904)				
Thereafter		(7,930)				
	\$	(40,605)				

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability (TPL) in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.00%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.25% (Inflation of 2.75% plus real "across the board" salary increases of .50% per year)
Salary Increases	Inflation of 2.75% plus across the board increases of .50% plus merit based increases ranging from
	General: 1.25% to 6% and Safety: 1.25% to 8%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	23.00%	5.42%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	6.00%	6.21%
Developed International Equity	17.00%	6.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	7.00%	8.80%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	22.00%	1.13%
TIPS	5.00%	0.87%
Real Estate	5.00%	4.57%
Value Added Real Estate	5.00%	8.10%
Private Credit	5.00%	5.60%
Private Equity	5.00%	9.40%
Total	100.00%	

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability (TPL) was 7.00 percent (7.00%) as of June 30, 2021. For plan member contributions, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate for the Regular and PEPRA benefits and that the contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates for the Supplemental benefits. For employer contributions, the projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates for the Supplemental benefits. For employer contributions, the projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

For this purpose, only employee and employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL as part of the June 30, 2021 measurement.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)							
Discount Rate - 1% Current Discount Discount Rate							
((6.00%)		e (7.00%)	(8.00%)			
\$	187,531	\$	25,632	\$	(106,296)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ICERS has issued an audited stand-alone annual financial report for each year ending June 30. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available and can be obtained online at icers.com.

Note 13 – Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Summary

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		 Total
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Employer contributions made					
subsequent to the measurement date	\$	10,239	\$	37	\$ 10,276
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,995		7	2,002
Changes in assumptions		15,655		56	 15,711
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	27,889	\$	100	\$ 27,989

A. Summary (Continued)

	 ernmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities	Total
Net OPEB liability:			
Net OPEB liability	\$ 303,004	\$ 1,562	\$ 304,566
Net OPEB liability	\$ 303,004	\$ 1,562	\$ 304,566
Deferred inflows of Resources:			
Difference between expected and actual experience Difference between projected and actual	\$ 33,367	\$ 119	\$ 33,486
earning on pension plan investments	148	1	149
Change in assumption	 24,595	 88	 24,683
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 58,110	\$ 208	\$ 58,318
Total OPEB expense	\$ 12,593	\$ 45	\$ 12,638

B. General Information about OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit plan which provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. County retirees who retire directly from the County are eligible for health coverage in the County self-funded health plans if they meet certain age and service eligibility requirements. The County's self-funded medical and dental plans are administered by Blue Shield of California. In addition, the County contracts with Dental Health Service and Vision Service Plan (VSP) for dental and vision benefits.

The County established an OPEB trust with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) to accumulate resources to fund future benefit payments of the Plan.

Benefits Provided

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the County with at least 10 years of service and are receiving retirement benefits from County of Imperial employees' Retirement System (ICERS). Former County employees with at least 10 years of service who have not yet commenced retirement benefits with ICERS may apply for County retiree health plan coverage upon commencement of pension benefits from ICERS. Beginning in 2012, the County now requires all Medicare eligible retirees to enroll in a fully insured Medicare Supplement plan. Retirees may elect to cover spouses in their medical, dental, and vision coverage, however retirees are charged the full premium for spouses' medical, dental, and vision coverage. The County now contracts with United Health Care for Medicare Supplement coverage for its Medicare eligible retirees.

Health Benefits

For County employees hired after December 31, 1988, the retiree will be required to pay a self-pay premium for retiree only coverage based on years of service Plan 1 or 2 enrollment as shown in the tables below.

For County employees hired prior to January 1, 1989, the retiree will be required to pay the same self-pay premium for retiree only coverage as retirees hired after December 31, 1988 with 25+ years of service.

B. General Information about OPEB Plan (Continued)

Retirees who elect coverage for their spouses or dependents must pay an additional self-pay premium as shown in the table below.

Years of Service	County Portion	Retiree Portion
10 to 15 years	25%	75%
16 to 20 years	50%	50%
21 to 24 years	75%	25%
25 years or above	100%	0%

As of June 30, 2021 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	1,997
Retired employees and beneficiaries	747
Total	2,744

C. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Contribution

The County has not established an ongoing funding policy of periodic contributions but may consider making future contributions on an ad hoc basis. In the absence of a periodic funding policy and due to the size of the assets relative to plan liabilities, a discount rate of 2.21% based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index is used as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The County contributed \$10,276 to the plan during the fiscal year.

Net OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2022, the County reported a net OPEB liability of \$304,566.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Net OPEB Liability measured as of June 30, 2021 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Discount Rate Inflation Actuarial cost method Expected long-term investment rate of return Mortality, Termination, and Disability	 2.16% 2.50% Entry Age Normal Cost Method 5.00% Pre-retirement: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 Employee Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement Healthy General Members: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 General Retiree Mortality Table project with mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Disabled General Members: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with mortality improvement scale. Health Safety Members: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 Safety Retiree Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement sacle MP-2020. Disabled Safety Members: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 Safety Disabled Retiree Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Healthy Beneficiaries: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 General Contingent Survivors
	Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2020.
Mortality Improvement Scale Healthcare Trend Rate	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 Health cost inflation trend derived by using the "Geltzen" model developed by the Society of Actuaries

C. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Investment Rate of Return

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and equivalents	1.00%	1.98%
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	46.50%	3.67%
Mutual Funds - Equity	52.50%	7.83%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The County has not established an ongoing funding policy of periodic contributions, but may consider funding on an ad hoc basis. In the absence of a funding policy and due to the size of the trust fund assets relative to the plan liabilities, a discount rate of 2.16%, based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index was used to calculate the net OPEB liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date. The discount rate used for the June 30, 2020 measurement date was 2.21%.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The table below shows the changes in the total OPEB liability, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position, and the net OPEB liability during the measurement period ending on June 30, 2021.

	 al OPEB .iability	iduciary Position	 t OPEB iability
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 290,123	\$ 1,524	\$ 288,599
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	14,989	-	14,989
Interest on the total OPEB liabilities	6,653	-	6,653
Change of benefit terms	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	2,738	-	2,738
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including			
refunds of members contributions	(8,112)	(8,112)	-
Contributions - employer	-	8,112	(8,112)
Contributions - employee	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	311	(311)
Administrative expenses	 -	 (10)	10
Net changes	 16,268	 301	 15,967
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$ 306,391	\$ 1,825	\$ 304,566

(1) Assumption changed due to a change in discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%.

(2) The benefit payments shown based on the expected benefit payment.

⁽³⁾ The amount shown above includes both the contributions made to the trust and the expected benefit payment cost.

C. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The County did not make any contributions into the OPEB Trust from the period of July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The first table shows what the County's Net OPEB Liability (NOL) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

The second table shows what the County's Net OPEB Liability (NOL) would be if it were calculated using Healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current Healthcare cost trend rates.

 1nt Rate - 1% (1.16%)		ent Discount te (2.16%)		1nt Rate + 1% (3.16%)	
\$ 367,090	\$	304,566	\$ 255,620		
Р	lan's Ne	t OPEB Liabili	tv		
Р		et OPEB Liabili thcare Cost	ty		
 P -1%	Heal		ty	1%	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$17,816. As of June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red outflows Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Employer contributions made				
subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 10,276	\$	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience	2,002		(33,486)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-		(149)	
Changes of assumptions	15,711		(24,683)	
Total	\$ 27,989	\$	(58,318)	

The amount of \$10,276 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

C. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Year Ended June 30	 ed Outflows/) of Resources
2023	\$ (8,938)
2024	(8,939)
2025	(6,732)
2026	(4,162)
2027	(3,904)
Thereafter	 (7,930)
	\$ (40,605)

D. OPEB Fiduciary Plan – GASB 74

The following information is provided for the OPEB plan in accordance with GASB 74. The OPEB Fiduciary Plan is the same Plan as reported above, however, the scope of GASB 74 includes the OPEB Fiduciary Trust. In addition, the reporting periods differ and, as such, the financial information is different. Certain information requiring footnote disclosure is repetitive.

The OPEB Plan is administered by the County and plan assets are recorded in the General Fund. The net OPEB plan liability and asset information is reported within certain defined timeframes as listed below:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Measurement period	July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

As of June 30, 2022 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	1,993
Retired employees and beneficiaries	796
Total	2,789

Note 13 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

D. OPEB Fiduciary Plan – GASB 74 (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability of the County

The components of the Net OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Palance at June 20, 2021		tal OPEB Liability	Fiduciary Position	et OPEB Jability
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	306,391	\$ 1,825	\$ 304,566
Changes in the year:				
Service cost		15,534	-	15,534
Interest on the total OPEB liabilities		6,881	-	6,881
Change of benefit terms		-	-	-
Changes in assumptions		(64,681)	-	(64,681)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(14,602)	-	(14,602)
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions		(6,923)	(6,923)	_
Plan to plan resource movement		-	-	-
Contributions - employer		-	6,836	(6,836)
Contributions - employee		-	-	-
Net investment income		-	(210)	210
Administrative expenses		-	 (11)	 11
Net changes		(63,791)	 (308)	 (63,483)
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$	242,600	\$ 1,517	\$ 241,083

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability measured as of June 30, 2023 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Discount Rate Inflation Actuarial cost method Expected long-term investment rate of return Mortality, Termination, and Disability	 3.54% 2.40% Entry Age Normal Cost Method 5.50% Pre-retirement: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 Employee Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement Healthy General Members: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 General Retiree Mortality Table project with mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Disabled General Members: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with mortality improvement scale. Health Safety Members: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 Safety Retiree Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Disabled Safety Members: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 Safety Disabled Retiree Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Healthy Beneficiaries: Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 General Contingent Survivors Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2020.
Mortality Improvement Scale Healthcare Trend Rate	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 Health cost inflation trend derived by using the "Geltzen" model developed by the Society of Actuaries

Note 13 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

D. OPEB Fiduciary Plan – GASB 74 (Continued)

Investment Rate of Return

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and equivalents	6.00%	2.58%
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	46.60%	4.16%
Mutual Funds - Equity	47.40%	6.68%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The County has not established an ongoing funding policy of periodic contributions, but may consider funding on an ad hoc basis. In the absence of a funding policy and due to the size of the trust fund assets relative to the plan liabilities, a discount rate of 3.54%, based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index was used to calculate the net OPEB liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date. The discount rate used for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was 3.54%.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The first table shows what the County's Net OPEB Liability (NOL) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

The second table shows what the County's Net OPEB Liability (NOL) would be if it were calculated using Healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current Healthcare cost trend rates.

 P ant Rate - 1% (2.54%)	Curr	et OPEB Liabili ent Discount ite (2.16%)	Discou	unt Rate + 1% (4.54%)
\$ 284,813	\$	241,083	\$	206,257
Р		et OPEB Liabili	ty	
Р		e t OPEB Liabili lthcare Cost	ty	
-1%	Hea		ty	1%

Note 14 – Other Required Disclosures

A. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

At June 30, 2022, the following funds had a fund balances (deficit) or unrestricted net position (deficit), which will be eliminated through the reduction in future expenditures and/or the use of new funding sources:

Fund	Fund Type	Deficit			
Social Services Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$ 1,768			
Public Works Roads Fund	Special Revenue Fund	3,068			
Fire Protection Fund	Special Revenue Fund	8,052			
Library Fund	Special Revenue Fund	649			
Substance Abuse Fund	Special Revenue Fund	599			
Admin ICCED Fund	Special Revenue Fund	1			
Economic Development Fund	Special Revenue Fund	1,600			
Judicial Fund	Special Revenue Fund	124			
Police Protection Fund	Special Revenue Fund	1,080			
Recreational Facilities Fund	Special Revenue Fund	58			
Other Protection Fund	Special Revenue Fund	326			
California Child Services Fund	Special Revenue Fund	276			
Capital Projects Fund	Capital Projects Fund	535			
Sanitation Fund	Enterprise Fund	60,616			
County Transit Administrative Program Fund	Enterprise Fund	2			
Garage Operating Fund	Internal Service Fund	1,323			
Central Mail System Fund	Internal Service Fund	15			
Information Systems Fund	Internal Service Fund	4,112			

The County's governmental activities had an unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$(392,423) as of June 30, 2023. This is mainly due to reporting of net pension liability of \$(25,389) as required under GASB Statement No. 68 (Note 12) and reporting of Total OPEB liability of \$(303,004) as required under GASB Statement No. 75 (Note 13). The County's business-type activities had an unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$(60,174) due to reporting of landfill closure/post-closure liability of \$(33,811) as required under GASB Statement No. 18 (Note 10). The Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Fund and Internal Service Funds deficits are expected to be eliminated by future grant revenues, intergovernmental and charges for services. The Internal Service Funds deficit, the County is in the process of generating a new rate study to adjust the land use fee to generate additional revenues to address the operations, maintenance, closure costs and debt. is expected to be eliminated by transfers from the General Fund and a new rate study.

B. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds by function:

		Excess Exp	penditures
Fund	Function	over Appro	opriations
General Fund	Debt service: Principal	\$	1,415
General Fund	Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges		72
Social Services Special Revenue Fund	Debt service: Principal		486
Social Services Special Revenue Fund	Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges		20
Behavioral Health Services Special Revenue Fund	Debt service: Principal		1,593
Behavioral Health Services Special Revenue Fund	Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges		121

Note 15 – Fund Balance Classification

The County classifies fund balances, as shown on the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds*, as follows as:

	General Fund	Ho Propos	avorial ealth sition #63 'und	1911 lignment Fund	Social Services Fund		American Rescue Plan Act Fund	1	havorial Health ervices Fund	Gove	on-major ernmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable												
Inventories and prepaid items Advances to other funds	\$ 288 24,424	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	5	\$-	\$	41	\$	2,723	\$ 3,052 24,424
Total nonspendable	24,712		-	-	-		-		41		2,723	27,476
Restricted			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_						
Endowment for Capital Projects	1,371		-	-	-		-		-		-	1,371
Behavorial Health Services	-		-	-	-		-		1,591		-	1,591
Host Public Benefit Fees	-		-	-	-		-		-		18,000	18,000
Public Health	-		-	-	-		-		-		647	647
Gateway CSA CAO	-		-	-	-		-		-		228	228
Workforce Investment Act	-		-	_	-		-		_		676	676
Federal Jail Improvements									_		5	5
Criminal Justice Facilities	-		-	-	-		-		-			
	-		-	-	-		-				1,746	1,746
Geothermal Admin	-		-	-	-		-		-		447	447
Service Authority Freeway Emerg	-		-	-	-		-		-		1,406	1,406
Air Pollution Control	-		-	-	-		-		-		4,079	4,079
DMV Fees	-		-	-	-		-		-		2,503	2,503
Recorders Improvements	-		-	-	-		-		-		1,352	1,352
M edi-Cal/CM SP	-		-	-	-		-		-		11,184	11,184
IHSS Public Authoriy	-		-	-	-		-		-		205	205
MHSA Act Prop #63	-		-	-	-		-		-		986	986
Public Works Impact Fees	-		-	-	-		-		-		209	209
Cal-M met Grant	-		-	-	-		-		-		618	618
Ozone Operational Develop	-		-	-	-		-		-		428	428
Measure D LTA Roads	-		-	_	-		-		_		12,760	12,760
Sunbeam Lake RV Park	_		_	_	_		_		-		265	265
Com Cor Perform Incent	_		_	-	_		_		_		1,598	1,598
Wraparound Program Probation	-		-	-	-		-		-			
· -	-		-	-	-		-				1,517	1,517
IGT Intra Govt Transfer	-		-	-	-		-		-		321	321
Local Health Authority	-		-	-	-		-		-		13,112	13,112
SB1-Road Maint & Rehab Act	-		-	-	-		-		-		16,426	16,426
APCD Rule 310	-		-	-	-		-		-		763	763
Boating & Waterways	-		-	-	-		-		-		10	10
Community Development Block Grant	-		-	-	-		-		-		5,306	5,306
Disaster Recovery	-		-	-	-		-		-		2,208	2,208
First Time Homebuyer	-		-	-	-		-		-		1,655	1,655
Housing Rehabiliation	-		-	-	-		-		-		108	108
Water Treatment	-		-	-	-		-		-		3,594	3,594
Parks and Recreation	-		-	-	-		-		-		9	9
USDA	-		-	-	-		-		-		1,007	1,007
Administration	_		_	_	_				_		486	486
Communication											26	26
	-		-	-	-		-		-			
Detention and Correction	-		-	-	-		-		-		225	225
Fire Protection	-		-	-	-		-		-		92	92
Health	-		-	-	-		-		-		17,896	17,896
Legislative and Admin	-		-	-	-		-		-		124	124
Property Management	-		-	-	-		-		-		319	319
Public Way	-		-	-	-		-		-		240	240
Public Protection	-		-	-	-		-		-		1,919	1,919
Other Assistance	-		-	-	-		-		-		964	964
Public Assistance	-		-	-	-		-		-		6,269	6,269
Education	-		-	-	-		-		-		736	736
Child Support Services	-		-	-	-		-		-		104	104
Animal Control	-		-	-	-		-		-		9	9
	-		-	-	-		-		-			,

Note 15 – Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

The County classifies fund balances, as shown on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, as follows as:

	Gener Fund		Behavorial Health Proposition #63 Fund	1911 Realignr Fund	nent	Social Services Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Behavorial Health Services Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted (Continued)										
Special District Operations		-	-		-	-	-	-	1,227	1,227
DNA ID Local Portion		-	-		-	-	-	-	648	648
Other Special Revenue Programs		-	-		-	-	-	-	20,771	20,771
Debt Service		-	-		-	-	-	-	5,215	5,215
Total restricted	1	,371			-		-	1,591	162,648	165,610
Committed										
General reserve	4	,448			-			-		4,448
Total committed	4	,448			-	-	-	-	-	4,448
Assigned										
Endowment Operating Fund,										
Encumbrances, Revenue										
Stabilization Reserve	4	,306	-		-		-	-	-	4,306
Total assigned	4	,306			-		-		-	4,306
Unassigned (deficit)		-			-	(1,768)	-	-	(18,990)	(20,758)
Total fund balances	\$ 34	,837	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (1,768)	\$-	\$ 1,632	\$ 146,381	\$ 181,082

Note 16 - Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net Investment in Capital Assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	 vernmental activities	ness-type tivities	Total		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 161,278	\$ 9,149	\$	170,427	
Less related debt:					
Certificates of participation	(5,195)	-		(5,195)	
Finance purchase agreement	(1,234)	-		(1,234)	
Lease liability	 (29,119)	 -	_	(29,119)	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 125,730	\$ 9,149	\$	134,879	

Note 17 – Prior Period Adjustments

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The beginning net position at July 1, 2021 of the Government-Wide Financial Statements was restated as follows:

	 ernmental Activities	iness-Type Activities
Net position, as previously reported, at July 1, 2021	\$ (109,041)	\$ (63,304)
Prior period restatement	 (16,335)	 19,933
Net position at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$ (125,376)	\$ (43,371)

Note 17 – Prior Period Adjustments (Continued)

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Prior period adjustments were recorded in the Governmental Activities to record construction in progress excluded from previous years capital assets \$6,726, to include internal service fund period adjustments \$4,542, and to include governmental fund prior period adjustments (\$27,603).

A prior period adjustment was recorded in the Business-Type Activities to include enterprise prior period adjustments \$19,933.

B. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The beginning fund balance at July 1, 2021 of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements was restated as follows:

	(General Fund	Rea	1911 llignment Fund	I	Fire Protection Fund		Library Fund
Fund balance, as previously reported, at July 1, 2021 Prior period restatement	\$	36,952 (1,686)	\$	20,819 (20,819)	\$	(7,315) (483)	\$	(582) (38)
Fund balance at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	35,266	\$	-	\$	(7,798)	\$	(620)
	Dev	mmunity ælopment ock Grant Fund		Disaster overy Grant Fund		first Time lomebuyer Fund		Housing nabilitation Fund
Fund balance, as previously reported, at July 1, 2021 Prior period restatement	\$	6,678 (1,354)	\$	4,656 (2,409)	\$	1,866 (182)	\$	151 (31)
Fund balance at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	5,324	\$	2,247	\$	1,684	\$	120
				Water ceatment Fund		US DA Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Fund balance, as previously reported, at July 1, 2021 Prior period restatement			\$	4,535 (586)	\$	1,122 (15)	\$	199,465 (27,603)
Fund balance at July 1, 2021, as restated			\$	3,949	\$	1,107	\$	171,862

Prior period adjustments were recorded in the General Fund, Fire Protection Special Revenue Fund, and Library Special Revenue Fund, to correct improperly accrued property taxes receivable and understated sales tax receivable.

A prior period adjustment was recorded in the 1911 Realignment Fund to reclassify prior year revenues recorded as unearned revenue.

Prior period adjustments were recorded in the Community Development Block Grant, Disaster Recovery Grant, First Time Home Buyer, Housing Rehabilitation, Water Treatment, and USDA General Fund non-major special revenue funds to record accrued interest receivable on loans as unavailable revenue.

Note 17 – Prior Period Adjustments (Continued)

C. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The beginning net position at July 1, 2021 of the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements was restated as follows:

	Sa	nitation Fund	Total Enterprise Funds			
Net position, as previously reported, at July 1, 2021 Prior period restatement	\$	(70,991) 19,933	\$	(63,304) 19,933		
Net position at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	(51,058)	\$	(43,371)		
		learing/ evolving		Total nal Service Funds		
Net position, as previously reported, at July 1, 2021 Prior period restatement	\$	54 4,542	\$	12,390 4,542		
Net position at July 1, 2021, as restated		4,596	\$	16.932		

A prior period adjustment was recorded in the Sanitation Enterprise Fund to correct improperly accrued landfill corrective action costs liability. A prior period adjustment was recorded in the Clearing/Revolving Internal Service Fund to correct improperly accrued Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) payable.

Note 18 – Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits which arise under the normal course of the operations. In the opinion of County Counsel and management, such claims against the County not covered by insurance would not materially affect the combined financial statements of the County.

B. Federal and State Grants

The County recognizes as revenues, grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred in certain federal and state programs it administers. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	 Budgeted	l Amou			Actual	Fina Fav	nce with l Budget orable/
	 Original		Final	A	mounts	(Unfa	avorable)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 26,067	\$	26,067	\$	29,296	\$	3,229
Licenses, permits and fees	1,133		1,133		1,357		224
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	4,320		4,331		5,239		908
Investment income (loss)	1,276		1,276		(851)		(2,127)
Intergovernmental	47,472		48,508		53,590		5,082
Charges for current services	22,631		22,631		24,213		1,582
Other revenue	 1,141		1,404		1,640		236
Total revenues	 104,040		105,350		114,484		9,134
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	25,084		27,082		24,933		2,149
Public protection	76,469		73,735		72,831		904
Public assistace	4,215		4,242		4,141		101
Capital outlay	65		4,538		3,530		1,008
Debt service:							
Principal	-		-		1,415		(1,415)
Interest and fiscal charges	 -		-		72		(72)
Total expenditures	 105,833		109,597		106,922		2,675
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (1,793)		(4,247)	1	7,562		11,809
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Inception of lease liability	-		-		1,775		1,775
Transfers out	(9,767)		(9,767)		(9,766)		1
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (9,767)		(9,767)		(7,991)		1,776
Net change in fund balance	\$ (11,560)	\$	(14,014)		(429)	\$	13,585
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)					35,266		
End of year				\$	34,837		

County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Social Services Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:									
Investment income (loss)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(63)	\$	(63)	
Intergovernmental		114,991		115,366		102,092		(13,274)	
Charges for current services		80		80		155		75	
Other revenue		2		2		37		35	
Total revenues		115,073		115,448		102,221		(13,227)	
EXPENDITURES :									
Current:									
Public assistace		125,174		125,563		112,646		12,917	
Debt service:									
Principal		-		-		486		(486)	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		20		(20)	
Total expenditures		125,174		125,563		113,152		12,411	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(10,101)		(10,115)		(10,931)		(816)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in	_	9,098		9,098		9,098		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,098		9,098		9,098		-	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,003)	\$	(1,017)		(1,833)	\$	(816)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):									
Beginning of year						65			
End of year					\$	(1,768)			

County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Behavioral Health Services Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amoun			Actual	Fina Fa	ance with al Budget vorable/
	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	(Uni	favorable)
REVENUES:								
Investment income (loss)	\$	40	\$	40	\$	91	\$	51
Intergovernmental		43,584		48,765		46,848		(1,917)
Charges for current services		5,450		5,450		3,608		(1,842)
Other revenue		110		110		26		(84)
Total revenues		49,184		54,365		50,573		(3,792)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Health and sanitation		52,608		57,880		43,309		14,571
Capital outlay		70		193		83		110
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		1,593		(1,593)
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		121		(121)
Total expenditures		52,678		58,073		45,106		12,967
Net change in fund balance	\$	(3,494)	\$	(3,708)		5,467	\$	9,175
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year						(3,835)		
End of year					\$	1,632		

County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budgetary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000-29143 of the Government Code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30, for each fiscal year.

Expenditures are controlled on the object level except for capital assets expenditures which are controlled on the subobject level.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executor contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in the governmental and proprietary fund types. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control accountability. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at that time are liquidated at year-end.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between objects of expenditures within the same department or between departments within any fund must be approved by the County Executive Office.

Supplemental appropriations necessary and normally financed by unanticipated revenues during the year must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

The budgetary comparison schedules are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. A reconciliation of budgetary information to GAAP information is not needed as there are no differences between the two.

There is no budgetary schedule for the Behavioral Health Proposition #63 Fund, the 1911 Realignment Fund, or the American Rescue Plan Act Fund.

County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year:	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Jur	ne 30, 2020	Jui	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Measurement Date:	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Jun	ie 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2018	Jur	ne 30, 2017
Proportion of the net pension liability		97.8700%		95.2900%		95.1840%		94.9850%		94.6690%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	25,632	\$	187,420	\$	116,293	\$	126,434	\$	126,951
Covered payroll	\$	118,123	\$	115,139	\$	110,172	\$	106,108	\$	107,075
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		21.70%		162.78%		105.56%		119.16%		118.56%
Plan fiduciary net position liability		97.90%		81.95%		87.73%		86.15%		85.27%
Fiscal Year:					Jur	ne 30, 2017	Jui	ne 30, 2016	Jun	ne 30, 2015 ¹
Measurement Date:					Jun	ie 30, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2015	Jur	ne 30, 2014
Measurement Date: Proportion of the net pension liability					Jun	94.7210%	Jur	94.7310%	Jur	ne 30, 2014 95.1030%
Proportion of the net	y				Jun \$		Jur \$	<u> </u>	Jur \$,
Proportion of the net pension liability Plan fiduciary net position as a	y					94.7210%		94.7310%		95.1030%
Proportion of the net pension liability Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liabilit	у				\$	94.7210%	\$	94.7310% 83,939	\$	95.1030% 55,848

County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of County's Pension Contribution For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year:	Jun	e 30, 2022	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Jur	ne 30, 2020	Jun	ne 30, 2019	Jun	e 30, 2018
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	27,812	\$	26,378	\$	22,605	\$	17,707	\$	17,546
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	¢	(20.207)	¢	(24.472)	¢		¢	(22,197)	¢	(17,707)
determined contributions	\$	(30,397)	\$	(24,473)	\$	(22,996)	\$	(22,187)	\$	(17,707)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	(2,585)	\$	1,905	\$	(391)	\$	(4,480)	\$	(161)
Covered payroll	\$	121,667	\$	118,123	\$	115,139	\$	110,172	\$	106,108
Contributions as a percentage of the covered payroll		22.86%		22.33%		19.63%		16.07%		16.54%
Fiscal Year:					Jun	e 30, 2017	Jun	ne 30, 2016	June	e 30, 2015 ¹
Actuarially determined contributions					\$	19,293	\$	17,334	\$	16,030
Contributions in relation to the actuarially										
determined contributions					\$	(19,293)	\$	(17,334)	\$	(16,030)
Contributions deficiency (excess)					\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll					\$	107,075	\$	99,461	\$	95,562
Contributions as a percentage of the covered payroll						18.02%		17.43%		16.77%

County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		12.0.12.0.2.2		120 12021		20/2020		20/2010		20/2010
Fiscal year ending:		/30/2022		/30/2021		/30/2020		/30/2019		/30/2018
Measurement date:	6	/30/2021	6/30/2020		6	/30/2019	6	/30/2018	6/	30/2017 ¹
Total OPEB liability										
Service cost	\$	14,989	\$	15,587	\$	13,563	\$	15,257	\$	17,834
Interest		6,653		11,581		11,253		10,190		8,639
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(43,066)		-		3,654		-
Changes of assumptions		2,738		(5,485)		20,097		(15,080)		(36,107)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(8,112)		(7,511)		(6,229)		(6,120)		(6,421)
Net change in total OPEB liability		16,268		(28,894)		38,684		7,901		(16,055)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		290,123		319,017		280,333		272,432		288,487
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	306,391	\$	290,123	\$	319,017	\$	280,333	\$	272,432
OPEB fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	8,112	\$	4,573	\$	6,229	\$	6,120	\$	6,421
Net investment income		311		69		262		206		308
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(8,112)		(7,511)		(6,229)		(6,120)		(6,421)
Administrative expense		(10)		(10)		(25)		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		301		(2,879)		237		206		308
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,524		4,403		4,166		3,960		3,652
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,825	\$	1,524	\$	4,403	\$	4,166	\$	3,960
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	304,566	\$	288,599	\$	314,614	\$	276,167	\$	268,472
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.60%		0.53%		1.38%		1.49%		1.45%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	118,123	\$	115,139	\$	110,172	\$	106,108	\$	107,075
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		259.38%		251.98%		289.56%		264.20%		254.43%

County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of OPEB Plan Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19		2017-18 ¹	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	8,112	\$	4,573	\$	8,832	\$	6,120	\$	19,127
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(10,276)		(15,935)		(8,832)		(7,452)		(6,127)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(2,164)	\$	(11,362)	\$	-	\$	(1,332)	\$	13,000
Covered pay roll	\$	121,667	\$	118,123	\$	115,139	\$	110,172	\$	106,108
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.45%		0.54%		7.67%		6.76%		5.77%

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method (EAN)
Amortization method	Level Percentage of Projected Payroll
Amortization period	15 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Discount rate	2.16%
Inflation	2.50%
Investment rate of return	5.00%
Healthcare cost trend rate	We have assumed overall health costs of medical benefits will increase according to the health cost inflation trend derived by using the "Getzen" model developed by the Society of Actuaries. A margin to reflect the impace of excise tax in future years is reflected in the assumed trend will increase according to the health cost inflation trend derived by using the "Getzen" model developed by the Society of Actuaries. A margin to reflect the impace of excise tax in future years is reflected in the assumed trend will eveloped by the Society of Actuaries. A margin to reflect the impace of excise tax in future years is reflected in the assumed trend the eveloped by the Society of Actuaries.
Projected salary growth and increase	Not applicable
Mortality - Pre-Retirement	Based on the Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 Employee Mortality Table projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2020.
Mortality - Post-Retirement	Based on the Headcount Weighted PUB-2010 Retiree Mortality Table with mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

County of Imperial Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of OPEB Plan Investment Returns For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17¹
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	20.48%	2.57%	5.68%	5.21%	8.43%

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Non-major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues derived from specific taxes or other designated revenue sources. Primary revenue sources are: taxes, fines, forfeitures and penalties; use of money and property; aid from other governmental agencies; charges for services; and other revenues. Expenditures are made only for specific activities legally authorized to be financed from the individual funds.

Capital Projects Fund:

The Capital Project Fund is used to separately account for major acquisition, construction and additions to County buildings and land other than those financed by Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on the county's pension obligation bonds. There are no combining statements because the County has one Debt Service fund which is reported on the non-major combined financial statements. This page intentionally left blank.

County of Imperial Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Fund	 Debt Service Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	200,484	\$	-	\$ 5,200	\$	205,684	
Deposits with others		619		-	-		619	
Receivables:								
Accounts, net		17,627		-	4		17,631	
Interest		4,347		-	11		4,358	
Loans		15,411		-	-		15,411	
Inventories and prepaid items		2,723		-	 -		2,723	
Total assets	\$	241,333	\$	-	\$ 5,215	\$	246,548	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	5,920	\$	120	\$ -	\$	6,040	
Accrued payroll		2,476		-	-		2,476	
Interest payable		29		-	-		29	
Due to other funds		26,249		415	-		26,664	
Deposits payable		3,672		-	-		3,672	
Unearned revenues		49,440		-	-		49,440	
Total liabilities		87,786		535	-		88,321	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		11,846		-	 -		11,846	
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,846		-	 -		11,846	
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		2,723		-	-		2,723	
Restricted		157,433		-	5,215		162,648	
Unassigned (deficit)		(18,455)		(535)	-		(18,990)	
Total fund balances		141,701		(535)	5,215		146,381	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					 			
resources, and fund balances	\$	241,333	\$		\$ 5,215	\$	246,548	

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	 Special Revenue Funds	P	Capital rojects Fund	S	Debt Service Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:							
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$ 4,982 3,287 513	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	4,982 3,287 513
Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Charges for current services	(1,145) 131,393 25,745		26 1,659 83		(160) - 3,216		(1,279) 133,052 29,044
Other revenue	2,563		-				2,563
Total revenues	 167,338		1,768		3,056		172,162
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	1,379		-		3,103		4,482
Public protection	37,806		-		-		37,806
Health and sanitation	52,525		-		-		52,525
Public assistace	39,097		-		-		39,097
Special districts	438		-		-		438
Public ways and facilities	16,834		469		-		17,303
Capital outlay Debt service:	5,410		9		-		5,419
Principal	4,824		460		1,630		6,914
Interest and fiscal charges	 262		261		1,167		1,690
Total expenditures	 158,575		1,199		5,900		165,674
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 8,763		569		(2,844)		6,488
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in Transfers out	 2,326 (1,975)		818 (1,539)		-		3,144 (3,514)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 351		(721)		-		(370)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	9,114		(152)		(2,844)		6,118
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):							
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	 132,587		(383)		8,059		140,263
End of year	\$ 141,701	\$	(535)	\$	5,215	\$	146,381

Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

The County has the following non-major special revenue funds:

Public Works Roads Fund - This fund was established to provide for maintenance and construction of roadways and for specialized engineering services to other governmental units and the public. Revenues consist primarily of the County's share of State highway user's tax and are supplemented by Federal funds, vehicle code fines, and fees and reimbursements for engineering services provided.

Host Public Benefit Fees Fund - The Host Public Benefit Fees unit is used to receive funds paid by entities based on Host Entity Benefit Agreements or Public Benefit Agreements. Funds will then be transferred to the appropriate General Fund account based on time spent.

Public Health Fund - The Public Health Department has the primary responsibility to operate a wide range of medical and health functions in prevention of disease, injury, disability and premature death, environmental health and dental care, as well as long range health planning for and the protection of the public's health. Basic programs are communicable Disease Control, Maternal and Child Health, Public Health Field Nursing, Public Health Laboratory, Vital Statistics, Emergency Medical Services, Dental Services and Environmental Health Programs.

Fire Protection Fund - The Fire Protection Fund is responsible for fire protection only in certain unincorporated areas of the County. To augment its central core of fire-fighting personnel, the County has entered into contractual agreements with incorporated areas near these jurisdictions.

Behavioral Health Advance Fund - The Behavioral Health Advance Fund is used to account for revenues advanced related to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 9560 through 9568, multipurpose senior services program.

Health Realignment Fund - This fund is used to account for the State's allocation of dedicated revenues to cover County public health program costs. The Health Realignment revenues are restricted for certain health and mental health services.

Library Fund - The County Library District, serving a population of approximately 45,300, encompasses all of the unincorporated areas in Imperial County and all cities except Brawley, Calexico, El Centro and Imperial. The Library is located in rural El Centro with branches in Calipatria, Heber, Holtville, Niland, Ocotillo, Desert Shores, Salton City, and Westmorland. The Library collection is supplemented in various ways, including participation with the Serra Cooperative Library System in San Diego and Imperial Counties. Inter-library loan service is available with local libraries and other libraries in California and the California State Library.

Gateway County Service Area (CSA) Fund - This fund was established to identify and reimburse the County costs and departmental expenses related to formation of a County Service Area at the Gateway to the Americas Specific Planning Area. This budget unit reflects the costs of operation of the water and sewer facilities and other services provided by the County Service Area.

Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Fund - This fund was established to replace the former JTPA budget unit. The office of Employment Training administers funds under the Workforce Investment Act (WIA). WIA consists of the following Titles of this budget unit: Adult Programs, Youth Programs, Dislocated Worker Program, and Welfare-to-work Programs. The funds are used for activities related to training programs, job-hunting activities, inventory, equipment, and other related activities.

Federal Jail Improvement Fund - The Federal Jail Improvement fund was created to account for expenditures to improve jail conditions. These expenditures are reimbursed by the Federal Government and by the State Government.

Criminal Justice Facilities Fund - The monies in this fund, together with any interest earned thereon, may be used for construction, reconstruction, expansion, improvement, operation, or maintenance of County criminal justice and court facilities, and for improvement of criminal justice automated information systems. Provided, that in Imperial County, money deposited each year in this fund may also be used for the maintenance, operation, construction, reconstruction, or expansion of County juvenile justice rehabilitation facilities.

Geothermal Administration Fund - This funds the geothermal related activities within the County Departments. Geothermal administration encompasses reviewing geothermal applications, coordination of geothermal activities, providing information within the industry and to the general public and updating various policies and procedures as they relate to geothermal.

Substance Abuse Fund - This fund was established for the prevention of alcohol and drug abuse and is under the direction of the Behavioral Health Director. The substance abuse program provides individual and group counseling, prevention, information and referral, education, and consultation.

Service Authority Freeway Emergency Fund - This budget unit was established to identify revenues and expenditures for the installation of emergency call boxes on the Imperial County freeway system.

Air Pollution Control Fund - The purpose of the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District is to maintain and improve the quality of air in the County. This will be done by enforcing air pollution regulations and by educating the general public about the dangers of air pollution and ways to combat it. Air Pollution Control Districts are mandated under California law and service in a joint effort with State and Federal governments.

DMV Fees Fund - This fund was established per Health and Safety Code Section 44220-44223. Per Code Section, the revenues from the fees collected shall be used solely to reduce air pollution from motor vehicles and for related planning, monitoring, enforcement, and technical studies necessary for the implementation of the California Clean Air Act of 1988.

Recorders Improvement Fund - This is a fund were money is collected from recording documents. It is used for office improvements. GC 27361.

Medi-Cal/CMSP Fund - The purpose of the fund is to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the State of California Medi-Cal programs and the State of California Children Medical Services Program (CMSP). These programs are part administered by the Social Services Department.

IHSS Public Authority Fund - This fund was established to record activity such as wages, benefits, training, office expenses and administrative costs of the program and the county's share of costs.

Mental Health Service Act (MHSA) Prop 63 Fund - This is a special revenue fund used to account for a variety of mental health programs for all populations, as well as a wide range of prevention, early intervention, and treatment services. Revenue resources are primarily state and federal grants.

Public Works Impact Fees Fund - This fund was established to account for Public Works share of Imperial County impact fees requiring new development in both the countywide and unincorporated areas of the county to supplement the fair share of the costs of public facilities, equipment and services necessitated by such new development.

Cal-MMET Grant Fund - This fund was established to account for the California Multi-Jurisdictional Methamphetamine (CAL-MMENT) Grant received by the Sheriff's Office. This grant focuses on methamphetamine producers and distributors by creating specialized investigative units at the Sheriff's Office.

Ozone Operational Development Fund - Air Pollution Control office charges commercial and residential mitigation fee, this will allow the County to fund ozone projects.

Measure D LTA Road Fund - This fund was established to account for revenues and expenditures of the County of Imperial's share of monies received from the Imperial County Local Transportation Authority Retail Transactions and Use Tax Ordinance which was adopted by the electorate on November 4, 2008. The tax is imposed in accordance with the provisions of Part 1.6 (commencing with Section 7251) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code and Division 19 of the Public Utilities Code (Code Section 180000). The purpose of this ordinance was to allow the Authority to issue bonds payable from the enactment of a one half of one percent sales tax for a period of forty years. The proceeds of this tax are first allocated to the monthly debt service payments of the bonds, then to the County of Imperial and the member agencies for local street road purposes. Also, a portion of the tax revenues would be used for administration, transit services, and state highway purposes.

The funds that are generated by implementation of the Imperial County Transportation Authority Retail Transactions and Use Tax Ordinance are intended to supplement and not to replace existing local revenues used for transportation purposes. The Authority consists of the following member agencies:

- 1) City of Brawley
- 2) City of Calexico
- 3) City of Calipatria
- 4) City of El Centro
- 5) City of Holtville
- 6) City of Imperial
- 7) City of Westmorland
- 8) County of Imperial

RV Park Lake Library Fund - This fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the County owned RV Park located at Sunbeam Lake. This park was purchased with Tobacco Settlement monies.

Community Corrections Performance Incentive Fund - This fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Community Corrections Performance Incentive Act. The provisions of this act are intended to reduce crimes committed by probationers and the number of probationers revoked to prison by giving the probation departments a share of the savings to the state in reduced incarceration costs when they reduce both new offenses by probationers and revocations to prison.

Wraparound Program Fund - Established for Wraparound services achieving the ultimate goal to keep children with their birth families, relative caretakers, or in foster families by providing intensive, comprehensive, integrated, creative intervention and support services.

Intra Governmental Transfer (IGT) Fund - The transition from Medi-Cal fee for service to Medi-Cal Managed Care has provided eligibility for a program called Medi-Cal Rate Range Intergovernmental Transfers (IGTs). The Public Health Department has been approved by the California Department of Healthcare Services to participate in the IGT program with both California Health and Wellness and Molina Healthcare of California. The department's combined participation with both health plans will result in the availability of federal funds to augment public health services for our low-income Medi-Cal population.

Local Health Authority Fund - To reflect revenue and expenditures related to an agreement between California Health & Wellness and the County of Imperial entered into whereas CHW will compensate County at rate per member per month (PMPM) depending on aid code of member to be used to enhance the health of Members.

SB1-Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation Act Fund - The County will receive state fund from SB1 Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account (RMRA) that will help the County maintain and rehabilitate approximately twenty (20) miles of roads throughout the County's infrastructure.

APCD Rule 310 Fund - Rule 310 is an enforceable regulation adopted to address indirect operational emissions resulting from residential and commercial development. Indirect sources of emissions are facilities as well as land uses which do not in themselves emit a significant amount of emissions but rather, they attract or generate motor vehicle trips which result in emissions of ozone precursors (VOC's, ROG, and NOx), carbon monoxide (CO) and fine particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5). This rule addresses only PM10 an NOx emissions.

2017 Homeland Security Fund - The U.S. Department of Homeland Security provides funding to California to enhance the ability of the State, urban area, and local jurisdictions to prevent, protect against, mitigate, respond to, and recover from potential terrorist attacks and other hazard. Federal fund received will be utilized to strengthening preparedness planning and equipment activities, specifically interoperable communications. This enhances the communications of the various emergency response agencies providing service throughout Imperial County.

Farmers Program Carl Moyer Fund - The Imperial County Air Pollution Control Department is participating in the Fund Agriculture Replacement Measures for Emissions Reductions (FARMER) Program. The ICAPCD distributes applications through the APCD Office, the Farm Bureau, and COLAB and through an RFP process in the Imperial Valle Press or other approved circulations. Applications are accepted on a first-come-first-served basis and conducts evaluations based on cost-effectiveness. Participating in the FARMER Program will continue to decrease the NOx and PM inventories.

HEAP Grant Fund - The general purpose of the Homeless Emergency Aid Program is to provide one- time bock grant funding to address the immediate emergency needs of homeless individuals and individuals at imminent risk of homelessness in the service area of each Contractor.

Administration ICCED Fund - This fund was established to account for contributions received from other agencies, as well as special expenditures restricted for community and economic development activities.

Boating & Waterways Fund - To account for revenues and expenditures related to the design of Sunbeam Lake Park Boat Launch Facility and the rehabilitation of the boat launch ramp at West Lake County Park to increase public use of the recreational areas.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund - This program was established to facilitate the rehabilitation of sub-standard housing for low to moderate income persons in the unincorporated areas of Imperial County.

Disaster Recovery Grant Fund - To account for grants awarded for disasters including earthquakes and sanitation system which have occurred in the County of Imperial.

Economic Development Fund - To account for grants awarded for help with the economic development of business in the County of Imperial.

First Time Homebuyer Fund - Grant awarded by the State of California Department of Housing and Economic Development. It was awarded to establish a First Time Home Buyer Assistance Program. The funds will be utilized for down payments and gap financing relating to the purchase of homes located in the unincorporated areas of the Imperial County.

Housing Rehabilitation Fund - To account for grants awarded for Homeowners to remodel or upgrade homes to industry standards.

Water Treatment Fund - To account for development at the Mesquite Lake Specific Plan and Palo Verde water treatment and distribution plants to serve the Calipatria, Nilland and Palo Verde areas.

Parks and Recreation Fund - The Per Capita Grant Program is intended to maintain a high quality of life for California's growing population by providing a continuing investment in parks and recreational facilities. Specifically, it is for the acquisition and development of neighborhood, community, and regional parks and recreation lands and facilities in urban and rural areas.

USDA Fund - USDA grants used to account for multiple types of programs for rural economic development. Funds used on projects that will create or retain rural jobs.

Administration Fund - This account was established to account for the administration expense for our ICCED department to monitor and administer grants.

Communication Fund - The purpose of this fund is to fund the County's membership and participation in the Imperial Valley Communications Authority (IVTA). The IVTA is a joint powers authority (JPA) organized to manage the construction, implementation and ongoing maintenance of a countywide fiber optic network for the benefit of all public agencies within Imperial County. This fund will also be used to pay the cost of "last mile" construction and equipment necessary to connect selected County Facilities to the network.

Detention and Correction Fund - 1538 - The Local Law Enforcement Block Grant (LLEBG) was created in the Omnibus Fiscal Year 1996 Appropriations Act (P.L. 104-134) to provide local governments with funds to underwrite projects to reduce crime and improve public safety. 1558 - Probation Training - Probation This budget unit was created during 1982-83 to properly administer the funds associated with this program. All correctional personnel must receive 40 hours each year of Board of Corrections certified training.1559 - Sheriff Standard Training - Sheriff - This budget unit was created to administer the funds associated with this training program. These funds are utilized for training correctional and detention personnel to upgrade their ability to deal with problems associated with incarceration of prisoners.

Fire Protection Fund - Fund was established to account for the costs associated with providing fire protection services to the City of Imperial as a result of a contractual agreement with the County. The City of Imperial has agreed to pay all direct costs for this service as provided for in the provisions of the agreement. Also, accounts were established Homeland Security Grant Program (HSGP) which play an important role in the implementation of the National Preparedness System by supporting the building, sustainment, and delivery of core capabilities essential to achieving the National Preparedness Goal of a secure and resilient nation.

Health Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for the revenues and expenditures pertaining to Public Health and Environmental Health grants. These grants consist of Tobacco Education, Mosquito Abatement and Environmental recovery and remediation.

Judicial Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for revenues and expenditures for grants pertaining to the prosecution crimes under the grants for Violence Against Women, Drug Court, Statutory Rape Vertical Prosecution and Special Prosecution.

Legislative and Administration Fund - The funds in this allocation are for the Community Benefit Program is part of the Public Benefit Program for use with Solar Power Plants in Imperial County which was established by the Board of Supervisors on January 24, 2012. All utility-scale solar projects built in Imperial County since that time have entered into Public Benefit Agreements with the County and have been contributing funds into the Program, which includes the Community Benefit Program.

Imperial County receives funds from solar projects located in the unincorporated areas of the county. The Board of Supervisors has identified Goals and Objectives in order to maximize the benefits of these funds. Such benefits might include, but are not limited to, infrastructure improvement, job creation, economic development and enhancement to the quality of life in neighboring communities.

Police Protection Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for the revenues and expenditures in grants for High Intensity Drug Traffic Area (HIDTA) grants and Off Highway Enforcement. The Off Highway Enforcements monies come from fines and fees charged to violators in the desert areas located in the County of Imperial.

Property Management Fund - This fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures pertaining to leased buildings and land owned by the County of Imperial to Valley Games and Golf. Also, to track a repayment of a loan given to Valley Games and Golf thru the Community Benefit program.

Public Way Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for various road projects thru out the unincorporated area of the County of Imperial. These are Keystone Road project, and SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation.

Recreational Facilities Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for grants received for Boating. These grants are for Salton Sea and Red Hill Marina.

Other Protection Fund - The funds is this allocation were established to account for grants received for various public protection grants not carried out by sworn law enforcement officers. Fish and Game, Bio Terrorism, Correctional Work Crews, Real Estate Fraud, Case Management, Help America Vote, and State and Federal Asset Forfeiture.

Public Protection Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for grants received for various public protection grants carried out by sworn law enforcement officers. These grants consist of LLE Block Grants, Homeland Security grants, Stonegarden grants, JAG grants and Community Correction grants.

Other Assistance Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for impact fees which are used to account for Sheriff, General Government, Library, and Parks and Recreation, share of Imperial County impact fees requiring new development in both the countywide and unincorporated areas of the county to supplement the fair share of the costs of public facilities, equipment and services necessitated by such new development.

Public Assistance Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for grants pertaining to Child Abuse, Victim Witness Rights, Area Agency on Aging, Elder Abuse, Victim Services, and Renewal Energy grants.

Public Assistance Administration Fund - This fund was established to account for the Federal and State share of administrative expenses for various social services programs.

Public Assistance Advance Fund - This fund was established to account for the Federal and State share of public assistance expenses for various social services programs.

Education Fund - The funds in this allocation were established to account for grants pertaining to community education programs such as Proud Parenting Education, Federal IDEA Funds and GIS development.

Child Support Services Fund - The Child Support Services Fund was established to provide separate fund accountability as required by the awarding agency. Child Support Services establishes paternity, obtains and enforces court orders for child support, collects and distributes payments, and provides community outreach about those services for the benefit of minor children.

California Child Services Fund - The California Children's Services (CCS) Fund was established to monitor the source of revenue. The source of revenue is an annual allocation from the Department of Health Care Services. The program is funded by the Federal, State and County. The CCS and Medical Therapy Program work together to plan and implement comprehensive family centered healthcare and case management services for eligible children with serious medical and developmental conditions.

Animal Control Fund - The Animal Control Fund was established to track the costs associated with the administration of the program. It is supplemented by Public Health Realignment to offset fees/funding shortages. The program provides the public with services such as animal adoption; low-cost animal spay or neutering; cat and dog trap rentals; and sheltering and veterinarian services for sick, relinquished, abandoned, and stray domestic animals. In addition, Animal Control officers maintain public safety by enforcing licensing laws and humane care regulations while patrolling the unincorporated areas of Imperial County.

Special District Operations Fund - Accounts for the activity of special districts that are under the jurisdiction of the Board of Supervisors. These special districts provide water, sewer, lighting, and fire protection services. Revenues are derived from the levy and collection of assessments.

DNA ID Local Portion Fund - The DNA ID Local Portion funds are restricted by Government Code Section 76104.6(b)(3) to reimburse local law enforcement DNA collection exposes and verification of offender/arrestee identity and qualifying status expenses, as well as to reimburse local and state crime laboratories for the cost of DNA evidence processing, analysis, tracking and storage of DNA scene samples.

Other Programs Fund - Accounts for activities of various Special Revenue funds, which include Planning and Development Project Funds, Community Development Block Grants, County Counsel litigations, District Attorney prevention and investigation programs, Sheriff's inmate welfare and others. Revenues are derived from customer deposits and various sources of Federal and State funding.

Social Services Realignment Fund - The Social Services Realignment Fund was established to account for the State's allocation of dedicated revenues used to cover Social Services program costs.

County of Imperial Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Special Revenue											
	Public Works Roads		Host Public Benefit Fees		Public Health		Fire Protection		Behavorial Health Advance		Health Realignment Fund	
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	17,958	\$	679	\$	-	\$	8,991	\$	18,056
Deposits with others		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:												
Accounts, net		2,420		-		1,817		1,241		-		-
Interest		-		42		-		-		5		44
Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		9		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		475		-		101		2,147		-		-
Total assets	\$	2,895	\$	18,000	\$	2,597	\$	3,397	\$	8,996	\$	18,100
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	620	\$	-	\$	225	\$	123	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll		243		-		331		305		-		-
Interest payable		11		-		2		-		-		-
Due to other funds		5,089		-		-		10,642		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		8,996		18,100
Total liabilities		5,963		-		558		11,070		8,996		18,100
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		-		-		1,291		379		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources						1,291		379	1	-		-
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		475		-		101		2,147		-		-
Restricted		-		18,000		647		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		(3,543)		-		-		(10,199)		-		-
Total fund balances		(3,068)		18,000		748		(8,052)		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,												
and fund balances	\$	2,895	\$	18,000	\$	2,597	\$	3,397	\$	8,996	\$	18,100

(Continued)

County of Imperial Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Special Revenue											
	Library		Gateway CSA CAO		WIA Funds		Federal Jail Improvements		Criminal Justice Facilities		Geothermal Administration	
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	216	\$	818	\$	5	\$	1,739	\$	446
Deposits with others		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:												
Accounts, net		31		12		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		7		1
Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes		113		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	144	\$	228	\$	818	\$	5	\$	1,746	\$	447
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	2	\$	-	\$	20	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll		18		-		122		-		-		-
Interest payable		1		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		659		-		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		680		-		142		-		-		-
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		113		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		113		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		228		676		5		1,746		447
Unassigned (deficit)		(649)		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		(649)		228		676		5		1,746		447
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,												
and fund balances	\$	144	\$	228	\$	818	\$	5	\$	1,746	\$	447

(Continued)

County of Imperial Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Non-major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Special Revenue											
	Substance Abuse		Service Authority Freeway Emergency		Air Pollution Control		DMV Fees		Recorders Improvement		Medi-Cal/ CMSP	
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	1,409	\$	4,203	\$	2,497	\$	1,382	\$	11,164
Deposits with others		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:												
Accounts, net		1,199		-		1		-		-		-
Interest		10		3		10		6		-		20
Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	1,209	\$	1,412	\$	4,214	\$	2,503	\$	1,382	\$	11,184
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	222	\$	6	\$	5	\$	-	\$	30	\$	-
Accrued payroll		230		-		130		-		-		-
Interest payable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		724		-		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-	·	-		-		-
Total liabilities		1,176		6		135		-		30		-
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		632		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows												
of resources		632		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		1,406		4,079		2,503		1,352		11,184
Unassigned (deficit)		(599)										
Total fund balances		(599)		1,406		4,079		2,503		1,352		11,184
Total liabilities, deferred												
inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,209	\$	1,412	\$	4,214	\$	2,503	\$	1,382	\$	11,184

(Continued)

						Special	Revenu	e				
	I	IHSS Public uthority	Ser	tal Health vice Act osition 63	V	ublic Vorks act Fees		MMET Grant	Oper	zone ational lopment	Ľ	easure D ΓA Road Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	209	\$	637	\$	427	\$	13,791
Deposits with others		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:												
Accounts, net		1,592		2,132		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		26		-		-		1		33
Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	1,592	\$	2,158	\$	209	\$	637	\$	428	\$	13,824
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	272	\$	405	\$	-	\$	19	\$	-	\$	1,064
Accrued payroll		17		283		-		-		-		-
Interest payable		4		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		262		360		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		555		1,048		-		19		-		1,064
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		832		124		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		832		124		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		205		986		209		618		428		12,760
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		205		986		209		618		428		12,760
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,												
and fund balances	\$	1,592	\$	2,158	\$	209	\$	637	\$	428	\$	13,824

					Special	Revenu	e			
	I	V Park Lake ibrary	Cor Perf	nmunity rections formance centive	iparound ogram	Gove	ntra- ernment ansfer	Local Health uthority	Main	1 - Road tenance and abilitation Act
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	381	\$	1,594	\$ 1,527	\$	321	\$ 13,136	\$	17,024
Deposits with others		-		-	-		-	-		-
Receivables:										
Accounts, net		1		-	-		-	-		-
Interest		-		4	-		-	28		39
Loans		-		-	-		-	-		-
Taxes		-		-	-		-	-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-	 -		-	 -		-
Total assets	\$	382	\$	1,598	\$ 1,527	\$	321	\$ 13,164	\$	17,063
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	117	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 52	\$	637
Accrued payroll		-		-	10		-	-		-
Interest payable		-		-	-		-	-		-
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-	-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-	-		-	-		-
Deposits payable		-		-	-		-	-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-	 -		-	 -		-
Total liabilities		117		-	 10		-	 52		637
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue		-		-	 -		-	 -		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	 -		-	 -		-
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned (definit)		265		- 1,598	- 1,517		321	- 13,112		- 16,426
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-	 -		-	 -		-
Total fund balances		265		1,598	 1,517		321	 13,112		16,426
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,										
and fund balances	\$	382	\$	1,598	\$ 1,527	\$	321	\$ 13,164	\$	17,063

				Sr	pecial	Revenue				
]	APCD Rule 310	2017 Homeland Security	Farmer Prograt Carl Mo	m	HE. Gra		Admin ICCED		ing & rways
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	761	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	10
Deposits with others		-	-		-		-	-		-
Receivables:										
Accounts, net		-	-		-		-	-		-
Interest		2	-		-		-	-		-
Loans		-	-		-		-	-		-
Taxes		-	-		-		-	-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-	-		-		-	-		-
Total assets	\$	763	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	10
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accrued payroll		-	-		-		-	-		-
Interest payable		-	-		-		-	-		-
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-	1		-
Advances from other funds		-	-		-		-	-		-
Deposits payable		-	-		-		-	-		-
Unearned revenues		-	-		-		-	-		-
Total liabilities		-	-		-		-	1		-
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue		-	-		-		-	-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-			-		-	_		-
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-	-		-
Restricted		763	-		-		-	-		10
Unassigned (deficit)		-	-		-		-	(1)		-
Total fund balances		763			-		-	(1)		10
Total liabilities, deferred										
inflows of resources, and fund balances	¢	763	\$ -	\$		\$		\$ -	\$	10
anu funu balances	\$	/03	ψ -	φ	-	φ	-	ψ -	φ	10

					Special	Revenu	e		
	Dev I	nmunity elopment Block Grant	R	Disaster ecovery Grant	onomic elopment		st Time nebuyer	using pilitation	Water eatment
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	621	\$	-	\$ -	\$	371	\$ -	\$ 39
Deposits with others		-		-	-		-	-	-
Receivables:									
Accounts, net		421		-	-		-	-	-
Interest		1,424		1,636	-		169	33	618
Loans		4,521		3,413	-		1,284	133	3,555
Taxes		-		-	-		-	-	-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-	 -		-	 -	-
Total assets	\$	6,987	\$	5,049	\$ -	\$	1,824	\$ 166	\$ 4,212
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued payroll		-		-	-		-	-	-
Interest payable		-		-	-		-	-	-
Due to other funds		257		1,205	1,600		-	25	-
Advances from other funds		-		-	-		-	-	-
Deposits payable		-		-	-		-	-	-
Unearned revenues		-		-	 -		-	-	 -
Total liabilities		257		1,205	 1,600		-	 25	 -
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenue		1,424		1,636	-		169	33	618
Total deferred inflows									
of resources		1,424		1,636	 -		169	 33	 618
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		5 200		2 200	-		-	-	2 504
Restricted		5,306		2,208	-		1,655	108	3,594
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-	 (1,600)		-	 -	 -
Total fund balances		5,306		2,208	 (1,600)		1,655	 108	 3,594
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances	\$	6,987	\$	5,049	\$ -	\$	1,824	\$ 166	\$ 4,212

						Special	Revenue					
		s and eation		USDA	Admi	nistration	Commu	nication		ention and rection		Fire tection
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	9	\$	-	\$	736	\$	26	\$	224	\$	299
Deposits with others		-		-		30		-		-		-
Receivables:												
Accounts, net		-		-		152		-		-		239
Interest		-		17		1		-		1		1
Loans		-		2,205		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	9	\$	2,222	\$	919	\$	26	\$	225	\$	539
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	438	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		-		-		24
Interest payable		-		4		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		1,195		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		(5)		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		1,199		433		-		-		25
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		-		16	_	-		-		-		422
Total deferred inflows												
of resources		-		16		-		-		-		422
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		9		1,007		486		26		225		92
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		9		1,007		486		26		225		92
Total liabilities, deferred												
inflows of resources,	¢	0	¢	2 2 2 2 2	¢	010	¢	26	¢	225	¢	520
and fund balances	\$	9	\$	2,222	\$	919	\$	26	3	225	\$	539

			Special	Reven	ue		
	Health	 Judicial	islative and nistration		Police	operty agement	Public Way
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 18,404	\$ 1	\$ 125	\$	171	\$ 19	\$ 242
Deposits with others	-	-	-		-	-	-
Receivables:							
Accounts, net	220	155	-		1,266	-	-
Interest	68	-	1		-	-	1
Loans	-	-	-		-	300	-
Taxes	-	-	-		-	-	-
Inventories and prepaid items	 -	 -	-		-	 -	-
Total assets	\$ 18,692	\$ 156	\$ 126	\$	1,437	\$ 319	\$ 243
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 359	\$ -	\$ 2	\$	4	\$ -	\$ 3
Accrued payroll	222	28	-		28	-	-
Interest payable	-	-	-		-	-	-
Due to other funds	103	97	-		1,348	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-		-	-	-
Deposits payable	-	-	-		-	-	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total liabilities	684	 125	2		1,380	 -	 3
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue	112	155	-		1,137	-	-
Total deferred inflows							
of resources	 112	 155	 -		1,137	 -	 -
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable Restricted	- 17,896	-	- 124		-	- 319	- 240
Unassigned (deficit)	17,896	(124)	124		- (1,080)	- 319	240
Total fund balances	 17,896	 (124)	 124		(1,080)	 319	 240
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,							
and fund balances	\$ 18,692	\$ 156	\$ 126	\$	1,437	\$ 319	\$ 243

						Special	Revenu	e				
		eational ilities		Other		Public		Other istance		Public sistance	As	Public sistance inistration
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	191	\$	2,613	\$	962	\$	6,575	\$	3,730
Deposits with others		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:												
Accounts, net		-		991		2,857		-		703		-
Interest		-		1		5		2		13		15
Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	_	\$	1,183	\$	5,475	\$	964	\$	7,291	\$	3,745
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	369	\$	74	\$	_	\$	396	\$	_
Accrued payroll	Ψ	-	Ψ	49	Ψ	153	Ψ	-	Ψ	43	Ψ	-
Interest payable		-		3		3		-		-		-
Due to other funds		58		344		1,901		-		164		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-,		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		-		3,745
Total liabilities		58		765		2,131		-		603		3,745
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		-		744		1,425		-		419		-
Total deferred inflows												
of resources				744		1,425		-		419		-
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		1,919		964		6,269		-
Unassigned (deficit)		(58)		(326)		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		(58)		(326)		1,919		964		6,269		-
Total liabilities, deferred												
inflows of resources,					¢							
and fund balances	\$	-	\$	1,183	\$	5,475	\$	964	\$	7,291	\$	3,745

						Special	Revenu	e			
	As	Public ssistance Advance	Ed	ucation	S	Child upport ervices	(lifornia Child ervices	nimal Control	Ε	pecial District erations
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	10,482	\$	739	\$	277	\$	-	\$ 32	\$	1,251
Deposits with others		-		-		-		-	-		-
Receivables:											
Accounts, net		-		-		-		165	-		-
Interest		10		-		1		-	-		2
Loans		-		-		-		-	-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-	-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		-	 -		-
Total assets	\$	10,492	\$	739	\$	278	\$	165	\$ 32	\$	1,253
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10	\$	38	\$ 1	\$	26
Accrued payroll		-		3		164		22	22		-
Interest payable		-		-		-		1	-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		215	-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-	-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-	-		-
Unearned revenues		10,492		-		-		-	 -		-
Total liabilities		10,492		3		174		276	 23		26
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		165	 -		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		165	 -		-
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	-		-
Restricted		-		736		104		-	9		1,227
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		(276)	 -		-
Total fund balances		-		736		104		(276)	 9		1,227
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,											
and fund balances	\$	10,492	\$	739	\$	278	\$	165	\$ 32	\$	1,253

		Spec	ial Revenue				
	DNA ID Local Portion	I	Other Program	S Rea	Social ervices alignment Funds		Total Ion-major cial Revenue Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 646	\$	24,226	\$	8,092	\$	200,484
Deposits with others	-		589		-		619
Receivables:			10				15 (05
Accounts, net	-		12		-		17,627
Interest	2		30		15		4,347
Loans	-		-		-		15,411
Taxes Inventories and prepaid items	-		-		-		122 2,723
	 -		-	_	-	-	
Total assets	\$ 648	\$	24,857	\$	8,107	\$	241,333
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	380	\$	-	\$	5,920
Accrued payroll	-		29		-		2,476
Interest payable	-		-		-		29
Due to other funds	-		-		-		26,249
Advances from other funds	-		-		-		-
Deposits payable	-		3,677		-		3,672
Unearned revenues	 -		-		8,107		49,440
Total liabilities	 -		4,086		8,107		87,786
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue	 -		-		-		11,846
Total deferred inflows of resources	 		_		_		11,846
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable	-		-		-		2,723
Restricted	648		20,771		-		157,433
Unassigned (deficit)	 -		-		-		(18,455)
Total fund balances	 648		20,771		-		141,701
Total liabilities, deferred							
inflows of resources,							
and fund balances	\$ 648	\$	24,857	\$	8,107	\$	241,333
						((Concluded)

(Concluded)

					Special	Reven	ue			
	V	Public Vorks Roads	st Public nefit Fees	Pub	lic Health	Pr	Fire otection	Behavorial Health Advance	Reali	ealth gnment und
REVENUES:										
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,452	\$ -	\$	-
Licenses, permits and fees		218	-		5		-	-		-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		-	4		-		-	-		-
Investment income (loss)		126	87		2		325	-		-
Intergovernmental		13,094	-		11,159		571	-		-
Charges for current services		231	445		934		1,368	-		-
Other revenue		282	 4		1		543	-		-
Total revenues		13,951	 540		12,101		7,259	-		-
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government		-	465		-		-	-		-
Public protection		-	-		-		6,659	-		-
Health and sanitation		-	-		11,851		-	-		-
Public assistace		-	-		-		-	-		-
Special districts		-	-		-		-	-		-
Public ways and facilities		9,391	-		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay		3,916	-		-		593	-		-
Debt service:										
Principal		-	-		-		224	-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		-		37	-		-
Total expenditures		13,307	 465		11,851		7,513	-		-
REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		644	 75		250		(254)			-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in		-	36		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		-	(125)		-		-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 (89)		-		-	-		-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		644	(14)		250		(254)	-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):										
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		(3,712)	18,014		498		(7,798)	-		-
End of year	\$	(3,068)	\$ 18,000	\$	748	\$	(8,052)	\$-	\$	-
									(Co	ntinued)

			Special	Revenue		
	Library	Gateway CSA CAO	WIA Funds	Federal Jail Improvements	Criminal Justice Facilities	Geothermal Administration
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 450	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	-	-	341	-
Investment income (loss)	(1)	-	507	-	(45)	-
Intergovernmental	168	-	4,245	-	-	9
Charges for current services Other revenue	1	502	- 3	-	-	- 12
Total revenues	618	502	4,755		296	21
	010	502	-,755	-	270	21
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	647	-	-	-	-	-
Public protection	-	-	-	-	2,732	-
Health and sanitation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public assistace	-	-	2,391	-	-	96
Special districts Public ways and facilities	-	- 554	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	- 554	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	_	_	_	_	_	_
Principal	_	_	2,383	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	2,303 97	-	_	_
Total expenditures	647	554	4,871	-	2,732	96
					· · · · · ·	·
REVENUES OVER	(29)	(52)	(116)		(2,436)	(75)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(29)	(52)	(116)		(2,430)	(75)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-					
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(29)	(52)	(116)	-	(2,436)	(75)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	(620)	280	792	5	4,182	522
End of year	\$ (649)	\$ 228	\$ 676	\$ 5	\$ 1,746	\$ 447
-	<i>`</i>					(Continued)

			Special	Revenue		
	Substance Abuse	Service Authority Freeway Emergency	Air Pollution Control	DMV Fees	Recorders Improvement	Medi-Cal/ CMSP
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	1,678	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	41	-	-	-
Investment income (loss)	13	(36)	(108)	(60)	(45)	(214)
Intergovernmental	7,047	213	510	1,190	-	7,894
Charges for current services	41	-	16	-	147	-
Other revenue	104		63			-
Total revenues	7,205	177	2,200	1,130	102	7,680
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	176	91	-
Public protection	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and sanitation	7,108	-	3,370	-	-	-
Public assistace	-	-	-	-	-	5,481
Special districts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public ways and facilities	-	320	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	38	66	9	-
Debt service:						
Principal	619	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	41	-	-			-
Total expenditures	7,768	320	3,408	242	100	5,481
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(563)	(143)	(1,208)	888	2	2,199
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in			1,850			
Transfers out	-	-		(850)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	1,850	(850)	-	-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(563)	(143)	642	38	2	2,199
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	(36)	1,549	3,437	2,465	1,350	8,985
End of year	\$ (599)		\$ 4,079	\$ 2,503	\$ 1,352	\$ 11,184
<u>,</u>						(Continued)

			Special	Revenue		
	IHSS Public Authority	Mental Health Service Act Proposition 63	Public Works Impact Fees	Cal-MMET Grant	Ozone Operational Development	Measure D LTA Road Funds
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income (loss)	(15)	67	-	(7)	-	(332)
Intergovernmental Charges for current services	16,444 105	21,149 98	- 47	294	-	- 4,115
Other revenue	105	15	-	-	-	4,115
Total revenues	16,534	21,329	47	287	-	3,783
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public protection	-	-	-	442	-	-
Health and sanitation	-	19,242	-	-	-	-
Public assistace	16,979	-	-	-	-	3,923
Special districts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	54	-	172	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	1,010	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	61	-			-
Total expenditures	16,979	20,367		614		3,923
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(445)	962	47	(327)		(140)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out			-			
Total other financing sources (uses)						
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(445)	962	47	(327)	-	(140)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	650	24	162	945	428	12,900
End of year	\$ 205	\$ 986	\$ 209	\$ 618	\$ 428	\$ 12,760
						(Continued)

			Special l	Revenue		
	RV Park Lake Library	Community Corrections Performance Incentive	Wraparound Program	Intra- Government Transfer	Local Health Authority	SB1 - Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation Act
REVENUES:						
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Investment income (loss)	\$ - - 759	\$ - - (39)	\$ - - (51)	\$ - - (2)	\$ - - (326)	
Intergovernmental Charges for current services Other revenue	166		-	-	3,626	9,722
Total revenues	925	113	(51)	(2)	3,300	9,316
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: General government Public protection Health and sanitation Public assistace	- - -	- 41 -		-	- 1,026 -	- - -
Special districts Public ways and facilities	1,143	-	-	-	-	5,426
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,143	41	105		1,026	5,426
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(218)	72	(156)	(2)	2,274	3,890
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-	-	-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(218)	72	(156)	(2)	2,274	3,890
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):	402	1.505	1 (72)	222	10.000	10.504
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	483	1,526	1,673	\$ 323	10,838	12,536
End of year	\$ 265	\$ 1,598	\$ 1,517	\$ 321	\$ 13,112	\$ 16,426 (Continued)

			Special	Revenue		
	APCD Rule 310	2017 Homeland Security	Farmers Program Carl Moyer	HEAP Grant	Admin ICCED	Boating & Waterways
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental	-	-	(2) 205	(15)	-	- 7
Charges for current services	237	-	203	-	-	7
Other revenue	- 251	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	237		203	(15)		7
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public protection	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and sanitation	254	-	394	-	-	-
Public assistace	-	-	-	142	-	-
Special districts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-					
Total expenditures	254	-	394	142	-	-
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(17)	-	(191)	(157)	-	7
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-	-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		-	-	-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(17)	-	(191)	(157)	-	7
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	780	-	191	157	(1)	3
End of year	\$ 763	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1)	
-					· · · · · ·	(Continued)

					Special F	Revenue		
	Commu Develop Bloc Gran	oment k	Disaster Recovery Grant		Economic Development	First Time Homebuyer	Housing Rehabilitation	Water Treatment
REVENUES:								
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	\$	\$
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		-		-	-	-	-	-
Investment income (loss)		(416)	(33	3)	61	(26)	(12)	(355)
Intergovernmental	1	1,414		-	-	-	-	-
Charges for current services		-		-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue		-			-	-		
Total revenues		998	(33	3)	61	(26)	(12)	(355)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		-		-	-	-	-	-
Public protection		-		-	-	-	-	-
Health and sanitation		-		-	-	-	-	-
Public assistace		752	(6	-	3	-	-
Special districts		-		-	-	-	-	-
Public ways and facilities		-		-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		264		-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-			-	-		
Total expenditures	1	1,016	(6	-	3		
REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(18)	(39	9)	61	(29)	(12)	(355)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-		-	-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	-	-		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(18)	(39	9)	61	(29)	(12)	(355)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		5,324	2,247	7	(1,661)	1,684	120	3,949
End of year		5,306	\$ 2,208		\$ (1,600)	\$ 1,655	\$ 108	\$ 3,594

					Special	Revenue			
	Parks ar Recreati		T	USDA	Administration	<u>Communicatio</u>	Detention and Correction	Fire Protection	
REVENUES:									
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Charges for current services Other revenue	\$		\$	35	\$ - 1 (2) 3,595 66 474	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ - - - 117	\$ - - 1 664 34	
Total revenues		-		44	4,134		117	699	
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public protection Health and sanitation Public assistace Special districts Public ways and facilities Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures REVENUES OVER				- - 144 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 4,096 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -	134 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 1,044 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		(100)	38		(17)	(345)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	-		-		
		-							
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-		(100)	38	-	(17)	(345)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		9		1,107	448	26	242	437	
End of year	\$	9	\$	1,007	\$ 486	\$ 26	\$ 225	\$ 92	
	φ	7	φ	1,007	φ 4 80	<u>\$ 20</u>	φ 223	(Contin	

					S	pecial I	Reveni	ie				
	He	alth	Ju	dicial	Legisla and Adminis	1		olice	Prope Manage	-		blic /ay
REVENUES:												
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses, permits and fees		1,379		-		-		-		-		-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		22		-		-		20		-		-
Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental		(373) 5,020		2 443		2		41 1,013		27		-
Charges for current services		3,020 1,066		445		-		1,015		-		- 17
Other revenue		1,000		-		-		-		-		- 17
Total revenues		7,260		445		2		1,074		27		17
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-		_		-
Public protection		471		614		66		1,294		8		-
Health and sanitation		8,601		-		-		-		-		-
Public assistace		-		-		-		-		-		-
Special districts		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public ways and facilities		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:												
Principal		108		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		9		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		9,189		614		66		1,294		8		-
REVENUES OVER												
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,929)		(169)		(64)		(220)		19		17
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in		-		-		125		-		-		-
Transfers out		(1,000)		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,000)		-		125		-		-		-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(2,929)		(169)		61		(220)		19		17
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):												
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		20,825		45		63		(860)		300		223
End of year	\$	17,896	\$		\$	124	\$	(1,080)	\$	319	\$	240
											(Cor	ntinued)

				Speci	al Rev	venue		
	Recreation Facilities		Other Protection	Public Protection		Other Assistance	Public Assistance	Public Assistance Administration
REVENUES:								
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Charges for current services Other revenue	\$	- - - - -	\$ - 8 19 1,614 120 741	\$ 3. 8,660 3,020 7.	0 4 3	- - 88 2	\$ - (67) 6,103 44 14	\$ - - - - - - - - - -
Total revenues			2,502	11,79	0	90	6,094	-
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public protection Health and sanitation Public assistace Special districts Public ways and facilities Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures REVENUES OVER		-	2,856 - - - 180 - 3,036	10,33 5 	- - 1 - 1		4,809	- - - - - - -
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES			(534)	1,40	9	90	1,285	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	16		-		
			(53 4)			-	1.007	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-	(534)	1,56	9	90	1,285	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	(.	58)	208	35	0	874	4,984	
End of year	\$ (:	58)	\$ (326)	\$ 1,91	9_\$	964	\$ 6,269	\$ -

	Special Revenue											
	Public Assistanc Advance		Educa	ation	Child Support Services		California Child Services		Animal Control		Special District Operations	
REVENUES:												
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Charges for current services Other revenue	\$		\$	- - 728	\$	- - (1) 5,309 - 7	\$	(2) 581 4	\$	- 7 - 12	\$	80 - - 2 - 991 28
Total revenues		-		728		5,315		583		19		1,101
EXPENDITURES:												
Current: General government Public protection Health and sanitation Public assistace Special districts Public ways and facilities Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		- - - - - - - -		- 170 - - - 170 558		- 5,088 - - - - 480 17 5,585 (270)		- 679 - - - - - - - 679 (96)		- 19 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - 438 - - - 438 663
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-		155
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		-		155
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-		558		(270)		(96)		-		818
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		-		178		374		(180)		9		409
End of year	\$	-	\$	736	\$	104	\$	(276)	\$	9	\$	1,227

		Special Revenue	;	
	DNA ID Local Portion	Other Programs	Social Services Realignment Funds	Total Non-major Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES:				
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Charges for current services Other revenue	\$ - - - 6 - 51	\$ - 76 (269) 2,176 8,074	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 4,982 3,287 513 (1,145) 131,393 25,745 2,563
Total revenues	57	10,057	-	167,338
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: General government Public protection Health and sanitation Public assistace Special districts Public ways and facilities Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5,872 - - - - 67 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - -	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,379\\37,806\\52,525\\39,097\\438\\16,834\\5,410\\4,824\\262\\158,575\\8,763\end{array} $
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in Transfers out		-	-	2,326 (1,975)
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	351
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(79)) 4,118	-	9,114
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	727	16,653		132,587
End of year	\$ 648	\$ 20,771	\$-	\$ 141,701
				(Concluded)

(Concluded)

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Non-major Enterprise Funds

Imperial Airport Fund - This fund accounts for the operations, which include the airport's physical structure, property and leases and to provide the public with adequate, convenient and safe services associated with aviation. This includes providing for all forms of commercial and private transportation (air and repair, flying instruction, aircraft rental, sales, charter, fuel sales, and aircraft storage). The department also provides safety and emergency services, aviation agri-business, Federal Aviation Administration facilities (Flight Service Station), and public interest conveniences such as restaurants, motel and ground transportation.

Holtville Airport Fund - This fund accounts for the management of Holtville Airport's physical structure, property, and leases.

County Transit Administrative Program Fund - This fund accounts for the State Transit Assistance Program for the Imperial Valley Association of Governments.

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County of Imperial Combining Statement of Net Position Non-major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

ASSETS		iperial irport		tville rport	County Transit Administrative Program		Total
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	906	\$	39	\$ -	\$	945
Receivables:	Ψ	200	Ψ	57	Ψ	Ŷ	<i>y</i> 10
Interest		2		-	-		2
Lease receivable - due within one year		104		-			104
Total current assets		1,012		39	-		1,051
Noncurrent assets:							
Lease receivable - due in more than one year Capital assets:		399		-	-		399
Non-depreciable/amortizable		662		23	-		685
Depreciable/amortizable, net		8,330		-			8,330
Total capital assets, net		8,992		23			9,015
Total noncurrent assets		9,391		23			9,414
Total assets		10,403		62	-		10,465
REFERRED OUTELOW OF RECOURCES							
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB		28					28
Related to Or EB		28 85		-	-		28 85
Total deferred outflow of resources		113					113
Total deletted buttlow of resources		115				_	115
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		10		-	-		10
Accrued payroll		9		-	-		9
Due to other funds		-		-	2		2
Compensated absences - due within one year		1		-	-		1
Total current liabilities		20		-	2	_	22
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences - due in more than one year		5		-	-		5
Net OPEB liability		373		-	-		373
Net pension liability		35		-			35
Total noncurrent liabilities		413		-			413
Total liabilities		433		-	2		435
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to leases		496		-	-		496
Related to OPEB		58		-	-		58
Related to pensions		132		-	-		132
Total deferred inflows of resources		686		-		_	686
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		8,992		23	-		9,015
Unrestricted (deficit)		405		39	(2))	442
Total net position	\$	9,397	\$	62	\$ (2)	\$	9,457

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County of Imperial Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Non-major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Imperial Airport		 tville rport	County Transit Administrative Program		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Sales and charges for services	\$	806	\$ 5	\$	-	\$	811
Total operating revenues		1,685	 5		-		1,690
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and benefits		168	-		-		168
Services and supplies		613	-		-		613
Depreciation and amortization		710	 -		-		710
Total operating expenses		1,491	 -		-		1,491
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		194	 5		-		199
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Investment income		9	-		-		9
Intergovernmental revenue		23	 -		-		23
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		32	 -		-		32
Changes in net position		1,765	5		-		1,770
NET POSITION:							
Beginning of year		7,632	 57		(2)		7,687
End of year	\$	9,397	\$ 62	\$	(2)	\$	9,457

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:Cash received from customers/other funds\$ 799\$ 5\$ -\$ 804Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds(633)(633)Cash payments to employees for services(181)(181)Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 864 5- 869 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:-23-23Operating grants 23 $1,539$ Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities $1,562$ -1,562CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:- $(2,417)$ - $(2,417)$ Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities $(2,417)$ - $(2,417)$ Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities $(2,417)$ - $(2,417)$ Net cash used in) capital and related financing activities $(2,417)$ - $(2,417)$ Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 9 - $(2,417)$ Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 9 - $(2,417)$ Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 9 - $(2,317)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 9 - $(2,417)$ Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 9 - $(2,417)$ Start activities 9 - $(2,417)$ Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 9 $(2,4$		-	perial rport	Holtv Airpo		County Transit Administrative Program		,	Total
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds(633)(633)Cash payments to employees for services(181)(181)Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities8645-869CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Operating grants2323Transfers from other funds1,5391,539Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities1,5621,562CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Acquisition of capital assets(2,417)(2,417)Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)(2,417)Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)(2,417)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments99Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities99Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities9-2323CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:185-23Beginning of year88834-92234	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities8645.869CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Operating grants2323Transfers from other funds1,5391,539Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities1,5621,562CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Acquisition of capital assets(2,417)(2,417)Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)(2,417)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments99Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities99Net cash and cash equivalents18523CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834	Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds	\$	(633)	\$	5	\$	-	\$	(633)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Operating grants 23 - - 23 Transfers from other funds 1,539 - - 1,539 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities 1,562 - - 1,562 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: - - 1,562 - - 1,562 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: - - (2,417) - - (2,417) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (2,417) - - (2,417) Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities (2,417) - - (2,417) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: - - (2,417) - - (2,417) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: - - - 9 - - 9 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 9 - - 9 - 9 Net cash and cash and cash equivalents 18 5 - 23 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:	Cash payments to employees for services		(181)		-		-		(181)
Operating grants2323Transfers from other funds1,5391,539Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities1,5621,562CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Acquisition of capital assets(2,417)(2,417)Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)(2,417)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments99Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities99Net cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:185-23Beginning of year88834-922	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		864		5		-		869
Transfers from other funds1,5391,539Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities1,5621,562CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Acquisition of capital assets(2,417)(2,417)Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)(2,417)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments99Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities99Net cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834-922	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	:							
Transfers from other funds1,5391,539Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities1,5621,562CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Acquisition of capital assets(2,417)(2,417)Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)(2,417)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments99Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities99Net cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834-922	Operating grants		23		-		-		23
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:Acquisition of capital assets(2,417)Acquisition of capital and related financing activities(2,417)Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments999-9-9-1000 M (used in) investing activities99-9-9-18518518519-2323CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834-922			1,539		-		-		1,539
Acquisition of capital assets(2,417)(2,417)Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)(2,417)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments9(2,417)Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities99Net change in cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834-922	Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		1,562		-		-		1,562
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities(2,417)(2,417)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments99Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities99Net change in cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834-922	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING A	CTIVIT	IES:						
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Interest from investments9-9Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities9-9Net change in cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:88834-922	Acquisition of capital assets		(2,417)		-		-		(2,417)
Interest from investments99Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities99Net change in cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834-922	Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(2,417)		-		-		(2,417)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities9-9Net change in cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834-922	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Net change in cash and cash equivalents185-23CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:Beginning of year88834-922	Interest from investments		9		-		-	_	9
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year 888 34 - 922	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		9		-		-		9
Beginning of year 888 34 - 922	Net change in cash and cash equivalents		18		5		-		23
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:								
End of year \$ 906 \$ 39 \$ - \$ 945	Beginning of year		888		34		-		922
	End of year	\$	906	\$	39	\$	-	\$	945

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Non-major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

_	Imperial Holtville Airport Airport		County Transit Administrative Program		Total		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO							
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIE	S:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 194	\$	5	\$	-	\$	199
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net							
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation	710		-		-		710
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and							
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:							
Lease receivable	102		-		-		102
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	(1)		-		-		(1)
Deferred outflows - pension related	12		-		-		12
Accounts payable	(20)		-		-		(20)
Accrued payroll	5		-		-		5
Compensated absences	1		-		-		1
Net OPEB liability	16		-		-		16
Net pension liability	(160)		-		-		(160)
Deferred inflows - lease related	(109)		-		-		(109)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	3		-		-		3
Deferred inflows - pension related	111		-		-		111
Total adjustments	670		-		-		670
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 864	\$	5	\$		\$	869

(Concluded)

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Internal Service Funds

Garage Operating Fund - The County Garage is under the direction of the Public Works director and is responsible for the administration and management of the County's fleet of light vehicles. The authority of the County Board of Supervisors leases these vehicles to various County departments to meet their transportation needs. The cost to maintain the garage operation is totally offset by a mileage rate charge to these departments. This budget unit is also used to replace Motor Pool vehicles, which are considered obsolete when they reach mileage or age, which would cause them to become inefficient for continued service.

Central Mail System Fund - This fund is used to account for costs associated with the County's centralized mail system. This system provides for one mail clerk position, as well as the utilization of a digital postage machine. Costs are recovered from departments resulting in a net cost of zero to the general fund. This budget is under the direction of the Purchasing Agent.

Flood Control Fund - This fund is used to account for flood control projects undertaken by the County. The Board of Supervisors approves specific projects.

Communication Services Fund - This fund is used to account for the delivery of telecommunications products and services for all County departments, and for ensuring that departments receive the mix of products and services that provides the greatest benefit at the most advantageous cost.

Liability Insurance Fund - This fund is used to account for the processing of claims for the County's liability and property losses. The County is a member of the County Supervisors Association of California – Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) which provides for coverage of liability claims in excess of the County's \$200,000 self-insured retention (S-I-R).

Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund - This fund is used to account for accumulation of reserves to pay for self-funded workers' compensation losses. The level of self-insurance, adopted in 1985-86, is \$300,000 per occurrence. Any losses under this amount are paid from this fund and losses above the amount are covered by excess insurance.

Unemployement Insurance Fund - This fund is used to account for required claims as a result of a State mandate effective January 1, 1975, which required all local governments to provide for unemployment compensation. Claims management is provided by Gibbens Company.

Medical Plan Fund - This fund is used to account for the Imperial County Health Plan which became operational January 1, 1980. It is a self-funded, self- sustaining program of employee medical benefits, funded by the County and employee contributions, which are determined by negotiations and based on expenditure history. Retirees of Imperial County also qualify for coverage and are provided protection by contract with the Retirement Board.

Dental/Vision Plan Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of reserves to pay for self-funded Dental/Vision claims.

Medical Malpractice Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of reserves for the County self-insured Medical Malpractice Program. Stop loss insurance provides protection for excessive claims expense.

Auto Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of reserves to pay for self-funded auto claims.

Information Systems Fund - This fund is used to account for the County's computer hardware and software related expertise including operational planning and support to all County departments. One of the department's objectives is to ensure that state-of-the-art technology will guide the County into the future. The budget unit was established to account for the development of new systems, the maintenance of existing systems and operation of the computer center as an Internal Service Fund. This budget includes a \$50,000 contingency reserve for equipment replacement reserve.

Case Management Systems Fund - This fund is used to account for the processing and monitoring of healthcare services given to county employees by a group of healthcare providers.

Clearing/Revolving Fund - This fund is used to account for clearing facilities for items such as payroll withholdings and warrant redemption. These funds are used to temporarily accumulate and hold resources for distribution to third parties.

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Net Position All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and investments S 5.65 S S 2.6 S 1.30 S 4.512 Care and investments S 5.65 S - S - - - 111 Due from other finds -		Central Garage Mail Operating System		Flood Control	Communication Services		Liability Insurance			
S 565 S S 26 S 130 S 4,512 Receivable:: Interest - - - - 11 Due from other funds -	ASSETS									
Interest - - - 11 Due from oher funde - - - - - Total current assets 586 9 26 130 4523 Non-depreciable/amoritzable 23 - - - - Non-depreciable/amoritzable, net 722 21 - - - Total coprila assets, net 745 21 - - - - Total coprila assets 745 21 - </td <td>Cash and investments</td> <td>\$ 56</td> <td>5 \$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$ 26</td> <td>\$</td> <td>130</td> <td>\$</td> <td>4,512</td>	Cash and investments	\$ 56	5 \$	-	\$ 26	\$	130	\$	4,512	
Inventories and prepaid items 21 9 - - Total current assets 586 9 26 130 4,523 Noncurrent assets: 0 23 - - - Non-depreciable/amorizable 23 - - - - Total capital assets 745 21 - - - - Total assets 1,33 30 26 130 4,523 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to DPEB 95 - - - - ILABILITIES Current liabilities: Accound payrable 332 - - - - Congenstact absences - due within one year 64 6 - - - Comperstact absences - due within one year 64 6 - - - - Comperstact absences - due within one year 144 8 - - - - Congenstact absences - due within one year 1215 1 - - -	Interest		-	-	-		-		11	
Noncurrent assets: Image: Capital asset: Imag	Inventories and prepaid items						-		-	
Capital assets: Non-depreciable/amortizable, net 23 - - - Total capital assets, net 745 21 - - - Total capital assets, net 745 21 - - - - Total assets 745 21 -	Total current assets	58	6	9	26		130		4,523	
Depreciable/antizable, net 722 21 - - Total capital assets, net 745 21 - - - Total assets 745 21 - - - - Total assets 745 21 -<	Capital assets:	2	3	-	_		_		_	
Total noncurrent assets 745 21 - - Total assets 1,331 30 26 130 4,523 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 95 - - - - Total deferred outflow of resources 387 - - - - Total deferred outflow of resources 387 - - - - LABILITIES - - - - - - Current liabilities: - - - - - - Accrued payroll 30 - - - - - Interest payable - - - - - - - Compensated absences - due within one year -				21	-		-		-	
Total assets 1.331 30 26 130 4.523 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 95 - <t< td=""><td>Total capital assets, net</td><td>74</td><td>5</td><td>21</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Total capital assets, net	74	5	21	-		-		-	
DEFERED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES 95 -		74	5	21	-	_	-		-	
Related to OPEB 95 - -	Total assets	1,33	1	30	26		130		4,523	
Related to pensions 292 -			-							
Total deferred outflow of resources 387 LIABILITIESCurrent liabilities: Accounts payable 332 Accrued payroll 30 Interest payableCompensated absences - due within one year646Congensated absences - due within one yearCongensated absences - due within one yearClaims payable - due within one year448Noncurrent liabilities:4306Compensated absences - due in more than one year27Compensated absences - due in more than one year14418Compensated absences - due in more than one year14418Chaim payable - due in more than one year14418<				-	-		-		-	
Current liabilities: 332 - <th -<="" t<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></th>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>				-			-		-
Accounts payable 332 - - - - Accrued payroll 30 - - - - Interest payable - - - - - - Compensated absences - due within one year 4 - - - - - Long-term debt - due in more than one year 64 6 - - - - Claims payable - due within one year -	LIABILITIES									
Accrued payroll 30 - - - - Interest payable - - - - - Compensated absences - due within one year 44 - - - - Long-term debt - due in more than one year 64 6 - - - 448 Total current liabilities 430 6 - - 448 Noncurrent liabilities 430 6 - - 448 Noncurrent liabilities 27 - - - 448 Noncurrent liabilities: -										
Interest payable <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>				-	-		-		-	
Compensated absences - due within one year4Long-term debt - due in more than one year646Claims payable - due within one year448Total current liabilities4306448Noncurrent liabilities:27448Compensated absences - due in more than one year27448Noncurrent liabilities:27 <td< td=""><td></td><td>3</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>		3	-	-	-		-		-	
Long-term debt - due in more than one year 64 6 $ -$ Claims payable - due within one year $ 448$ Total current liabilities 430 6 $ 448$ Noncurrent liabilities: 27 $ -$ Compensated absences - due in more than one year 27 $ -$ Claims payable - due in more than one year 144 18 $ -$ Claims payable - due in more than one year $ -$ Claims payable - due in more than one year $ -$ Claims payable - due in more than one year $ -$ Net OPEB liability 988 $ -$ Net pension liability 56 $ -$ Total noncurrent liabilities $1,215$ 18 $ -$ Total liabilities $1,645$ 24 $ -$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 453 $ -$ Related to OPEB 198 $ -$ Total deferred inflows of resources 651 $ -$ Net POSITION $(1,323)$ (15) 26 130 $2,706$ Investment in capital assets 745 21 $ -$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>4</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>			4	-	-		_		-	
Total current liabilities 430 6 - - 448 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences - due in more than one year 27 -		6	4	6	-		-		-	
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences - due in more than one year Long-term debt - due in more than one year27Long-term debt - due in more than one year Claims payable - due in more than one year14418Claims payable - due in more than one year Claims payable - due in more than one year <td< td=""><td>Claims payable - due within one year</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>448</td></td<>	Claims payable - due within one year			-			-		448	
Compensated absences - due in more than one year27Long-term debt - due in more than one year144181,369Net OPEB liability9881,369Net OPEB liability56Total noncurrent liabilities1,215181,369Total liabilities1,645241,817DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESRelated to OPEB198Total deferred inflows of resources651Net POSITIONInvestment in capital assets74521Investment in capital assets74521Investment in capital assets74521Investment in capital assets74521Investment in capital assets74521Interposition (deficit)§(578)§6§26\$130§2,706	Total current liabilities	43	0	6			-		448	
Claims payable - due in more than one year1,369Net OPEB liability988Net pension liability 56 Total noncurrent liabilities $1,215$ 18 1,369Total noncurrent liabilities $1,215$ 18 1,369Total noncurrent liabilities $1,215$ 18 1,369DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES1645 24 1,817DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 453 Related to OPEB 198 Related to pensions 453 Total deferred inflows of resources651Investment in capital assets 745 21 Unrestricted (deficit) $(1,323)$ (15) 26 130 $2,706$ Total net position (deficit) $$$ $$$ $$$ 6 $$$ 26 $$$ 130 $$$ $2,706$		2	7	-	-		-		-	
Net OPEB liability988Net pension liability 56 Total noncurrent liabilities $1,215$ 18 $1,369$ Total liabilities $1,645$ 24 $1,817$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESRelated to OPEB 198 Related to OPEB 453 Total deferred inflows of resourcesOEF POSITIONInvestment in capital assets 745 21 Our setticted (deficit)Investment in capital assets 745 21 Our setticted (deficit)Total net position (deficit)§(578)§6§26\$130§2,706		14	4	18	-		-		-	
Net pension liability 56 $ -$ Total noncurrent liabilities $1,215$ 18 $ 1,369$ Total liabilities $1,645$ 24 $ 1,817$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 198 $ -$ Related to OPEB 198 $ -$ Related to pensions 453 $ -$ Total deferred inflows of resources 651 $ -$ NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 745 21 $ -$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(1,323)$ (15) 26 130 $2,706$ Total net position (deficit) $\frac{1}{5}$ 5 6 26 5 130 $2,706$				-	-		-		1,369	
Total noncurrent liabilities $1,215$ 18 $ 1,369$ Total liabilities $1,645$ 24 $ 1,817$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESRelated to OPEB198 $ -$ Related to pensions 453 $ -$ Total deferred inflows of resources 651 $ -$ NET POSITIONInvestment in capital assets 745 21 $ -$ Unrestricted (deficit) $(1,323)$ (15) 26 130 $2,706$ Total net position (deficit) $$$ (578) $$$ 6 26 $$$ 130 $$$ $2,706$				-	-		-		-	
Total liabilities 1,645 24 - - 1,817 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 198 - - - - - - - - - - - 1,817 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 198 -				- 19					1 260	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 198 - - - - Related to pensions 453 - - - - - Total deferred inflows of resources 651 - - - - - NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 745 21 - - - Unrestricted (deficit) (1,323) (15) 26 130 2,706 Total net position (deficit) \$ (578) \$ 6 \$ 26 \$ 130 2,706					-					
Related to OPEB 198 -	DEEEDDED INELOWS OF DESOLIDCES									
Related to pensions 453 -		19	8	-	-		-		-	
NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 745 21 -				-		_	-		-	
Investment in capital assets 745 21 -	Total deferred inflows of resources	65	1	-			-		-	
Unrestricted (deficit) (1,323) (15) 26 130 2,706 Total net position (deficit) \$ (578) \$ 6 \$ 26 \$ 130 \$ 2,706										
S 6 S 26 \$ 130 \$ 2,706	-				-		-		-	
	i otal net position (deficit)	\$ (57	8) \$	6	\$ 26	\$	130			

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Workers' Compensation Benefits	Unemployment Insurance	Medical Plan	Dental/ Vision Plan	Medical Malpractice
ASSETS					
Current assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 16,148	\$ 3,310	\$-	\$ 2,116	\$ 974
Interest	101	7	-	5	2
Due from other funds	28,039	-	-	-	-
Inventories and prepaid items	-				
Total current assets	44,288	3,317		2,121	976
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable/amortizable	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciable/amortizable, net					
Total capital assets, net					
Total noncurrent assets					
Total assets	44,288	3,317		2,121	976
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Related to OPEB	-	-	-	-	-
Related to pensions	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred outflow of resources	-	-	-	-	-
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	3	145	-	9	-
Accrued payroll Interest payable	-	-	-	-	-
Compensated absences - due within one year	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term debt - due within one year	-	-	-	-	-
Claims payable - due within one year	6,221	-	-	87	-
Total current liabilities	6,224	145	-	96	-
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	-	-	-	-	-
Claims payable - due in more than one year	30,965	-	-	-	-
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	-	-	-	-	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	20.065				
	30,965	- 145		-	
Total liabilities	37,189	145		96	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to OPEB	-	-	-	-	-
Related to pensions					
Total deferred inflows of resources					
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	7,099	3,172		2,025	976
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 7,099	\$ 3,172	\$-	\$ 2,025	\$ 976
					(Continued)

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Auto	Case Information Management Systems Systems		Clearing/ Revolving	Total	
ASSETS						
Current assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 1,217	\$ 1,087	\$ 5,633	\$ 9,425	\$ 45,143	
Interest Due from other funds	3	-	15	-	144 28,039	
Inventories and prepaid items Total current assets	- 1,220	- 1,087	- 5,648	- 9,425	30 73,356	
Noncurrent assets:	1,220	1,007	5,048	9,423	/3,330	
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable/amortizable Depreciable/amortizable, net	-	- 309	-	-	23 1,052	
Total capital assets, net	-	309	-	-	1,075	
Total noncurrent assets	-	309	-	-	1,075	
Total assets	1,220	1,396	5,648	9,425	74,431	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Related to OPEB	-	308	-	-	403	
Related to pensions		950			1,242	
Total deferred outflow of resources		1,258			1,645	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:		200	1	4 992	5 (01	
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	-	308 95	1	4,883	5,681 125	
Interest payable	-	2	-	-	2	
Compensated absences - due within one year	-	15	-	-	19	
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	-	-	-	-	70	
Claims payable - due within one year	142				6,898	
Total current liabilities	142	420	1	4,883	12,795	
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences - due in more than one year	-	116	_	_	143	
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	-	-	-	-	162	
Claims payable - due in more than one year	424	-	-	-	32,758	
Net OPEB liability	-	3,469	-	-	4,457	
Net pension liability		338			394	
Total noncurrent liabilities	424	3,923		-	37,914	
Total liabilities	566	4,343	1	4,883	50,709	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to OPEB	-	642	-	-	840	
Related to pensions	-	<u>1,472</u> 2,114			1,925	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,114			2,765	
NET POSITION						
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	- 654	309	-	- 4,542	1,075 21,527	
Total net position (deficit)		(4,112)	\$ 5,647		<u>21,527</u>	
i otai nei position (ueneit)	\$ 654	\$ (3,803)	\$ 5,647	\$ 4,542	\$ 22,602 (Concluded)	

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Garage Operating	Central Mail System	Flood Control	Communication Services	Liability Insurance	
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Sales and charges for services	\$ 2,824	\$ 383	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,651	
Total operating revenues	2,824	383			6,651	
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Salaries and benefits	614	-	-	-	-	
Services and supplies	2,143	391	-	-	6,497	
Depreciation and amortization	541	6		-		
Total operating expenses	3,298	397			6,497	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(474) (14)			154	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Investment income (loss)	(4) 1	-	-	(133)	
Interest expense	(2) (3)	-	-	-	
Gain(loss) on disposal of property	58	(7)	-			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	52	(9)	-		(133)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(422) (23)			21	
TRANSFERS:						
Transfers in	117	220	-	-	-	
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	(1,142)	
Total transfers	117	220	-		(1,142)	
Changes in net position	(305) 197	-	-	(1,121)	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)	(273) (191)	26	130	3,827	
End of year	\$ (578) \$ 6	\$ 26	\$ 130	\$ 2,706	
					(Continued)	

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	-		ployment urance	nt Medical Plan		Dental/ Vision Plan		Medical Malpractice	
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Sales and charges for services	\$ 1	0,291	\$ 941	\$	-	\$	1,564	\$	471
Total operating revenues	1	0,291	 941		-		1,564		471
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Depreciation and amortization		- 7,889 -	- 404 -		- -		1,338		443
Total operating expenses		7,889	404		-		1,338		443
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,402	 537		-		226		28
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):									
Investment income (loss) Interest expense Gain(loss) on disposal of property	((1,118) -	(82)		-		(52)		(1)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	((1,118)	 (82)				(52)		(1)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		1,284	 455		-		174		27
TRANSFERS:									
Transfers in Transfers out		-	-		-		-		-
Total transfers		-	 -		-		-		-
Changes in net position		1,284	455		-		174		27
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):									
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		5,815	 2,717		-		1,851		949
End of year	\$	7,099	\$ 3,172	\$	-	\$	2,025	\$	976
								(C	(bound

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	A	uto	 ormation ystems	Ca Manag Syst	ement	aring/ olving	1	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Sales and charges for services	\$	377	\$ 3,570	\$	36,365	\$ 56	\$	63,493
Total operating revenues		377	3,570		36,365	 56		63,493
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Depreciation and amortization		200	2,027 427 78		- 33,404 -	- -		2,641 53,136 625
Total operating expenses		200	 2,532		33,404	 -		56,402
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		177	 1,038		2,961	 56		7,091
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Investment income (loss) Interest expense Gain(loss) on disposal of property		(30)	(38)		(120)	(110) - -		(1,687) (5) 51
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(30)	 (38)		(120)	(110)		(1,641)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		147	 1,000		2,841	 (54)		5,450
TRANSFERS:								
Transfers in Transfers out		- (117)	 1,142		-	-		1,479 (1,259)
Total transfers		(117)	 1,142		-	 -		220
Changes in net position		30	2,142		2,841	(54)		5,670
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)		624	 (5,945)		2,806	 4,596		16,932
End of year	\$	654	\$ (3,803)	\$	5,647	\$ 4,542	\$	22,602

(Concluded)

	Operating System (lood ontrol	inication vices		iability surance	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating activities	\$	2,824 (1,920) (658)	\$	383 (399) -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	6,651 (6,527) -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		246		(16)	 -	 -		124
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Borrowing from other funds		-		-	-	-		-
Repayment to other funds		-		(200)	-	-		-
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		117		220	-	-		- (1,142)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		- 117		20	 	 		(1,142)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Acquisition of capital assets		(97)		-	-	-		-
Proceeds from the sale of assets		58		-	-	-		-
Proceeds from issuance of debt Principal payment of long-term debt		97 (36)		(5)	-	-		-
Interest paid on debt		(30)		(5)	-	-		-
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		21		(5)	 -	-		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest from investments		(4)		1	-	 -		(133)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(4)		1	 -	-		(133)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		380		-	-	-		(1,151)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:								
Beginning of year		185		-	 26	 130		5,663
End of year	\$	565	\$	-	\$ 26	\$ 130	\$	4,512
					 	 	(ontinued)

	Garage Operating		Central Mail System		Flood Control		Communication Services		ability urance
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERAT	-	CTIVITIE	S:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(474)	\$	(14)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 154
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation		541		6		-		-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and									
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:									
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		-		-	-
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		14		-		-		-	-
Deferred outflows - pension related		104		-		-		-	-
Accounts payable		215		-		-		-	(5)
Accrued payroll		3		-		-		-	-
Compensated absences		(14)		-		-		-	-
Claims payable		-		-		-		-	(25)
Net OPEB liability		55		-		-		-	-
Net pension liability		(548)		-		-		-	-
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		(27)		-		-		-	-
Deferred inflows - pension related		369		-		-		-	 -
Total adjustments		720		(2)		-		-	(30)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	246	\$	(16)	\$		\$	-	\$ 124

	Com	orkers' pensation enefits	nemployment Insurance		ledical Plan	Dental/ Vision Plan		edical practice
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating activities	\$	10,291 (8,096) - -	\$ 941 (259) -	\$	- - -	\$ 1,564 (1,337) -	\$	471 (443) -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,195	682		-	 227		28
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Borrowing from other funds		(2,342)	-		-	-		-
Repayment to other funds Transfers from other funds		-	-		(21)	-		-
Transfers to other funds		-	-		-	-		-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		(2,342)	 -		(21)	 -		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Acquisition of capital assets		-	-		-	-		-
Proceeds from the sale of assets		-	-		-	-		-
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-	-		-	-		-
Principal payment of long-term debt Interest paid on debt		-	-		-	-		-
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		-	 -		-	 -		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest from investments		(1,130)	(84)		21	(53)		(1)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(1,130)	(84)		21	(53)		(1)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,277)	598		-	174		27
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:								
Beginning of year		17,425	2,712		-	1,942		947
End of year	\$	16,148	\$ 3,310	\$		\$ 2,116	\$	974
			 			 	(C	ontinued)

	Workers' Compensation Benefits		Unemployment Insurance		Medical Plan		Dental/ Vision Plan		 edical practice
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATI		CTIVITIE	S:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,402	\$	537	\$	-	\$	226	\$ 28
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation		-		-		-		-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and									
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:									
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		-		-	-
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		-		-		-		-	-
Deferred outflows - pension related		-		-		-		-	-
Accounts payable		(79)		145		-		(5)	-
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		-	-
Compensated absences		-		-		-		-	-
Claims payable		(128)		-		-		6	-
Net OPEB liability		-		-		-		-	-
Net pension liability		-		-		-		-	-
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		-		-		-		-	-
Deferred inflows - pension related		-		-		-		-	-
Total adjustments		(207)		145		-		1	 -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,195	\$	682	\$	_	\$	227	\$ 28

	Auto	ormation	Case nagement Systems	learing/ evolving		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating activities	\$ 377 (117) -	\$ 3,570 (119) (2,136)	\$ 36,366 (33,435) -	\$ 56 (6,394) -	\$	63,494 (59,046) (2,794)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	260	 1,315	2,931	(6,338)		1,654
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Borrowing from other funds	-	-	-	-		(2,342)
Repayment to other funds	-	(1,108)	-	-		(1,329)
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	- (117)	1,142	-	-		1,479 (1,259)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 (117)	 34	 	 		(3,451)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of capital assets	-	(222)	-	-		(319)
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-	-	-		58
Proceeds from issuance of debt Principal payment of long-term debt	-	-	-	-		97 (41)
Interest paid on debt	-	(2)	-	-		(41)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	 _	 (224)	 -	 -		(208)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest from investments	 (31)	(38)	 (127)	 (110)		(1,689)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(31)	 (38)	 (127)	 (110)		(1,689)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	112	1,087	2,804	(6,448)		(3,694)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:						
Beginning of year	 1,105	 -	 2,829	 15,873		48,837
End of year	\$ 1,217	\$ 1,087	\$ 5,633	\$ 9,425	\$	45,143
					((Continued)

	 Auto		Formation Systems	Maı	Case nagement ystems	learing/ evolving	 Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATION	CTIVITIE	5:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 177	\$	1,038	\$	2,961	\$ 56	\$ 7,091
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net							
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation	-		78		-	-	625
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and							
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:							
Accounts receivable, net	-		-		1	-	1
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	-		71		-	-	85
Deferred outflows - pension related	-		427		-	-	531
Accounts payable	-		308		(31)	(6,394)	(5,846)
Accrued payroll	-		9		-	-	12
Compensated absences	-		(48)		-	-	(62)
Claims payable	83		-		-	-	(64)
Net OPEB liability	-		175		-	-	230
Net pension liability	-		(1,781)		-	-	(2,329)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	-		(140)		-	-	(167)
Deferred inflows - pension related	 -		1,178		-	-	 1,547
Total adjustments	 83		277		(30)	 (6,394)	 (5,437)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 260	\$	1,315	\$	2,931	\$ (6,338)	\$ 1,654

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Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds

Transportation Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 89-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Tax Collection Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 94-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

State and City Revenues Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 93-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Other Custodial Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of various entities until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

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County of Imperial Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

ACCETC	Transportation		Co	Tax ollection	and City	(Other	Ci	Total ustodial Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	48,859	\$	11,683	\$ 1,688	\$	7,077	\$	69,307
Deposits with others		-		-	-		-		-
Contribution receivable		-		-	-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-	12		58		70
Interest receivable		112		75	 2		11		200
Total assets		48,971		11,758	 1,702		7,146		69,577
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		1,660		267	256		58		2,241
Deposits payable		-		-	-		-		-
Total liabilities		1,660		267	256		58		2,241
NET POSITION									
Held for:									
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		47,311		11,491	1,446		7,088		67,336
Total Net Position	\$	47,311	\$	11,491	\$ 1,446	\$	7,088	\$	67,336
								((Concluded)

(Concluded)

County of Imperial Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

ADDITIONS:	Tran	Transportation		Tax ollection	and City evenues	 Other	Total Sustodial Funds
Contributions to investment pool Investment income (loss)	\$	- (1,236)	\$	(371)	\$ - (1)	\$ 44,285 (435)	\$ 44,285 (2,043)
Other additions		51,794		126,636	3,677	810	182,917
Total additions		50,558		126,265	 3,676	 44,660	 225,159
DEDUCTIONS:							
Payments to other governments		47,305		122,983	3,450	 43,551	 217,289
Total deductions		47,305		122,983	3,450	 43,551	 217,289
Changes in net position		3,253		3,282	226	1,109	7,870
NET POSITION:							
Beginning of year		44,058		8,209	 1,220	 5,979	 59,466
End of year	\$	47,311	\$	11,491	\$ 1,446	\$ 7,088	\$ 67,336

(Concluded)

STATISTICAL SECTION

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County of Imperial Statistical Section

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County of Imperial Net Position By Component (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012-13		2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17
Governmental activities									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	98,638	\$	102,522	\$	108,279	\$	101,517	\$ 115,742
Restricted		76,918		90,134		53,096		62,326	(13,988)
Unrestricted (deficit)		(164)		19,757		(39,317)		(46,205)	 26,949
Total governmental activities net position		175,392		212,413		122,058		118,638	 128,703
Business-type activities									
Net investment in capital assets		11,009		10,094		9,176		10,473	9,789
Restricted		2		12		(2)		(1)	1
Unrestricted (deficit)		(12,899)		(13,029)		(9,088)		(8,682)	 (8,783)
Total business type activities net position		(1,888)		(2,923)		86		1,790	 1,007
Primary government									
Net investment in capital assets		109,647		112,616		117,455		112,990	125,531
Restricted		76,920		90,146		53,094		62,325	(13,987)
Unrestricted (deficit)		(13,063)		6,728		(48,405)		(54,887)	 18,166
Total primary government net position	\$	173,504	\$	209,490	\$	122,144	\$	120,428	\$ 129,710

Notes:

(1) Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constituitional provisions or enabling legislation.

Source:

County of Imperial Net Position By Component (Unaudited) (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2017-18		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21			2021-22
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 123, 125, (278)	959	\$	126,520 37,721	\$	130,573 134,837 (411,646)	\$	125,860 182,557 (415,592)	\$	125,730 174,670
Unrestricted (deficit) Total governmental activities net position	(378,	238) 534)		(328,529) (164,288)		(411,646) (146,236)		(415,592) (107,175)		(392,423) (92,023)
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	9,	131 3		8,400 1		8,392		7,519		9,149 11,398
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,	785)		(16,608)		(53,215)		(70,824)		(60,174)
Total business type activities net position	1,	349		(8,207)		(44,823)		(63,305)		(39,627)
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	132,			134,920		138,676		133,379		134,879
Restricted	125,			37,722		134,837		182,557		186,068
Unrestricted (deficit)	(386,		¢	(345,137)	Φ.	(464,861)	_	(486,416)		(452,597)
Total primary government net position	\$ (127,	185)	\$	(172,495)	\$	(191,348)	\$	(170,480)	\$	(131,650)

Notes:

(1) Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constituitional provisions or enabling legislation.

Source:

County of Imperial Changes in Net Position (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2012-13	2013-14 20		2014-15	 2015-16	2016-17	
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services							
General government	\$ 40,405	\$	42,224	\$	44,536	\$ 49,934	\$ 58,526
Public protection	15,558		11,582		11,447	12,162	11,389
Health and sanitation	10,751		12,517		14,457	15,392	17,308
Public assistance	869		1,093		983	1,066	1,058
Special districts							
Public ways and facilities	 1,254		1,222		1,176	 1,122	 1,334
Total charges for services	68,837		68,638		72,598	79,676	89,615
Operating grants and contributions	189,758		211,437		207,137	204,452	254,378
Capital grants and contributions	 -		-		-	 -	-
Total governmental activities program revenues	 258,595		280,075		279,735	 284,128	343,993
Business-type activities:							
Charges for services							
Sanitation	-		-		1,106	-	-
Airport	660		485		569	1,321	654
County Services Areas, other	 26		9		13	 13	12
Total charges for services	 686		494		1,687	1,334	666
Operating grants and contributions	28		68		-	-	1
Capital grants and contributions	-		-		-	-	-
Total business-type activities program revenues	714		562		1,687	 1,334	667
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 259,309	\$	280,637	\$	281,422	\$ 285,462	344,660
Net (expense) revenue							
Governmental activities	(96,669)		(72,261)		(119,301)	(125,006)	(103,363)
Business-type activities	 (10,641)		(1,059)		3,074	 (1,150)	 (833)
Total primary government net expenses	\$ (107,310)	\$	(73,320)	\$	(116,227)	\$ (126,157)	\$ (104,196)

Source:

County of Imperial Changes in Net Position (Unaudited) (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2	017-18	 2018-19		2019-20		2019-20		2020-21	,	2021-22
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services											
General government	\$	54,830	\$ 37,465	\$	31,970	\$	31,086	\$	34,006		
Public protection		12,373	10,490		8,708		8,415		7,162		
Health and sanitation		18,958	8,563		7,278		5,471		12,305		
Public assistance		1,242	2,728		1,927		4,584		10,932		
Special districts							583		991		
Public ways and facilities		1,203	 1,727		9,882		17,991		1,817		
Total charges for services		88,606	60,973		59,765		68,130		67,213		
Operating grants and contributions		293,976	268,579		267,829		304,588		301,479		
Capital grants and contributions		-	-		-		-		18,776		
Total governmental activities program revenues		382,582	 329,552		327,594		372,718		387,468		
Business-type activities: Charges for services											
Sanitation		1,300	46		4,796		2,012		3,846		
Airport		761	904		772		707		1,690		
County Services Areas, other		13	12		8		10		-		
Total charges for services		2,074	 962		5,576		2,729		5,536		
Operating grants and contributions		-	-		-		-		23		
Capital grants and contributions		-	-		-		-		-		
Total business-type activities program revenues		2,074	 962		5,576		2,729		5,559		
Total primary government program revenues		384,656	 330,514		333,170		375,447		393,027		
Net (expense) revenue											
Governmental activities		(75,330)	(138,158)		(93,931)		(62,474)		(25,857)		
Business-type activities		618	(992)		(10,623)		(21,578)		2,284		
Total primary government net expenses	\$	(74,712)	\$ (139,150)	\$	(104,554)	\$	(84,052)	\$	(23,573)		

Source:

County of Imperial Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16		2	2016-17
General Fund:							
Nonspendable	\$ 475	\$ 443	\$ 465	\$	502	\$	371
Restricted	7,151	6,962	3,589		1,464		1,469
Committed	8,896	20,411	22,287		27,473		27,793
Assigned	15,988	16,852	27,311		26,920		19,156
Unassigned	15,845	 24,393	 13,479		10,106		11,247
Total general fund	 48,355	 69,061	 67,131		66,465		60,036
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Nonspendable	722	329	211		287		173
Restrictred	23,946	28,330	29,391		44,541		63,191
Committed	18,597	25,530	22,976		7,806		26,435
Assigned	54,408	54,097	15,880		20,060		20,260
Unassigned	(51,761)	(53,202)	(23,520)		(25,923)		(60,610)
Total other governmental funds	45,912	 55,084	 44,938		46,771		49,449
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 94,267	\$ 124,145	\$ 112,069		113,236	\$	109,485

Source:

County of Imperial Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2	2020-21	2	2021-22
General Fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	334	\$ 306	\$ 221	\$	14,445	\$	24,712
Restricted		32,045	3,375	1,516		1,383		1,371
Committed		4,448	8,851	5,969		6,273		4,448
Assigned		15,983	11,531	12,913		10,868		4,306
Unassigned		10,980	 28,938	 21,062		5,809		-
Total general fund		63,790	 53,001	 41,681		38,778		34,837
All Other Governmental Funds:								
Nonspendable		285	129	254		98		2,764
Restrictred		93,914	110,851	133,321		181,174		164,239
Committed		16,961	9,567	-		-		-
Assigned		2,998	27	-		-		-
Unassigned		(50,409)	(50,005)	(17,508)		(18,719)		(20,758)
Total other governmental funds		63,749	 70,569	 116,067		162,553		146,245
Total governmental fund balances	\$	127,539	\$ 123,570	\$ 157,748	\$	201,331	\$	181,082

Source:

County of Imperial Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2	012-13	2	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Revenues (by source):							
Taxes	\$	37,161	\$	45,005	45,964	43,412	41,399
Licenses and permits		6,006		4,939	5,070	4,988	4,745
Fines, Forfeitures & Penalties		5,911		6,770	6,821	7,172	5,879
Investment income (loss)		2,917		2,477	5,829	4,601	3,144
Intergovernmental		200,950		224,563	223,919	231,011	255,772
Charges for Services		46,566		45,412	43,890	58,260	53,393
Other		12,247		11,593	11,269	9,234	15,545
Total revenues		311,758		340,759	342,762	358,677	379,877
Expenditures (by function):							
Current:							
General Government		36,640		35,606	44,668	41,802	54,117
Public Protection		87,133		88,999	96,538	98,626	103,278
Health & Sanitation		44,512		49,550	51,672	57,289	79,588
Public Assistance		123,266		120,521	138,643	142,135	132,132
Special Districts							
Public Ways & Facilities		19,736		17,227	17,560	15,998	16,012
Debt Services							
Capital Outlay							
Total expenditures		311,287		311,903	349,081	355,850	385,127
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		471		28,856	(6,319)	2,827	(5,250)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Changes in Reserves		809		900	(1,603)	384	66
Inception of lease liability		-		-	-	-	-
Transfers		(1,967)		70	10	80	262
Proceeds of Endowment Funds		(3,257)		53	(4,164)	(2,126)	1,173
Total other financing sources and uses		(4,415)		1,023	(5,756)	(1,662)	1,501
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,944)		29,879	(12,075)	1,165	(3,749)
Fund Balances - beginning		98,211		94,266	124,146	112,069	113,234
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-	-
Fund Balances - beginning restated		98,211		94,266	124,146	112,069	113,234
Fund Balances - ending	\$	94,267	\$	124,145	112,070	113,234	109,485

Notes:

(1) By State Controller function.

Source:

County of Imperial Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Revenues (by source):					
Taxes	41,270	44,569	42,135	44,837	34,278
Licenses and permits	4,741	4,112	4,418	4,337	4,644
Fines, Forfeitures & Penalties	5,154	5,601	6,081	4,850	5,752
Investment income (loss)	3,395	4,036	6,067	2,381	(2,683)
Intergovernmental	287,515	255,445	291,642	340,790	341,920
Charges for services	48,701	45,482	41,274	41,280	57,020
Other	14,254	17,895	13,189	12,484	4,266
Total revenues	405,030	377,140	404,806	450,959	445,197
Expenditures (by function):					
Current:					
General Government	23,903	24,364	28,713	47,211	35,275
Public Protection	102,403	99,649	109,256	108,640	110,637
Health & Sanitation	66,159	52,809	49,746	49,175	95,834
Public Assistance	158,229	181,710	184,509	196,391	155,884
Special Districts				583	438
Public Ways & Facilities	14,046	20,172	15,245	17,801	17,303
Debt Services	5,975	5,978	5,976	5,960	12,311
Capital Outlay	16,261	1,463	2,418	946	9,032
Total expenditures	386,976	386,145	395,863	426,707	436,714
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	18,054	(9,005)	8,943	24,252	8,483
Other financing sources (uses):					
Changes in Reserves	-	-	-	-	-
Inception of lease liability	-	-	-	-	1,775
Transfers	-	-	-	(3,000)	(1,038)
Proceeds of Endowment Funds		-	-		-
Total other financing sources and uses				(3,000)	737
Net Change in Fund Balances	18,054	(9,005)	8,943	21,252	9,220
Fund Balances - beginning	109,485	127,461	148,805	180,080	180,080
Prior period adjustment		5,114	-	-	(8,218)
Fund Balances - beginning restated	109,485	132,575	148,805	180,080	171,862
Fund Balances - ending	127,539	123,570	157,748	201,332	181,082

Notes:

(1) By State Controller function.

Source:

County of Imperial Expenses by Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Expenses	 2012-13	 2013-14	 2014-15	 2015-16	2016-17
Governmental Activities					
General Government	\$ 75,050	\$ 72,633	\$ 94,036	\$ 90,154	\$ 102,646
Public Protection	87,132	88,998	95,155	99,049	107,246
Health & Sanitation	44,515	49,550	50,974	57,534	81,860
Public Assistance	123,267	120,522	137,838	142,358	134,216
Special Districts					
Public Ways & Facilities	19,738	17,227	17,425	16,036	16,381
Interest on long-term liabilities	 5,562	 3,406	 3,610	 4,003	5,007
Total governmental activities expenses	 355,264	 352,336	 399,036	 409,134	447,356
Business Activities					
Airport	1,567	1,458	1,390	2,197	1,196
Landfill	9,723	84	(2,818)	285	296
Sanitation	-	-	-	-	-
County Services Areas, other	 65	79	 40	 2	8
Total business-type activities expenses	 11,355	 1,621	 (1,387)	 2,484	1,500
Total primary government	\$ 366,619	\$ 353,957	\$ 397,649	\$ 411,618	\$ 448,856

Source:

County of Imperial Expenses by Function (Unaudited) (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Expenses	2	2017-18	2018-19	 2019-20	 2020-21		2021-22
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$	93,316	\$ 89,002	\$ 53,838	\$ 56,872	\$	45,552
Public Protection		102,758	107,187	111,786	109,301		105,236
Health & Sanitation		66,361	57,123	52,761	49,367		90,542
Public Assistance		158,413	185,666	185,289	196,620		151,884
Special Districts					583		294
Public Ways & Facilities		14,081	20,871	16,205	17,991		17,495
Interest on long-term liabilities		22,983	 7,861	 1,646	 1,350		2,322
Total governmental activities expenses		457,912	 467,710	 421,525	 432,084		413,325
Business Activities							
Airport		1,297	1,293	1,186	1,079		1,491
Landfill		152	653	9,547	-		-
Sanitation		-	-	5,466	23,213		1,784
County Services Areas, other		7	 8	 -	 15		-
Total business-type activities expenses		1,456	 1,954	 16,199	 24,307		3,275
Total primary government	\$	459,368	\$ 469,664	\$ 437,724	\$ 456,391	\$	416,600

Source:

County of Imperial Net Expense By Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2012-13	2	2013-14	 2014-15	 2015-16	2016-17
Net (Expense) Revenue						
Governmental activities	\$ (96,669)	\$	(72,261)	\$ (119,301)	\$ (125,006)	\$ (103,363)
Business-type activities	(10,641)		(1,059)	3,074	(1,150)	(1,833)
Total primary government net expenses	\$ (107,310)	\$	(73,320)	\$ (116,227)	\$ (126,156)	\$ (105,196)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets:						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 17,632	\$	21,098	\$ 21,306	\$ 23,083	\$ 22,728
Property tax in-lieu	18,006		229	313	270	336
Sales tax	18,418		22,199	19,818	20,927	21,341
Franchises tax	266		23,374	23,477	19,765	18,246
Federal in-lieu	3,291		326	3,403	3,322	3,371
Grants and other governmental revenues not						
restricted to specific programs	39,718		40,682	35,672	50,394	43,593
Investment income (loss)	2,063		1,348	4,353	3,770	1,454
Gain/(Loss) on sale of capital assets	40		26	23	55	416
Other	-		-	-	-	-
Transfers	 (141)		-	 -	 -	-
Total governmental activities	\$ 99,293	\$	109,282	\$ 108,365	\$ 121,586	\$ 111,485
Business-type activities:						
Investment income (loss)	31		24	31	46	50
Other	-		-	-	-	-
Transfers	 141		-	 -	 2,808	-
Total business-type activities	 172		24	 31	 2,854	50
Total primary government	\$ 99,465	\$	109,306	\$ 108,396	\$ 124,440	\$ 111,535
Changes in Net Assets:						
Governmental activities	2,624		37,021	(10,936)	(3,420)	8,122
Business-type activities	 (10,469)		(1,035)	 3,105	 1,704	(1,783)
Total primary government	\$ (7,845)	\$	35,986	\$ (7,830)	\$ (1,716)	\$ 6,339

Source:

County of Imperial Net Expense By Function (Unaudited) (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	-	2017-18	 2018-19	2019-20	2	2020-21	2	021-22
Net (Expense) Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(75,330)	\$ (138,158)	\$ (93,931)	\$	(62,474)	\$	(25,857)
Business-type activities		618	(992)	(10,623)		(21,578)		2,284
Total primary government net expenses	\$	(74,712)	\$ (139,150)	\$ (104,554)	\$	(84,052)	\$	(23,573)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets:								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
Property	\$	22,179	\$ 23,730	\$ 24,934	\$	26,359	\$	27,610
Property tax in-lieu		21,259	22,151	22,631		23,338		23,937
Sales tax		18,456	19,297	16,863		18,227		6,669
Franchises tax		275	262	264		258		318
Federal in-lieu		3,482	3,077	3,166		3,215		3,355
Grants and other governmental revenues not								
restricted to specific programs		35,569	39,214	11,673		6,597		-
Investment income (loss)		1,931	3,358	6,075		1,815		(5,455)
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets		25	18	17		574		(1,045)
Other		-	-	-		-		4,639
Transfers		-	 -	 -		(3,000)		(818)
Total governmental activities	\$	103,176	\$ 111,107	\$ 85,623	\$	77,383	\$	59,210
Business-type activities:								
Investment income (loss)		66	125	302		319		-
Other		-	-	64		85		642
Transfers		-	 -	 -		3,000		818
Total business-type activities		66	 125	 366		3,404		1,460
Total primary government	\$	103,242	\$ 111,232	\$ 85,989	\$	80,787	\$	60,670
Changes in Net Assets:								
Governmental activities		27,846	(27,051)	(8,308)		14,909		33,353
Business-type activities		684	(867)	(13,681)		(18,174)		3,744
Total primary government	\$	28,530	\$ (27,918)	\$ (21,989)	\$	(3,265)	\$	37,097

Source:

County of Imperial Assessed Value of Taxable Property (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year (1) Secured		scal Year (1) Secured (2) Unsecured					(3) Exempt	 Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2012-13	\$	9,968,342,036	\$	1,145,137,280	\$	(400,302,403)	\$ 10,713,176,913	1.00%		
2013-14		10,190,447,988		1,289,213,609		(413,840,163)	11,065,821,434	1.00%		
2014-15		10,946,559,575		1,277,585,294		(419,664,282)	11,804,480,587	1.00%		
2015-16		11,257,809,345		1,282,424,481		(442,810,899)	12,097,422,927	1.00%		
2016-17		11,537,060,844		1,351,234,719		(512,114,118)	12,376,181,445	1.00%		
2017-18		12,173,498,293		1,236,019,921		(525,590,722)	12,883,927,492	1.00%		
2018-19		12,616,527,074		1,392,999,199		(549,212,299)	13,460,313,974	1.00%		
2019-20		13,076,160,766		1,371,754,672		(572,673,176)	13,875,242,262	1.00%		
2020-21		13,460,652,435		1,355,017,345		(589,850,597)	14,225,819,183	1.00%		
2021-22		14,209,340,132		1,431,309,601		(623,664,637)	15,016,985,096	1.00%		

Notes:

- (1) Secured property is generally real property, defined as land, mines, minerals, timber, and improvements such as buildings, structures, crops, trees, and vines.
- (2) Unsecured property is generally personal property including machinery, equipment, office tools, and supplies.
- (3) Exempt properties include numerous full and partial exclusions/exemptions provided by the State Constitution and the legislature that relieve certain taxpayers from the burden of paying property taxes.
- (4) Article XIIIA, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, fixed the base for valuation of property subject to taxes at the full cash value which appeared on the Assessor's 1975/76 assessment roll.

Thereafter, full cash value can be increased to reflect:

a) annual inflation up to 2%; or

b) market value at the time of ownership change; or

c) market value for new construction

Estimated actual value of taxable property cannot easily be determined as the property in the County is not reassessed annually. Reassessment normally occurs when ownership changes.

Source:

Imperial County Auditor-Controller Office - Megabyte System Report "Assessor to Auditor Certified values by TRA"

County of Imperial Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	County Direct Rates	Overlapping	g Rates	
Fiscal Year	Imperial County General	Cities	Schools (1)	Total
2012-13	1.000000%	0.066508%	0.040713%	1.107221%
2013-14	1.000000%	0.065508%	0.032116%	1.097624%
2014-15	1.000000%	0.061190%	0.031979%	1.093169%
2015-16	1.000000%	0.059712%	0.032158%	1.091870%
2016-17	1.000000%	0.089098%	0.026324%	1.115421%
2017-18	1.000000%	0.081455%	0.043465%	1.124920%
2018-19	1.000000%	0.080998%	0.026814%	1.107811%
2019-20	1.000000%	0.079005%	0.029067%	1.108072%
2020-21	1.000000%	0.078500%	0.025690%	1.104190%
2021-22	1.000000%	0.078500%	0.025690%	1.104190%

Notes:

(1) Rates shown represent a weighted average of the various school district tax rate areas within the County of Imperial.

Source:

Imperial County Auditor-Controller Office - Megabyte System Report "Ad Valorem Tax Code Rate"

County of Imperial Principal Revenue Taxpayers (Unaudited) June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2013

	Fiscal year	Ended Jur	ne 30, 2022	Fiscal year	Ended Jur	Ended June 30, 2013		
Taxpayer	Net Assesed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Assessed Value	Net Assesed Value	Rank	Percentage of Net Assessed Value		
San Diego Gas & Electric Company	\$ 447,385,878	1	2.98%					
Southern California Gas Co.	133,619,861	2	0.89%					
Alphabet Farms LLC	143,959,624	3	0.96%					
Magma Power Company	102,975,034	4	0.69%					
United States Gypsum Co.	108,722,486	5	0.72%					
Hudson Ranch Power I LLC	72,129,390	6	0.48%					
Gran Plaza LP	30,050,536	7	0.20%					
RJFP LLC	61,575,818	8	0.41%					
PCG- La Jolla Palms LP	10,166,211	9	0.07%					
North Baja Pipeline, LLC	34,377,344	10	0.23%					
San Diego Gas & Electric Company				\$ 412,911,112	1	3.85%		
Magma Power Company				339,028,474	2	3.16%		
Hudson Ranch Power I LLC				258,460,215	3	2.41%		
National Beef California LP				117,690,040	4	1.10%		
United States Gypsum Co.				83,497,325	5	0.78%		
Western Mesquite Mine Inc.				63,946,442	6	0.60%		
Salton Sea Unit # 5				62,703,639	7	0.59%		
ORCal Geothermal Inc				54,198,108	8	0.51%		
RJFP LLC				46,946,411	9	0.44%		
North Baja Pipeline, LLC				42,910,777	10	0.40%		
Ten Largest Taxpayers	\$ 1,144,962,182		7.62%	\$ 1,482,292,543		13.84%		

Source:

Imperial County Auditor-Controller Office - Megabyte System Report "Top Tax Payers list"

County of Imperial Property Tax Levies and Collections (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		 Collections w fiscal year of				
Fiscal Year	 Total Secured Levy	 Amount	% of Levy	 Delinquent Tax Collections*	 Amount	% of Levy
2012-13	\$ 120,745,974	\$ 113,774,746	94.23%	\$ 5,720,116	\$ 119,494,862	98.96%
2013-14	129,640,049	120,630,164	93.05%	7,224,924	127,855,088	98.62%
2014-15	129,111,365	124,139,440	96.15%	4,235,421	128,374,861	99.43%
2015-16	140,013,734	135,153,886	96.53%	4,631,467	139,785,353	99.84%
2016-17	144,312,538	139,069,022	96.37%	3,411,430	142,480,453	98.73%
2017-18	149,494,731	144,740,575	96.82%	2,909,326	147,649,902	98.77%
2018-19	160,271,263	154,498,938	96.40%	2,837,140	157,336,078	98.17%
2019-20	165,447,027	159,724,955	96.54%	4,220,788	163,945,743	99.09%
2020-21	171,713,553	166,042,334	96.70%	3,244,059	169,286,393	98.59%
2021-22	175,920,765	170,753,103	97.06%	5,017,808	175,770,911	99.91%

* Delinquent taxes reported by year of collection; data by levy year unavailable

Source:

Imperial County Auditor-Controller Office - Megabyte System "Tax Stats Inquiry"

County of Imperial Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands, except per capita amount)

	2	012-13	2	2013-14	 2014-15	2	2015-16	2	2016-17
Governmental Activities:									
Certificates of Participation	\$	8,795	\$	8,445	\$ 8,085	\$	7,710	\$	7,325
Pension Obligation Bonds		51,160		48,205	45,055		41,705		38,130
Notes and Loans		720		630	540		450		360
Lease Liability		-		-	-		-		-
Capital Lease Obligations		10		20	 536		1,852		955
Total Primary Government	\$	60,685	\$	57,300	\$ 54,216	\$	51,717	\$	46,770
Percentage of Personal income (1)		1.11%		1.01%	0.93%		0.85%		0.76%
Per Capita (1)		343		325	301		285		259

(1) See Demographic and Economic Statistics

Source:

Imperial County Auditor-Controller's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report - Notes - Long Term Liabilities section

County of Imperial Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Unaudited) (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands, except per capita amount)

	2	017-18	2	2018-19	2	2019-20	2	2020-21	2	021-22
Governmental Activities:										
Certificates of Participation	\$	6,930	\$	6,520	\$	6,095	\$	5,655	\$	5,195
Pension Obligation Bonds		34,325		30,265		25,935		21,325		19,695
Notes and Loans		270		180		90		-		-
Lease Liability		-		-		-		-		29,119
Capital Lease Obligations		2,574		2,828		2,224		1,701		1,234
Total Primary Government	\$	44,099	\$	39,793	\$	34,344	\$	28,681	\$	55,243
Percentage of Personal income (1)		0.67%		0.59%		0.47%		0.36%		0.64%
Per Capita (1)		241		219		190		159		308

(1) See Demographic and Economic Statistics

Source:

Imperial County Auditor-Controller's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report - Notes - Long Term Liabilities section

County of Imperial Legal Debt Margin as Percentage of Debt Limit (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	AssessedFiscal YearValue (1)		Legal Debt Limit (2)		Debt Applicable to Limit		Legal Debt Margin (3)	Legal Debt Margin/Debt Limit	
2012-13	\$	10,713,177	\$	133,915	-	\$	133,915	100%	
2013-14		11,065,821		138,323	-		138,323	100%	
2014-15		11,804,481		147,556	-		147,556	100%	
2015-16		11,257,809		140,723	-		140,723	100%	
2016-17		11,537,061		144,213	-		144,213	100%	
2017-18		12,173,498		152,169	-		152,169	100%	
2018-19		13,460,313		168,254	-		168,254	100%	
2019-20		13,875,242		173,441	-		173,441	100%	
2020-21		14,255,819		178,198	-		178,198	100%	
2021-22		15,016,985		187,712	-		187,712	100%	

Notes:

(1) Assessed Value does not include tax exempt property. Property value data can be found in the "Assessed Value of Taxable Property" schedule.

(2) California Government Code Section 29909 read in conjunction with Revenue and Taxation Code Section 135 imposes a legal debt limitation for General Obligation Bond indebedness to 1.25% of the total full cash valuation.

(3) The legal debt margin is the County's available borrowing authority under state finance statutes and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

Source:

Imperial County Auditor-Controller Office - Megabyte System Report "Assessor to Auditor Certified values by TRA"

County of Imperial Demographics and Economic Statistics (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2013	179,527	5,690,414	32,225	25.20%
2014	180,998	5,802,217	32,398	23.70%
2015	184,500	6,051,569	33,584	21.80%
2016	186,080	6,172,007	34,122	19.80%
2017	187,921	6,619,469	36,206	19.20%
2018	189,623	6,722,874	36,974	20.70%
2019	188,821	7,329,602	40,447	26.80%
2020	179,702	8,021,811	44,500	17.70%
2021	179,215	8,643,247	48,228	14.70%
2022	179,329	8,075,656	45,188	14.90%

Sources:

(1) State Department of Finance

(2) & (3) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis - Local Data

(4) State of California, Employment Development Department

County of Imperial Employment by Industry (Unaudited) 2022 Annual Averages

Industry	Percentage of County Employment
Services	29.43%
Retail Trade	12.66%
Manufacturing	3.48%
Government	30.70%
Mining and Construction	3.16%
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	2.06%
Wholesale Trade	2.69%
Agriculture	12.18%
Transportation and Public Utilities	3.64%
Total	100.00%

Source:

State of California Employment Development Department.

County of Imperial Full-time Equivalent County Employees by Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Protection	Public Ways & Facilities	Health & Sanitation	Public Assistance	Education	Recreation	Special District	Total
2012-13	240	755	108	469	520	19	6	25	2,141
2013-14	239	707	109	475	596	19	6	25	2,175
2014-15	242	725	130	489	619	19	6	25	2,255
2015-16	245	833	110	566	577	20	6	33	2,390
2016-17	249	841	110	625	588	20	6	33	2,471
2017-18	251	851	110	682	590	22	6	34	2,545
2018-19	254	856	131	748	593	22	0	38	2,642
2019-20	256	862	131	800	593	22	6	38	2,708
2020-21	263	870	112	850	606	23	6	9	2,739
2021-22	262	905	118	903	627	23	7	9	2,854

Source:

Imperial County CEO-GSA - Report "Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function"

County of Imperial Capital Assets Statistics by Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Protection	Public Ways & Facilities	Health & Sanitation	Public Assistance	Education	Total
2012-13	762	864	75	42	38	6	1,787
2013-14	787	856	62	39	36	4	1,784
2014-15	490	985	41	41	37	6	1,600
2015-16	364	1,017	466	41	46	6	1,940
2016-17	813	1,118	562	54	39	6	2,592
2017-18	786	1,121	540	58	40	5	2,550
2018-19	779	1,094	509	1	31	5	2,419
2019-20	771	1,155	518	1	31	5	2,481
2020-21	804	1,162	510	1	1	5	2,483
2021-22	789	1,332	520	14	1	5	2,661

Source:

Imperial County Auditor-Controller - Report "Capital Assets Statistics by Function"